OLC PART 4

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Sent:

Thursday, January 31, 2008 7:17 PM

To:

Ben Powell; Hopkins, Heather A.; Demers, John

Cc:

Livingston, J (Intelligence); Eisenberg, John;

FISA amendments

Subject:

Attachments: HEN08141_xml.pdf; HEN08142_xml.pdf; HEN08143_xml.pdf; HEN08144_xml.pdf;

HEN08147_xml-complete substitute.pdf; HEN08148_xml-managers'amendment.pdf;

HEN08149_xml.pdf; HEN08146_xml.pdf

Attached are the final versions of the six proposed amendments—Feingold FISC orders is 81//. If these are acceptable to DoJ, the DNI, and the White House, please send us an email to that effect. Otherwise, let us know of any problems.

(I am also attaching the latest complete substitute and managers' amendment—neither of these includes the revised Feingold FISC orders amendment.) Exclusive means is still unresolved.

Thanks. Kathleen

AMENDMENT NO.

Calendar No.

Purpose: To clarify that the authority under title VII of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 does not extend to purely domestic communications.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES-110th Cong., 1st Sess.

S. 2248

To amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to modernize and streamline the provisions of that Act, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on ordered to be printed

and

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT intended to be proposed by Mr. ROCKEFELLER (for himself and Mr. BOND)

Viz:

- 1 On page 6, line 13, strike "and" and all that follows
- 2 through page 10, line 5, and insert the following:
- 3 "(4) shall not intentionally acquire any commu-
- 4 nication as to which the sender and all intended re-
- 5 cipients are known at the time of the acquisition to
- 6 be located in the United States; and

1	"(5) shall be conducted in a manner consisten		
2	with the fourth amendment to the Constitution of		
3	the United States.		
4	"(c) CONDUCT OF ACQUISITION.—An acquisition au		
5	thorized under subsection (a) may be conducted only in		
6	accordance with—		
7	"(1) a certification made by the Attorney Gen		
8	eral and the Director of National Intelligence pursu		
9	ant to subsection (f); and		
10	"(2) the targeting and minimization procedures		
11	required pursuant to subsections (d) and (e).		
12	"(d) Targeting Procedures.—		
13	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney		
14	General, in consultation with the Director of Na-		
15	tional Intelligence, shall adopt targeting procedures		
16	that are reasonably designed to ensure that any ac-		
17	quisition authorized under subsection (a) is limited		
18	to targeting persons reasonably believed to be lo-		
19	cated outside the United States and does not result		
20	in the intentional acquisition of any communication		
21	as to which the sender and all intended recipients		
-22	are known at the time of the acquisition to be lo-		
23	cated in the United States.		

I	"(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The procedures re
2	ferred to in paragraph (1) shall be subject to judicia
3	review pursuant to subsection (h).
4	"(e) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—
5	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney
6	General, in consultation with the Director of Na
7	tional Intelligence, shall adopt, consistent with the
8	requirements of section 101(h) or section 301(4)
9	minimization procedures for acquisitions authorized
10	under subsection (a).
1	"(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The minimization
2	procedures required by this subsection shall be sub
3	ject to judicial review pursuant to subsection (h).
4	"(f) CERTIFICATION.—
.5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—
6	"(A) REQUIREMENT.—Subject to subpara-
7	graph (B), prior to the initiation of an acquisi-
8	tion authorized under subsection (a), the Attor-
9	ney General and the Director of National Intel-
0	ligence shall provide, under oath, a written cer-
1	tification, as described in this subsection.
2	"(B) EXCEPTION.—If the Attorney Gen-
3	eral and the Director of National Intelligence
4	determine that immediate action by the Govern-
5	ment is required and time does not permit the

1	preparation of a certification under this sub
2	section prior to the initiation of an acquisition
3	the Attorney General and the Director of Na
4	tional Intelligence shall prepare such certifi-
5	cation, including such determination, as soon as
6	possible but in no event more than 168 hours
7	after such determination is made.
8	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A certification made
9	under this subsection shall—
10	"(A) attest that—
11	"(i) there are reasonable procedures
12	in place for determining that the acquisi-
13	tion authorized under subsection (a) is tar-
14	geted at persons reasonably believed to be
15	located outside the United States and that
16	such procedures have been approved by, or
17	will be submitted in not more than 5 days
18	for approval by, the Foreign Intelligence
19	Surveillance Court pursuant to subsection
20	(h);
21	"(ii) there are reasonable procedures
22	in place for determining that the acquisi-
23	tion authorized under subsection (a) does
24	not result in the intentional acquisition of
25	any communication as to which the sender

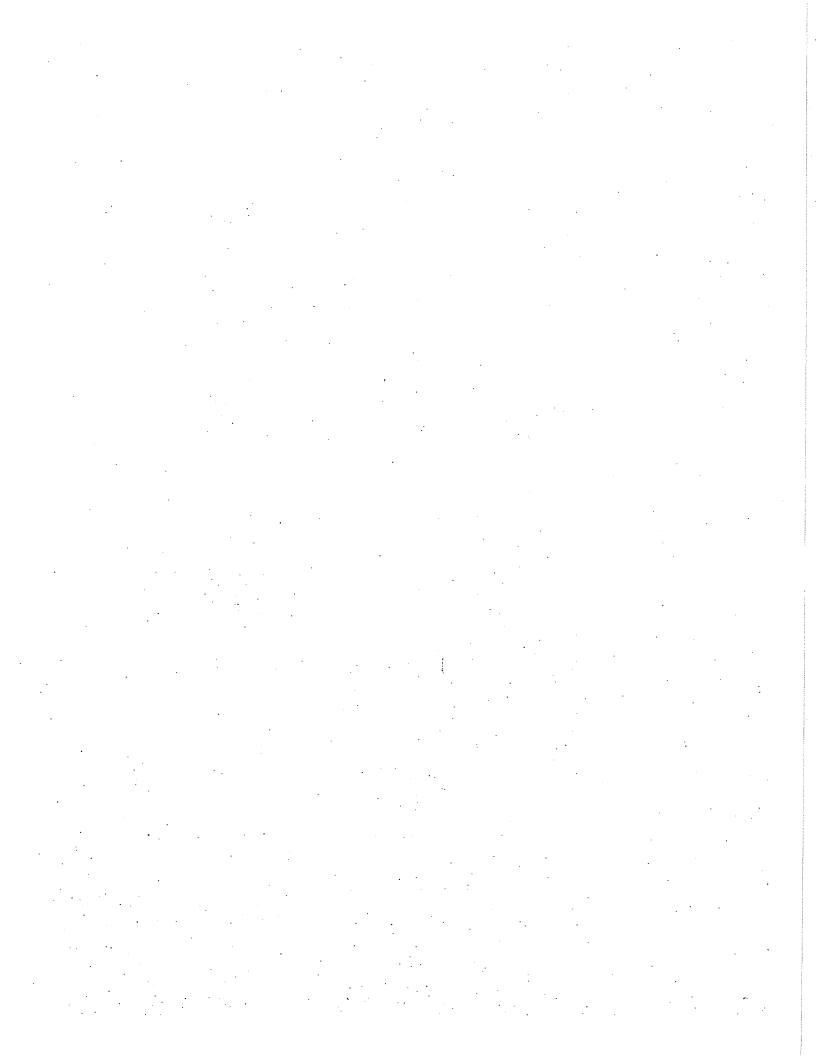
and all intended recipients are known at

2		the time of the acquisition to be located in
3		the United States, and that such proce
4		dures have been approved by, or will be
5		submitted in not more than 5 days for ap
6	•	proval by, the Foreign Intelligence Surveil
7		lance Court pursuant to subsection (h);
8		"(iii) the procedures referred to in
9		clauses (i) and (ii) are consistent with the
10		requirements of the fourth amendment to
11		the Constitution of the United States and
12		do not permit the intentional targeting of
13		any person who is known at the time of ac-
14	•	quisition to be located in the United States
15		or the intentional acquisition of any com-
16		munication as to which the sender and al
17		intended recipients are known at the time
18		of acquisition to be located in the United
19		States;
20		"(iv) a significant purpose of the ac
21		quisition is to obtain foreign intelligence
22		information;
23		"(v) the minimization procedures to
24		be used with respect to such acquisition-

1	"(I) meet the definition of mini-
2	mization procedures under section
3	101(h) or section 301(4); and
4	"(II) have been approved by, or
5	will be submitted in not more than 5
6	days for approval by, the Foreign In-
7	telligence Surveillance Court pursuant
8	to subsection (h);
9	"(vi) the acquisition involves obtaining
10	the foreign intelligence information from or
11	with the assistance of an electronic com-
12	munication service provider; and
13	"(vii) the acquisition does not con-
14	stitute electronic surveillance, as limited by
15	section 701; and

On page 17, line 2, strike "States." and insert "States and does not result in the intentional acquisition of any communication as to which the sender and all intended recipients are known at the time of the acquisition to be located in the United States.".

AMENDMENT NO	Calendar No
Purpose: To strike the time	e limitation for certain appeals.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNIT	TED STATES-110th Cong., 1st Sess.
${f S}$. 2248
	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978, mline the provisions of that Act,
Referred to the Committee	on and
	to be printed
Ordered to lie on the	e table and to be printed
	proposed by Mr. ROCKEFELLER and Mr. BOND)
Viz:	
1 On page 15, beginn	ning on line 10, strike "not later
2 than 7 days after the issu	nance of such decision".



Au	Calendar No
Pu	arpose: To provide for implementation of an order pending appeal.
IN	THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—110th Cong., 1st Sess.
	S. 2248
То	amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to modernize and streamline the provisions of that Act, and for other purposes.
R	Referred to the Committee on and ordered to be printed
	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed
Aı	MENDMENT intended to be proposed by Mr. ROCKEFELLER (for himself and Mr. BOND)
Viz	3:
1	On page 19, strike lines 10 through 12 and insert
2	the following:
3	"(ii) if the Government appeals an
4	order under this section, until the Court of
5	Review enters an order under subpara-
6	graph (C).
7	"(C) IMPLEMENTATION PENDING AP-
8	PEAL.—Not later than 60 days after the filing
9	of an appeal of an order under paragraph
	•

1		(5)(B) directing the correction of a deficiency,
2		the Court of Review shall determine, and enter
3		a corresponding order regarding, whether all or
4 .		any part of the correction order, as issued or
5 ·	•	modified, shall be implemented during the pend-
6		ency of the appeal.

On page 19, line 13, strike "(C)" and insert "(D)".

AM	IENDMENT NO Calendar No
Pu	rpose: To include prohibitions on the international pro- liferation of weapons of mass destruction in the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
IN	THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—110th Cong., 1st Sess.
·	S. 2248
То	amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to modernize and streamline the provisions of that Act, and for other purposes.
D	oformed to the Committee of
·	eferred to the Committee on and ordered to be printed
	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed
AM	TENDMENT intended to be proposed by Mr. ROCKEFELLER (for himself and Mr. BOND)
Viz	
1	On page 70, strike line 1 and insert the following:
2	SEC. 110. WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION.
3	(a) DEFINITIONS.—
4	(1) FOREIGN POWER.—Subsection (a)(4) of sec-
5	tion 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
6	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(a)(4)) is amended by in-
7	serting ", the international proliferation of weapons

. 1	of mass destruction," after "international ter-
2 .	rorism".
3	(2) AGENT OF A FOREIGN POWER.—Subsection
4	(b)(1) of such section 101 is amended—
5	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or"
6	at the end
7 · .	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or"
8	at the end; and
9	(C) by adding at the end the following new
10	subparagraphs:
11	"(D) engages in the international prolifera-
12	tion of weapons of mass destruction, or activi-
13	ties in preparation therefor; or
14	"(E) engages in the international prolifera-
15	tion of weapons of mass destruction, or activi-
16	ties in preparation therefor, for or on behalf of
17	a foreign power; or".
18	(3) Foreign intelligence information.—
19	Subsection (e)(1)(B) of such section 101 is amended
20	by striking "sabotage or international terrorism"
21	and inserting "sabotage, international terrorism, or
22 -	the international proliferation of weapons of mass
23	destruction".

1	(4) WEAPON OF MASS DESTRUCTION.—Such
2	section 101 is amended by inserting after subsection
3	(o) the following:
4	"(p) 'Weapon of mass destruction' means—
5	"(1) any destructive device described in section
6	921(a)(4)(A) of title 18, United States Code, that is
7	intended or has the capability to cause death or seri-
8	ous bodily injury to a significant number of people;
9	"(2) any weapon that is designed or intended to
10	cause death or serious bodily injury through the re-
11	lease, dissemination, or impact of toxic or poisonous
12	chemicals or their precursors;
13	"(3) any weapon involving a biological agent,
14	toxin, or vector (as such terms are defined in section
15	178 of title 18, United States Code); or
16	"(4) any weapon that is designed to release ra-
17	diation or radioactivity at a level dangerous to
18	human life.".
19	(b) Use of Information.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 106(k)(1)(B) of the
21	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
22	U.S.C. 1806(k)(1)(B)) is amended by striking "sab-
23	otage or international terrorism" and inserting "sab-
24	otage, international terrorism, or the international
25	proliferation of weapons of mass destruction".

- 1 (2) PHYSICAL SEARCHES.—Section
- 2 305(k)(1)(B) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1825(k)(1)(B))
- 3 is amended by striking "sabotage or international
- 4 terrorism" and inserting "sabotage, international
- 5 terrorism, or the international proliferation of weap-
- 6 ons of mass destruction".
- 7 (c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
- 8 Section 301(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
- 9 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1821(1)) is amended by inserting
- 10 "'weapon of mass destruction'," after "'person',".
- 11 SEC. 111. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
- 12 On page 84, line 12, strike "and 109" and insert
- 13 "109, and 110".
- On page 87, line 12, strike "and 109" and insert
- 15 "109, and 110".
- On page 87, line 21, strike "and 109" and insert
- 17 "109, and 110".
- On page 88, line 10, strike "and 109" and insert
- 19 "109, and 110".

AM	ENDMENT NO Calendar No
Pu	rpose: To provide a complete substitute.
IN	THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES-110th Cong., 2d Sess.
·	S. 2248
То	amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to modernize and streamline the provisions of that Act, and for other purposes.
	7
\mathbf{R}	eferred to the Committee on and ordered to be printed
	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed
AM	TENDMENT intended to be proposed by Mr. ROCKEFELLER (for himself and Mr. BOND)
Viz	
1	Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-
2	lowing:
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
4	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5	"Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 Amend-
6	ments Act of 2008" or the "FISA Amendments Act of
7	2008".
. 8	(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
9	this Act is as follows:
	Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I-FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE

- Sec. 101. Additional procedures regarding certain persons outside the United States.
- Sec. 102. Statement of exclusive means by which electronic surveillance and interception of domestic communications may be conducted.
- Sec. 103. Submittal to Congress of certain court orders under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 104. Applications for court orders.
- Sec. 105. Issuance of an order.
- Sec. 106. Use of information.
- Sec. 107. Amendments for physical searches.
- Sec. 108. Amendments for emergency pen registers and trap and trace devices.
- Sec. 109. Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court.
- Sec. 110. Weapons of mass destruction.
- Sec. 111. Technical and conforming amendments.

TITLE II—PROTECTIONS FOR ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE PROVIDERS

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Limitations on civil actions for electronic communication service providers.
- Sec. 203. Procedures for implementing statutory defenses under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 204. Preemption of State investigations.
- Sec. 205. Technical amendments.

TITLE III-OTHER PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. Severability.

1

Sec. 302. Effective date; repeal; transition procedures.

TITLE I—FOREIGN

INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE

- 3 SEC. 101. ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES REGARDING CERTAIN
- 4 PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
- 6 lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended—
- 7 (1) by striking title VII; and
- 8 (2) by adding after title VI the following new
- 9 title:

1	"TITLE VII—ADDITIONAL PROCE-
2	DURES REGARDING CERTAIN
3	PERSONS OUTSIDE THE
4	UNITED STATES
5	"SEC. 701. LIMITATION ON DEFINITION OF ELECTRONIC
6	SURVEILLANCE.
7	"Nothing in the definition of electronic surveillance
8.	under section 101(f) shall be construed to encompass sur-
9	veillance that is targeted in accordance with this title at
10	a person reasonably believed to be located outside the
11	United States.
12	"SEC. 702. DEFINITIONS.
13	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The terms 'agent of a foreign
14	power', 'Attorney General', 'contents', 'electronic surveil-
15	lance', 'foreign intelligence information', 'foreign power',
16	'minimization procedures', 'person', 'United States', and
17.	'United States person' shall have the meanings given such
18	terms in section 101, except as specifically provided in this
19	title.
20	"(b) Additional Definitions.—
21	"(1) Congressional intelligence commit-
22	TEES.—The term 'congressional intelligence commit-
23	tees' means—
24	"(A) the Select Committee on Intelligence
25	of the Senate; and

1	"(B) the Permanent Select Committee on
2	Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
3	"(2) Foreign intelligence surveillance
4	COURT; COURT.—The terms 'Foreign Intelligence
5	Surveillance Court' and 'Court' mean the court es-
6	tablished by section 103(a).
7	"(3) Foreign intelligence surveillance
8	COURT OF REVIEW; COURT OF REVIEW.—The terms
9	'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review'
10	and 'Court of Review' mean the court established by
11	section 103(b).
12	"(4) ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE
13	PROVIDER.—The term 'electronic communication
14	service provider' means—
15	"(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
16	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
17	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);
18	"(B) a provider of electronic communica-
19	tion service, as that term is defined in section
20	2510 of title 18, United States Code;
21	"(C) a provider of a remote computing
22	service, as that term is defined in section 2711
23	of title 18, United States Code;
24	"(D) any other communication service pro-
25	vider who has access to wire or electronic com-

1	munications either as such communications are
2	transmitted or as such communications are
3	stored; or
4	"(E) an officer, employee, or agent of an
5	entity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
6	or (D).
7	"(5) Element of the intelligence commu-
8	NITY.—The term 'element of the intelligence com-
9	munity' means an element of the intelligence com-
1Ó	munity specified in or designated under section 3(4)
11	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
12	401a(4)).
13	"SEC. 703. PROCEDURES FOR TARGETING CERTAIN PER-
14	SONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES OTHER
15	THAN UNITED STATES PERSONS.
16	"(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other
17	law, the Attorney General and the Director of National
18	Intelligence may authorize jointly, for periods of up to 1
19	year, the targeting of persons reasonably believed to be
20	located outside the United States to acquire foreign intel-
21	ligence information.
22	"(b) LIMITATIONS.—An acquisition authorized under
23	subsection (a)—

1	"(1) may not intentionally target any person
2	known at the time of acquisition to be located in the
3	United States;
4	"(2) may not intentionally target a person rea-
5	sonably believed to be located outside the United
6	States if the purpose of such acquisition is to target
7	a particular, known person reasonably believed to be
8	in the United States, except in accordance with title
9	I or title III;
10	"(3) may not intentionally target a United
11	States person reasonably believed to be located out-
12	side the United States, except in accordance with
13	sections 704, 705, or 706;
14	"(4) shall not intentionally acquire any commu-
15	nication as to which the sender and all intended re-
16	cipients are known at the time of the acquisition to
17	be located in the United States; and
18	"(5) shall be conducted in a manner consistent
19	with the fourth amendment to the Constitution of
20	the United States.
21	"(c) CONDUCT OF ACQUISITION.—An acquisition au-
22	thorized under subsection (a) may be conducted only in
23	accordance with—

1	"(1) a certification made by the Attorney Gen-
2	eral and the Director of National Intelligence pursu-
3	ant to subsection (f); and
4	"(2) the targeting and minimization procedures
5	required pursuant to subsections (d) and (e).
6	"(d) TARGETING PROCEDURES.—
7	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney
8	General, in consultation with the Director of Na-
9	tional Intelligence, shall adopt targeting procedures
10	that are reasonably designed to ensure that any ac-
11	quisition authorized under subsection (a) is limited
12	to targeting persons reasonably believed to be lo-
13	cated outside the United States and does not result
4	in the intentional acquisition of any communication
ļ 5 .	as to which the sender and all intended recipients
6	are known at the time of the acquisition to be lo-
7 .	cated in the United States.
8	"(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The procedures re-
9	ferred to in paragraph (1) shall be subject to judicial
20	review pursuant to subsection (h).
21	"(e) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—
22	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney
23	General, in consultation with the Director of Na-
24	tional Intelligence, shall adopt, consistent with the
25	requirements of section 101(h) or section 301(4),

1	minimization procedures for acquisitions authorized
2	under subsection (a).
3	"(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The minimization
4	procedures required by this subsection shall be sub-
5	ject to judicial review pursuant to subsection (h).
6	"(f) CERTIFICATION.—
7	"(1) In general.—
8	"(A) REQUIREMENT.—Subject to subpara-
9	graph (B), prior to the initiation of an acquisi-
10	tion authorized under subsection (a), the Attor-
11	ney General and the Director of National Intel-
12	ligence shall provide, under oath, a written cer-
13	tification, as described in this subsection.
14	"(B) EXCEPTION.—If the Attorney Gen-
15	eral and the Director of National Intelligence
16	determine that immediate action by the Govern-
17	ment is required and time does not permit the
18	preparation of a certification under this sub-
19	section prior to the initiation of an acquisition
20	the Attorney General and the Director of Na
21	tional Intelligence shall prepare such certifi
22	cation, including such determination, as soon as
23	possible but in no event more than 168 hours
24	after such determination is made.

1	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A certification made
2	under this subsection shall—
3	"(A) attest that—
4	"(i) there are reasonable procedures
5	in place for determining that the acquisi-
6	tion authorized under subsection (a) is tar-
7.	geted at persons reasonably believed to be
8	located outside the United States and that
9	such procedures have been approved by, or
10	will be submitted in not more than 5 days
11	for approval by, the Foreign Intelligence
12	Surveillance Court pursuant to subsection
13	(h);
l 4	"(ii) there are reasonable procedures
L 5	in place for determining that the acquisi-
16	tion authorized under subsection (a) does
17	not result in the intentional acquisition of
18	any communication as to which the sender
19	and all intended recipients are known at
20	the time of the acquisition to be located in
21	the United States, and that such proce-
22	dures have been approved by, or will be
23	submitted in not more than 5 days for ap-
24	proval by, the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
25	lance Court pursuant to subsection (h);

1		"(iii) the procedures referred to in
2		clauses (i) and (ii) are consistent with the
3		requirements of the fourth amendment to
4		the Constitution of the United States and
5.		do not permit the intentional targeting of
6		any person who is known at the time of ac-
7	•	quisition to be located in the United States
8		or the intentional acquisition of any com-
9		munication as to which the sender and all
10		intended recipients are known at the time
11		of acquisition to be located in the United
12		States;
13	•	"(iv) a significant purpose of the ac-
14	•	quisition is to obtain foreign intelligence
15	.*	information;
16		"(v) the minimization procedures to
17	,	be used with respect to such acquisition—
18		"(I) meet the definition of mini-
19 ·	• .	mization procedures under section
20		101(h) or section 301(4); and
21		"(II) have been approved by, or
22	•	will be submitted in not more than 5
23		days for approval by, the Foreign In-
24		telligence Surveillance Court pursuant
25	•	to subsection (h);

1	"(vi) the acquisition involves obtaining
2	the foreign intelligence information from or
3	with the assistance of an electronic com-
4	munication service provider; and
5	"(vii) the acquisition does not con-
6	stitute electronic surveillance, as limited by
7	section 701; and
8	"(B) be supported, as appropriate, by the
9	affidavit of any appropriate official in the area
10	of national security who is—
11	"(i) appointed by the President, by
12	and with the consent of the Senate; or
13	"(ii) the head of any element of the
14	intelligence community.
15	"(3) LIMITATION.—A certification made under
16	this subsection is not required to identify the specific
17	facilities, places, premises, or property at which the
18	acquisition authorized under subsection (a) will be
19	directed or conducted.
20	"(4) SUBMISSION TO THE COURT.—The Attor-
21	ney General shall transmit a copy of a certification
22	made under this subsection, and any supporting affi-
23	davit, under seal to the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
24	lance Court as soon as possible, but in no event
25	more than 5 days after such certification is made.

1	Such certification shall be maintained under security
2	measures adopted by the Chief Justice of the United
3	States and the Attorney General, in consultation
4	with the Director of National Intelligence.
5	"(5) REVIEW.—The certification required by
6	this subsection shall be subject to judicial review
7	pursuant to subsection (h).
.8	"(g) DIRECTIVES AND JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DIREC-
. 9	TIVES.—
10	"(1) AUTHORITY.—With respect to an acquisi-
11.	tion authorized under subsection (a), the Attorney
12	General and the Director of National Intelligence
1,3	may direct, in writing, an electronic communication
14	service provider to—
15	"(A) immediately provide the Government
16	with all information, facilities, or assistance
17	necessary to accomplish the acquisition in a
18	manner that will protect the secrecy of the ac-
19	quisition and produce a minimum of inter-
20	ference with the services that such electronic
21	communication service provider is providing to
22	the target; and
23	"(B) maintain under security procedures
24	approved by the Attorney General and the Di-
25	rector of National Intelligence any records con-

1	cerning the acquisition or the aid furnished that
2	such electronic communication service provider
3	wishes to maintain.
4	"(2) COMPENSATION.—The Government shall
5	compensate, at the prevailing rate, an electronic
6	communication service provider for providing infor-
7	mation, facilities, or assistance pursuant to para-
8	graph (1).
9	"(3) RELEASE FROM LIABILITY.—Notwith-
10	standing any other law, no cause of action shall lie
11	in any court against any electronic communication
12	service provider for providing any information, facili-
13	ties, or assistance in accordance with a directive
14	issued pursuant to paragraph (1).
15	"(4) CHALLENGING OF DIRECTIVES.—
16	"(A) AUTHORITY TO CHALLENGE.—An
17	electronic communication service provider re-
18	ceiving a directive issued pursuant to paragraph
19	(1) may challenge the directive by filing a peti-
20	tion with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
21	Court, which shall have jurisdiction to review
22	such a petition.
23	"(B) Assignment.—The presiding judge
24	of the Court shall assign the petition filed
25	under subparagraph (A) to 1 of the judges serv-

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ing in the pool established by section 103(e)(1) not later than 24 hours after the filing of the petition.

"(C) STANDARDS FOR REVIEW.—A judge considering a petition to modify or set aside a directive may grant such petition only if the judge finds that the directive does not meet the requirements of this section, or is otherwise unlawful.

"(D) PROCEDURES FOR INITIAL VIEW.—A judge shall conduct an initial review not later than 5 days after being assigned a petition described in subparagraph (C). If the judge determines that the petition consists of claims, defenses, or other legal contentions that are not warranted by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for extending, modifying, or reversing existing law or for establishing new law, the judge shall immediately deny the petition and affirm the directive or any part of the directive that is the subject of the petition and order the recipient to comply with the directive or any part of it. Upon making such a determination or promptly thereafter, the judge shall provide a written statement for the record of

1	the reasons for a determination under this sub-
2	paragraph.
3	"(E) PROCEDURES FOR PLENARY RE-
4	VIEW.—If a judge determines that a petition
5	described in subparagraph (C) requires plenary
6	review, the judge shall affirm, modify, or set
7	aside the directive that is the subject of that pe-
8	tition not later than 30 days after being as-
9	signed the petition, unless the judge, by order
0	for reasons stated, extends that time as nec-
1	essary to comport with the due process clause
12	of the fifth amendment to the Constitution of
13	the United States. Unless the judge sets aside
14	the directive, the judge shall immediately affirm
15	or affirm with modifications the directive, and
16	order the recipient to comply with the directive
7	in its entirety or as modified. The judge shall
8	provide a written statement for the records of
. 9	the reasons for a determination under this sub-
20	paragraph.
21	"(F) CONTINUED EFFECT.—Any directive
22	not explicitly modified or set aside under this
23	paragraph shall remain in full effect.
24	"(G) CONTEMPT OF COURT.—Failure to
25	obey an order of the Court issued under this

1	paragraph may be punished by the Court a
2	contempt of court.
3	"(5) Enforcement of directives.—
4	"(A) ORDER TO COMPEL.—In the case of
5	a failure to comply with a directive issued pur
6	suant to paragraph (1), the Attorney Genera
7	may file a petition for an order to compel com
8	pliance with the directive with the Foreign Ir
9	telligence Surveillance Court, which shall have
10	jurisdiction to review such a petition.
11	"(B) Assignment.—The presiding judg
12	of the Court shall assign a petition filed under
13	subparagraph (A) to 1 of the judges serving i
14	the pool established by section 103(e)(1) no
15	later than 24 hours after the filing of the pet
16	tion.
17	"(C) STANDARDS FOR REVIEW.—A judg
18	considering a petition filed under subparagrap
19	(A) shall issue an order requiring the electroni
20	communication service provider to comply wit
21	the directive or any part of it, as issued or a
22.	modified, if the judge finds that the directiv
23	meets the requirements of this section, and i

otherwise lawful.

1	"(D) PROCEDURES FOR REVIEW.—The
2	judge shall render a determination not later
3	than 30 days after being assigned a petition
4	filed under subparagraph (A), unless the judge,
5	by order for reasons stated, extends that time
6	if necessary to comport with the due process
7	clause of the fifth amendment to the Constitu-
·.8	tion of the United States. The judge shall pro-
9	vide a written statement for the record of the
10	reasons for a determination under this para-
1.1	graph.
12.	"(E) CONTEMPT OF COURT.—Failure to
13	obey an order of the Court issued under this
14	paragraph may be punished by the Court as
15	contempt of court.
16	"(F) PROCESS.—Any process under this
17	paragraph may be served in any judicial district
18	in which the electronic communication service
19	provider may be found.
20	"(6) APPEAL.—
21	"(A) APPEAL TO THE COURT OF RE-
22	view.—The Government or an electronic com-
23	munication service provider receiving a directive
24	issued pursuant to paragraph (1) may file a pe-
25	tition with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance

1	Court of Review for review of the decision
2	issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5). Th
3	Court of Review shall have jurisdiction to con
4	sider such a petition and shall provide a writte
5	statement for the record of the reasons for
6	decision under this paragraph.
7	"(B) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREM
8	COURT.—The Government or an electronic com
9	munication service provider receiving a directiv
10	issued pursuant to paragraph (1) may file a pe
11	tition for a writ of certiorari for review of th
12	decision of the Court of Review issued unde
13	subparagraph (A). The record for such review
14	shall be transmitted under seal to the Suprem-
15	Court of the United States, which shall have ju
16	risdiction to review such decision.
17	"(h) Judicial Review of Certifications and
	Procedures.—
9	"(1) In general.—
20	"(A) REVIEW BY THE FOREIGN INTEL
21	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.—The Foreign
22	Intelligence Surveillance Court shall have juris
23	diction to review any certification required by
24	subsection (e) and the targeting and minimiza

1	tion procedures adopted pursuant to subsections
2	(d) and (e).
3	"(B) SUBMISSION TO THE COURT.—The
4	Attorney General shall submit to the Court any
. 5	such certification or procedure, or amendment
6	thereto, not later than 5 days after making or
7	amending the certification or adopting or
8	amending the procedures.
9	"(2) CERTIFICATIONS.—The Court shall review
10	a certification provided under subsection (f) to deter-
11	mine whether the certification contains all the re-
12	quired elements.
13	"(3) TARGETING PROCEDURES.—The Court
14	shall review the targeting procedures required by
15	subsection (d) to assess whether the procedures are
16	reasonably designed to ensure that the acquisition
17	authorized under subsection (a) is limited to the tar-
18	geting of persons reasonably believed to be located
19	outside the United States and does not result in the
20	intentional acquisition of any communication as to
21	which the sender and all intended recipients are
22	known at the time of the acquisition to be located
23	in the United States.
24	"(4) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—The Court
25	shall review the minimization procedures required by

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1	subsection (e) to assess whether such procedures
2	meet the definition of minimization procedures
3	under section 101(h) or section 301(4).
4	"(5) Orders.—
5	"(A) APPROVAL.—If the Court finds that
. 6	a certification required by subsection (f) con-
7	tains all of the required elements and that the
8	targeting and minimization procedures required
9	by subsections (d) and (e) are consistent with
10	the requirements of those subsections and with
11	the fourth amendment to the Constitution of
12	the United States, the Court shall enter an
13	order approving the continued use of the proce-
14	dures for the acquisition authorized under sub-
15	section (a).
.16.	"(B) Correction of Deficiencies.—If
17	the Court finds that a certification required by
18	subsection (f) does not contain all of the re-
19	quired elements, or that the procedures re-
20.	quired by subsections (d) and (e) are not con-
21	sistent with the requirements of those sub-

sections or the fourth amendment to the Con-

stitution of the United States, the Court shall

issue an order directing the Government to, at

1 .	the Government's election and to the extent re-
2 .	quired by the Court's order—
3	"(i) correct any deficiency identified
4	by the Court's order not later than 30 days
5	after the date the Court issues the order;
6	or
7	"(ii) cease the acquisition authorized
8	under subsection (a).
9	"(C) REQUIREMENT FOR WRITTEN STATE-
10	MENT.—In support of its orders under this sub-
11	section, the Court shall provide, simultaneously
12	with the orders, for the record a written state-
13	ment of its reasons.
14	"(6) APPEAL.—
15	"(A) APPEAL TO THE COURT OF RE-
16	VIEW.—The Government may appeal any order
17	under this section to the Foreign Intelligence
18	Surveillance Court of Review, which shall have
19	jurisdiction to review such order. For any deci-
20	sion affirming, reversing, or modifying an order
21	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court,
22	the Court of Review shall provide for the record
23	a written statement of its reasons.
24	"(B) CONTINUATION OF ACQUISITION
25	PENDING REHEARING OR APPEAL.—Any acqui-

Ţ	sitions affected by an order under paragraph
2	(5)(B) may continue—
3	"(i) during the pendency of any re-
4	hearing of the order by the Court en banc;
5 · ·	and
6	"(ii) if the Government appeals an
7	order under this section, until the Court of
8	Review enters an order under subpara-
9	graph (C).
10	"(C) IMPLEMENTATION PENDING AP-
11	PEAL.—Not later than 60 days after the filing
12	of an appeal of an order under paragraph
13	(5)(B) directing the correction of a deficiency,
14	the Court of Review shall determine, and enter
15	a corresponding order regarding, whether all or
16	any part of the correction order, as issued or
17	modified, shall be implemented during the pend-
18	ency of the appeal.
19	"(D) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME
20	COURT.—The Government may file a petition
21	for a writ of certiorari for review of a decision
22	of the Court of Review issued under subpara-
23	graph (A). The record for such review shall be
24	transmitted under seal to the Supreme Court of

1	the United States, which shall have jurisdiction
2	to review such decision.
3	"(i) EXPEDITED JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.—Judicial
4	proceedings under this section shall be conducted as expe-
5	ditiously as possible.
6	"(j) Maintenance and Security of Records and
.7	Proceedings.—
8	"(1) STANDARDS.—A record of a proceeding
9	under this section, including petitions filed, orders
10	granted, and statements of reasons for decision,
11	shall be maintained under security measures adopted
12	by the Chief Justice of the United States, in con-
13	sultation with the Attorney General and the Director
14	of National Intelligence.
15	"(2) FILING AND REVIEW.—All petitions under
16	this section shall be filed under seal. In any pro-
17	ceedings under this section, the court shall, upon re-
8	quest of the Government, review ex parte and in
9	camera any Government submission, or portions of
20	a submission, which may include classified informa-
21	tion.
22	"(3) RETENTION OF RECORDS.—A directive
23	made or an order granted under this section shall be
24	retained for a period of not less than 10 years from

1	the date on which such directive or such order is
2	made.
3	"(k) Assessments and Reviews.—
4	"(1) SEMIANNUAL ASSESSMENT.—Not less fre-
5	quently than once every 6 months, the Attorney
6	General and Director of National Intelligence shall
7	assess compliance with the targeting and minimiza-
8	tion procedures required by subsections (e) and (f)
9	and shall submit each such assessment to-
10	"(A) the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
11	Court; and
12	"(B) the congressional intelligence commit-
13	tees.
14	"(2) AGENCY ASSESSMENT.—The Inspectors
15	General of the Department of Justice and of any
16	element of the intelligence community authorized to
17.	acquire foreign intelligence information under sub-
18	section (a) with respect to their department, agency,
19	or element—
20	"(A) are authorized to review the compli-
21	ance with the targeting and minimization proce-
22	dures required by subsections (d) and (e);
23	"(B) with respect to acquisitions author-
24	ized under subsection (a), shall review the num-
25	ber of disseminated intelligence reports con-

*	taining a reference to a United States person
2	identity and the number of United States per
.3	son identities subsequently disseminated by the
4	element concerned in response to requests for
5	identities that were not referred to by name or
6	title in the original reporting;
7	"(C) with respect to acquisitions author
8	ized under subsection (a), shall review the num
9	ber of targets that were later determined to be
	located in the United States and, to the extent
1	possible, whether their communications were re-
2	viewed; and
.3	"(D) shall provide each such review to—
.4	"(i) the Attorney General;
.5	"(ii) the Director of National Intel
6	ligence; and
7	"(iii) the congressional intelligence
.8	committees.
9	"(3) Annual review.—
20	"(A) REQUIREMENT TO CONDUCT.—The
1 = .	head of an element of the intelligence commu-
2	nity conducting an acquisition authorized under
.3	subsection (a) shall direct the element to con-
4	duct an annual review to determine whether
25	there is reason to believe that foreign intel-

1	ligence information has been or will be obtained
2	from the acquisition. The annual review shall
3	provide, with respect to such acquisitions au-
4	thorized under subsection (a)—
5 .	"(i) an accounting of the number of
6	disseminated intelligence reports con-
7	taining a reference to a United States per-
8	son identity;
9	"(ii) an accounting of the number of
10	United States person identities subse-
11	quently disseminated by that element in re-
12	sponse to requests for identities that were
13	not referred to by name or title in the
14	original reporting;
15	"(iii) the number of targets that were
16	later determined to be located in the
17	United States and, to the extent possible,
18	whether their communications were re-
19	viewed; and
20	"(iv) a description of any procedures
21	developed by the head of an element of the
22	intelligence community and approved by
23	the Director of National Intelligence to as-
24	sess, in a manner consistent with national
25	security, operational requirements and the

1	privacy interests of United States persons,
2	the extent to which the acquisitions au-
3	thorized under subsection (a) acquire the
. 4	communications of United States persons,
5	as well as the results of any such assess-
6	ment.
7	"(B) USE OF REVIEW.—The head of each
8	element of the intelligence community that con-
9	ducts an annual review under subparagraph (A)
10	shall use each such review to evaluate the ade-
11	quacy of the minimization procedures utilized
12	by such element or the application of the mini-
13	mization procedures to a particular acquisition
14	authorized under subsection (a).
15	"(C) Provision of Review.—The head of
16	each element of the intelligence community that
17	conducts an annual review under subparagraph
18	(A) shall provide such review to—
19	"(i) the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
20	lance Court;
21	"(ii) the Attorney General;
·22	"(iii) the Director of National Intel-
23	ligence; and
24	"(iv) the congressional intelligence
25	committees,

1	"SEC. 704. CERTAIN ACQUISITIONS INSIDE THE UNITED
2	STATES OF UNITED STATES PERSONS OUT
3	SIDE THE UNITED STATES.
4	"(a) Jurisdiction of the Foreign Intelligence
5	SURVEILLANCE COURT.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Foreign Intelligence
7	Surveillance Court shall have jurisdiction to enter an
8	order approving the targeting of a United States
9	person reasonably believed to be located outside the
10	United States to acquire foreign intelligence infor-
11	mation, if such acquisition constitutes electronic sur-
12	veillance (as defined in section 101(f), regardless of
13	the limitation of section 701) or the acquisition of
14	stored electronic communications or stored electronic
15	data that requires an order under this Act, and such
16	acquisition is conducted within the United States.
17	"(2) LIMITATION.—In the event that a United
18	States person targeted under this subsection is rea-
19	sonably believed to be located in the United States
20	during the pendency of an order issued pursuant to
21	subsection (c), such acquisition shall cease until au-
22	thority, other than under this section, is obtained
23	pursuant to this Act or the targeted United States
24	person is again reasonably believed to be located out-
25	side the United States during the pendency of an
26	order issued pursuant to subsection (c).

-	(b) In Librarion.
2	"(1) In GENERAL.—Each application for an
3	order under this section shall be made by a Federal
4	officer in writing upon oath or affirmation to a
. 5	judge having jurisdiction under subsection (a)(1).
6	Each application shall require the approval of the
7	Attorney General based upon the Attorney General's
8	finding that it satisfies the criteria and requirements
9	of such application, as set forth in this section, and
10	shall include—
11	"(A) the identity of the Federal officer
12	making the application;
13	"(B) the identity, if known, or a descrip-
14	tion of the United States person who is the tar-
15	get of the acquisition;
16	"(C) a statement of the facts and cir-
17	cumstances relied upon to justify the appli-
18	cant's belief that the United States person who
19	is the target of the acquisition is—
20	"(i) a person reasonably believed to be
21	located outside the United States; and
22	"(ii) a foreign power, an agent of a
23	foreign power, or an officer or employee of
24	a foreign power;

	, (1) a statement of the proposed mim-
2	mization	procedures consistent with the require-
3	ments o	f section 101(h) or section 301(4);
4	"(E	2) a description of the nature of the in-
5	formation	on sought and the type of communica-
6	tions or	activities to be subjected to acquisition;
7	"(F	') a certification made by the Attorney
8	General	or an official specified in section
9	104(a)(6	6) that—
10	•	"(i) the certifying official deems the
11	info	ormation sought to be foreign intel-
12	lige	nce information;
13		"(ii) a significant purpose of the ac-
14	qui	sition is to obtain foreign intelligence
15	info	ormation;
16		"(iii) such information cannot reason-
17	ably	be obtained by normal investigative
18	tech	nniques;
19		"(iv) designates the type of foreign in-
20	telli	gence information being sought accord-
21	ing	to the categories described in section
22	101	(e); and
23		"(v) includes a statement of the basis
24	for	the certification that—

. 1	"(I) the information sought is
2	the type of foreign intelligence infor-
3	mation designated; and
4	"(II) such information cannot
5.	reasonably be obtained by normal in-
6	vestigative techniques;
7	"(G) a summary statement of the means
8	by which the acquisition will be conducted and
9	whether physical entry is required to effect the
10	acquisition;
11	"(H) the identity of any electronic commu-
12	nication service provider necessary to effect the
13	acquisition, provided, however, that the applica-
14	tion is not required to identify the specific fa-
15	cilities, places, premises, or property at which
16	the acquisition authorized under this section
17	will be directed or conducted;
18	"(I) a statement of the facts concerning
19	any previous applications that have been made
20	to any judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
21	lance Court involving the United States person
22	specified in the application and the action taken
23	on each previous application; and
24	"(J) a statement of the period of time for
25	which the acquisition is required to be main-
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Ţ	tained, provided that such period of time shall
2	not exceed 90 days per application.
3	"(2) OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THE ATTOR-
4	NEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General may require
5	any other affidavit or certification from any other
6	officer in connection with the application.
7	"(3) OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THE JUDGE.—
8	The judge may require the applicant to furnish such
9	other information as may be necessary to make the
10	findings required by subsection (c)(1).
11	"(c) Order.—
12	"(1) FINDINGS.—Upon an application made
13	pursuant to subsection (b), the Foreign Intelligence
14	Surveillance Court shall enter an ex parte order as
15	requested or as modified approving the acquisition if
16	the Court finds that—
17	"(A) the application has been made by a
18	Federal officer and approved by the Attorney
19	General;
20	"(B) on the basis of the facts submitted by
21	the applicant, for the United States person who
22	is the target of the acquisition, there is prob-
2:3	able cause to believe that the target is—
24	"(i) a person reasonably believed to be
25	located outside the United States; and

1.	"(ii) a foreign power, an agent of a
2 .	foreign power, or an officer or employee of
3	a foreign power;
4	"(C) the proposed minimization procedures
5	meet the definition of minimization procedures
6	under section 101(h) or section 301(4); and
7	"(D) the application which has been filed
8.	contains all statements and certifications re-
9	quired by subsection (b) and the certification or
10	certifications are not clearly erroneous on the
11	basis of the statement made under subsection
12	(b)(1)(F)(v) and any other information fur-
13	nished under subsection (b)(3).
14	"(2) PROBABLE CAUSE.—In determining
15	whether or not probable cause exists for purposes of
16	an order under paragraph (1), a judge having juris-
17	diction under subsection (a)(1) may consider past
18	activities of the target, as well as facts and cir-
19	cumstances relating to current or future activities of
20	the target. However, no United States person may
21	be considered a foreign power, agent of a foreign
22	power, or officer or employee of a foreign power
23	solely upon the basis of activities protected by the
24	first amendment to the Constitution of the United
25	States.

(f).

1		"(3) REVIEW.—
2		"(A) Limitation on review.—Review by
. 3		a judge having jurisdiction under subsection
4		(a)(1) shall be limited to that required to make
5	•	the findings described in paragraph (1).
6		"(B) REVIEW OF PROBABLE CAUSE.—If
7	•	the judge determines that the facts submitted
8		under subsection (b) are insufficient to estab-
9		lish probable cause to issue an order under
10		paragraph (1), the judge shall enter an order so
11		stating and provide a written statement for the
12		record of the reasons for such determination.
13		The Government may appeal an order under
14	•	this clause pursuant to subsection (f).
15	•	"(C) REVIEW OF MINIMIZATION PROCE-
16		DURES.—If the judge determines that the pro-
17		posed minimization procedures required under
18		paragraph (1)(C) do not meet the definition of
19	•	minimization procedures under section 101(h)
20		or section 301(4), the judge shall enter an
21		order so stating and provide a written state-
22		ment for the record of the reasons for such de-
23		termination. The Government may appeal an

order under this clause pursuant to subsection

1	"(D) REVIEW OF CERTIFICATION.—If the
2	judge determines that an application required
3	by subsection (2) does not contain all of the re-
4	quired elements, or that the certification or cer-
5	tifications are clearly erroneous on the basis of
6	the statement made under subsection
7	(b)(1)(F)(v) and any other information fur-
8	nished under subsection (b)(3), the judge shall
9	enter an order so stating and provide a written
10	statement for the record of the reasons for such
11	determination. The Government may appeal an
12	order under this clause pursuant to subsection
13	(f).
14	"(4) Specifications.—An order approving an
15	acquisition under this subsection shall specify—
16	"(A) the identity, if known, or a descrip-
17	tion of the United States person who is the tar-
18	get of the acquisition identified or described in
19	the application pursuant to subsection
20	(b)(1)(B);
21	"(B) if provided in the application pursu-
22	ant to subsection (b)(1)(H), the nature and lo-
23	cation of each of the facilities or places at
24	which the acquisition will be directed;

1	"(C) the nature of the information sought
2	to be acquired and the type of communications
3	or activities to be subjected to acquisition;
4	"(D) the means by which the acquisition
5	will be conducted and whether physical entry is
6	required to effect the acquisition; and
7	"(E) the period of time during which the
8	acquisition is approved.
9	"(5) DIRECTIONS.—An order approving acquisi-
10	tions under this subsection shall direct—
11.	"(A) that the minimization procedures be
12	followed;
13	"(B) an electronic communication service
14	provider to provide to the Government forthwith
15	all information, facilities, or assistance nec-
16	essary to accomplish the acquisition authorized
17	under this subsection in a manner that will pro-
18	tect the secrecy of the acquisition and produce
19	a minimum of interference with the services
20	that such electronic communication service pro-
21	vider is providing to the target;
22	"(C) an electronic communication service
23	provider to maintain under security procedures
24	approved by the Attorney General any records
25	concerning the acquisition or the aid furnished

1	that such electronic communication service pro-
2	vider wishes to maintain; and
3	"(D) that the Government compensate, at
4	the prevailing rate, such electronic communica-
5	tion service provider for providing such infor-
6	mation, facilities, or assistance.
7	"(6) DURATION.—An order approved under this
8	paragraph shall be effective for a period not to ex-
9	ceed 90 days and such order may be renewed for ad-
10	ditional 90-day periods upon submission of renewal
11	applications meeting the requirements of subsection
12	(b).
13	"(7) COMPLIANCE.—At or prior to the end of
14	the period of time for which an acquisition is ap-
15	proved by an order or extension under this section,
16	the judge may assess compliance with the minimiza-
17	tion procedures by reviewing the circumstances
18	under which information concerning United States
19	persons was acquired, retained, or disseminated.
20	"(d) Emergency Authorization.—
21	"(1) AUTHORITY FOR EMERGENCY AUTHORIZA-
22	TION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this
23	Act, if the Attorney General reasonably determines
24	that—

1	"(A) an emergency situation exists with re-
2	spect to the acquisition of foreign intelligence
3	information for which an order may be obtained
4	under subsection (c) before an order author-
5	izing such acquisition can with due diligence be
6	obtained; and
7	"(B) the factual basis for issuance of an
8 .	order under this subsection to approve such ac-
9	quisition exists,
0	the Attorney General may authorize the emergency
1	acquisition if a judge having jurisdiction under sub-
2	section (a)(1) is informed by the Attorney General,
13	or a designee of the Attorney General, at the time
4	of such authorization that the decision has been
5	made to conduct such acquisition and if an applica-
6	tion in accordance with this subsection is made to a
17	judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court
8	as soon as practicable, but not more than 168 hours
9 .	after the Attorney General authorizes such acquisi-
20	tion.
21	"(2) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—If the At-
22	torney General authorizes such emergency acquisi-
23	tion, the Attorney General shall require that the
24	minimization procedures required by this subsection
25	for the issuance of a judicial order be followed.

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"(3) TERMINATION OF EMERGENCY AUTHORIZATION.—In the absence of a judicial order approving such acquisition, the acquisition shall terminate
when the information sought is obtained, when the
application for the order is denied, or after the expiration of 168 hours from the time of authorization
by the Attorney General, whichever is earliest.

"(4) USE OF INFORMATION.—In the event that such application for approval is denied, or in any other case where the acquisition is terminated and no order is issued approving the acquisition, no information obtained or evidence derived from such acquisition, except under circumstances in which the target of the acquisition is determined not to be a United States person during the pendency of the 168-hour emergency acquisition period, shall be received in evidence or otherwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States, a State, or political subdivision thereof, and no information concerning any United States person acquired from such acquisition shall subsequently be used or disclosed in any other manner by Federal officers or employees without the consent of

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such person, except with the approval of the Attor-2 ney General if the information indicates a threat of 3 death or serious bodily harm to any person. "(e) RELEASE FROM LIABILITY.—Notwithstanding any other law, no cause of action shall lie in any court against any electronic communication service provider for 7 providing any information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with an order or request for emergency assistance issued pursuant to subsections (c) or (d). 10 "(f) APPEAL.— 11 "(1) APPEAL TO THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE 12 SURVEILLANCE COURT OF REVIEW.—The Govern-13 ment may file an appeal with the Foreign Intel-14 ligence Surveillance Court of Review for review of an 15 order issued pursuant to subsection (c). The Court 16 of Review shall have jurisdiction to consider such ap-17 peal and shall provide a written statement for the 18 record of the reasons for a decision under this para-19 graph. 20 "(2) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME COURT.— 21 The Government may file a petition for a writ of 22 certiorari for review of the decision of the Court of

Review issued under paragraph (1). The record for

such review shall be transmitted under seal to the

Ţ	Supreme Court of the Officed States, which share
2	have jurisdiction to review such decision.
3	"SEC. 705. OTHER ACQUISITIONS TARGETING UNITED
4	STATES PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED
5	STATES.
6	"(a) Jurisdiction and Scope.—
7	"(1) JURISDICTION.—The Foreign Intelligence
8	Surveillance Court shall have jurisdiction to enter an
9	order pursuant to subsection (c).
0	"(2) SCOPE.—No element of the intelligence
1	community may intentionally target, for the purpose
2	of acquiring foreign intelligence information, a
3	United States person reasonably believed to be lo-
4	cated outside the United States under circumstances
5	in which the targeted United States person has a
6	reasonable expectation of privacy and a warrant
7	would be required if the acquisition were conducted
8	inside the United States for law enforcement pur-
9	poses, unless a judge of the Foreign Intelligence
0.	Surveillance Court has entered an order or the At-
1	torney General has authorized an emergency acquisi-
2	tion pursuant to subsections (c) or (d) or any other
3	provision of this Act.

"(3) LIMITATIONS.-

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1	"(A) MOVING OR MISIDENTIFIED TAR-
2	GETS.—In the event that the targeted United
3	States person is reasonably believed to be in the
4	United States during the pendency of an order
5.	issued pursuant to subsection (c), such acquisi-
6	tion shall cease until authority is obtained pur-
7	suant to this Act or the targeted United States
8	person is again reasonably believed to be lo-
9	cated outside the United States during the
0	pendency of an order issued pursuant to sub-
1	section (e).
.2	"(B) APPLICABILITY.—If the acquisition is
3	to be conducted inside the United States and
4	could be authorized under section 704, the pro-
.5	cedures of section 704 shall apply, unless an
6	order or emergency acquisition authority has
7	been obtained under a provision of this Act
8.	other than under this section.
9	"(b) APPLICATION.—Each application for an order
0.0	under this section shall be made by a Federal officer in
21	writing upon oath or affirmation to a judge having juris-
22	diction under subsection (a)(1). Each application shall re-
23	quire the approval of the Attorney General based upon the
24	Attorney General's finding that it satisfies the criteria and

1	requirements of such application as set forth in this sec-
2	tion and shall include—
. 3	"(1) the identity, if known, or a description of
4	the specific United States person who is the target
·5	of the acquisition;
6	"(2) a statement of the facts and circumstances
7	relied upon to justify the applicant's belief that the
-8	United States person who is the target of the acqui-
. 9	sition is—
10	"(A) a person reasonably believed to be lo-
11	cated outside the United States; and
12	"(B) a foreign power, an agent of a foreign
13	power, or an officer or employee of a foreign
14	power;
15	"(3) a statement of the proposed minimization
16	procedures consistent with the requirements of sec-
17	tion 101(h) or section 301(4);
18	"(4) a certification made by the Attorney Gen-
19	eral, an official specified in section 104(a)(6), or the
20	head of an element of the intelligence community
21	that—
22	"(A) the certifying official deems the infor-
23	mation sought to be foreign intelligence infor-
24	mation; and

1	(D) a significant purpose of the acquisi-
2	tion is to obtain foreign intelligence informa-
3	tion;
4	"(5) a statement of the facts concerning any
5	previous applications that have been made to any
6	judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court
7	involving the United States person specified in the
8	application and the action taken on each previous
9	application; and
10	"(6) a statement of the period of time for which
11	the acquisition is required to be maintained, pro-
12	vided that such period of time shall not exceed 90
13	days per application.
14	"(c) Order
15	"(1) FINDINGS.—If, upon an application made
16	pursuant to subsection (b), a judge having jurisdic-
17	tion under subsection (a) finds that—
18	"(A) on the basis of the facts submitted by
19	the applicant, for the United States person who
20	is the target of the acquisition, there is prob-
21	able cause to believe that the target is—
22	"(i) a person reasonably believed to be
23	located outside the United States; and

1	"(ii) a foreign power, an agent of a
2	foreign power, or an officer or employee of
. 3	a foreign power;
4	"(B) the proposed minimization proce-
5	dures, with respect to their dissemination provi-
6	sions, meet the definition of minimization pro-
7	cedures under section 101(h) or section 301(4);
8	and
9	"(C) the application which has been filed
10	contains all statements and certifications re-
11	quired by subsection (b) and the certification
12	provided under subsection (b)(4) is not clearly
13	erroneous on the basis of the information fur-
14	nished under subsection (b),
15	the Court shall issue an ex parte order so stating.
16	"(2) PROBABLE CAUSE.—In determining
17	whether or not probable cause exists for purposes of
18	an order under paragraph (1)(A), a judge having ju-
19	risdiction under subsection (a)(1) may consider past
20	activities of the target, as well as facts and cir-
21	cumstances relating to current or future activities of
2 2	the target. However, no United States person may
23	be considered a foreign power, agent of a foreign
24	power, or officer or employee of a foreign power
25	solely upon the basis of activities protected by the

1	first amendment to the Constitution of the United
2	States.
3	"(3) Review.—
4	"(A) LIMITATIONS ON REVIEW.—Review
5	by a judge having jurisdiction under subsection
6	(a)(1) shall be limited to that required to make
. 7	the findings described in paragraph (1). The
8	judge shall not have jurisdiction to review the
9	means by which an acquisition under this sec-
10	tion may be conducted.
11	"(B) REVIEW OF PROBABLE CAUSE.—If
12	the judge determines that the facts submitted
13	under subsection (b) are insufficient to estab-
14	lish probable cause to issue an order under this
15	subsection, the judge shall enter an order so
16	stating and provide a written statement for the
17	record of the reasons for such determination.
18.	The Government may appeal an order under
19	this clause pursuant to subsection (e).
20	"(C) REVIEW OF MINIMIZATION PROCE-
21	DURES.—If the judge determines that the mini-
22	mization procedures applicable to dissemination
23	of information obtained through an acquisition
24	under this subsection do not meet the definition
25	of minimization procedures under section

	~ *
1 -	101(h) or section 301(4), the judge shall enter
2	an order so stating and provide a written state
3	ment for the record of the reasons for such de-
4	termination. The Government may appeal an
5	order under this clause pursuant to subsection
6	(e).
7	"(D) Scope of review of certifi-
8 -	CATION.—If the judge determines that the cer-
9	tification provided under subsection (b)(4) is
10	clearly erroneous on the basis of the informa-
11	tion furnished under subsection (b), the judge
· 12	shall enter an order so stating and provide a
13	written statement for the record of the reasons
14	for such determination. The Government may
15	appeal an order under this clause pursuant to
16	subsection (e).
17	"(4) DURATION.—An order under this para-
18	graph shall be effective for a period not to exceed 90
19	days and such order may be renewed for additional
20	90-day periods upon submission of renewal applica-
21	tions meeting the requirements of subsection (b).
22	"(5) COMPLIANCE.—At or prior to the end of
23	the period of time for which an order or extension
24	is granted under this section, the judge may assess

compliance with the minimization procedures by re-

1.	viewing the circumstances under which information
2	concerning United States persons was disseminated,
3	provided that the judge may not inquire into the cir-
4	cumstances relating to the conduct of the acquisi-
5	tion.
6	"(d) EMERGENCY AUTHORIZATION.—
7	"(1) AUTHORITY FOR EMERGENCY AUTHORIZA-
8	TION.—Notwithstanding any other provision in this
9	subsection, if the Attorney General reasonably deter-
10	mines that—
11	"(A) an emergency situation exists with re-
12	spect to the acquisition of foreign intelligence
13	information for which an order may be obtained
14	under subsection (c) before an order under that
15 .	subsection may, with due diligence, be obtained;
16	and
17	"(B) the factual basis for issuance of an
18	order under this section exists,
19	the Attorney General may authorize the emergency
20	acquisition if a judge having jurisdiction under sub-
21	section (a)(1) is informed by the Attorney General
22	or a designee of the Attorney General at the time of
23	such authorization that the decision has been made
24	to conduct such acquisition and if an application in
25	accordance with this subsection is made to a judge

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1	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court as
2	soon as practicable, but not more than 168 hours
3	after the Attorney General authorizes such acquisi-
4 .	tion.
5	"(2) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES:—If the At-
.6	torney General authorizes such emergency acquisi-
7	tion, the Attorney General shall require that the
8	minimization procedures required by this subsection
9	be followed.
0	"(3) TERMINATION OF EMERGENCY AUTHOR-
.1	IZATION.—In the absence of an order under sub-
2	section (c), the acquisition shall terminate when the
.3	information sought is obtained, if the application for
4	the order is denied, or after the expiration of 168
.5	hours from the time of authorization by the Attor-
.6	ney General, whichever is earliest.
.7	"(4) USE OF INFORMATION.—In the event that
8	such application is denied, or in any other case
9	where the acquisition is terminated and no order is
20	issued approving the acquisition, no information ob-
21	tained or evidence derived from such acquisition, ex-

cept under circumstances in which the target of the 22 23 acquisition is determined not to be a United States 24 person during the pendency of the 168-hour emer-25 gency acquisition period, shall be received in evi-

dence or otherwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States, a State, or political subdivision thereof, and no information concerning any United States person acquired from such acquisition shall subsequently be used or disclosed in any other manner by Federal officers or employees without the consent of such person, except with the approval of the Attorney General if the information indicates a threat of death or serious bodily harm to any person.

"(e) APPEAL.—

"(1) APPEAL TO THE COURT OF REVIEW.—The Government may file an appeal with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review for review of an order issued pursuant to subsection (c). The Court of Review shall have jurisdiction to consider such appeal and shall provide a written statement for the record of the reasons for a decision under this paragraph.

"(2) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME COURT.—
The Government may file a petition for a writ of certiorari for review of the decision of the Court of Review issued under paragraph (1). The record for

- 1 such review shall be transmitted under seal to the
- 2 Supreme Court of the United States, which shall
- 3 have jurisdiction to review such decision.
- 4 "SEC. 706. JOINT APPLICATIONS AND CONCURRENT AU-
- 5 THORIZATIONS.
- 6 "(a) JOINT APPLICATIONS AND ORDERS.—If an ac-
- 7 quisition targeting a United States person under section
- 8 704 or section 705 is proposed to be conducted both inside
- 9 and outside the United States, a judge having jurisdiction
- 10 under section 704(a)(1) or section 705(a)(1) may issue si-
- 11 multaneously, upon the request of the Government in a
- 12 joint application complying with the requirements of sec-
- 13 tion 704(b) or section 705(b), orders under section 704(b)
- 14 or section 705(b), as applicable.
- 15 "(b) CONCURRENT AUTHORIZATION.—If an order
- 16 authorizing electronic surveillance or physical search has
- 17 been obtained under section 105 or section 304 and that
- 18 order is still in effect, the Attorney General may authorize,
- 19 without an order under section 704 or section 705, an ac-
- 20 quisition of foreign intelligence information targeting that
- 21 United States person while such person is reasonably be-
- 22 lieved to be located outside the United States.

"SEC. 707. USE OF INFORMATION ACQUIRED UNDER TITLE
vn.
"(a) Information Acquired Under Section
703.—Information acquired from an acquisition con-
ducted under section 703 shall be deemed to be informa-
tion acquired from an electronic surveillance pursuant to
title I for purposes of section 106, except for the purposes
of subsection (j) of such section.
"(b) Information Acquired Under Section
704.—Information acquired from an acquisition con-
ducted under section 704 shall be deemed to be informa-
tion acquired from an electronic surveillance pursuant to
title I for purposes of section 106.
"SEC. 708. CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT.
"(a) SEMIANNUAL REPORT.—Not less frequently
than once every 6 months, the Attorney General shall fully
inform, in a manner consistent with national security, the
congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on
the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the
Judiciary of the House of Representatives, concerning the
implementation of this title.
"(b) CONTENT.—Each report made under subpara-
graph (a) shall include—
"(1) with respect to section 703—
"(A) any certifications made under sub-
section 703(f) during the reporting period;

1	"(B) any directives issued under sub-
2	section 703(g) during the reporting period;
3	"(C) a description of the judicial review
4	during the reporting period of any such certifi-
5	cations and targeting and minimization proce-
6	dures utilized with respect to such acquisition,
7	including a copy of any order or pleading in
8	connection with such review that contains a sig-
9	nificant legal interpretation of the provisions of
10	this section;
11	"(D) any actions taken to challenge or en-
12	force a directive under paragraphs (4) or (5) of
13	section 703(g);
14	"(E) any compliance reviews conducted by
15	the Department of Justice or the Office of the
16	Director of National Intelligence of acquisitions
17	authorized under subsection 703(a);
18	"(F) a description of any incidents of non-
19	compliance with a directive issued by the Attor-
20	ney General and the Director of National Intel-
21	ligence under subsection 703(g), including—
22	"(i) incidents of noncompliance by an
23	element of the intelligence community with
24	procedures adopted pursuant to sub-
25	sections (d) and (e) of section 703; and

i.	(ii) incidents of noncompliance by a
2	specified person to whom the Attorney
3	General and Director of National Intel-
4	ligence issued a directive under subsection
5 .	703(g); and
6	"(G) any procedures implementing this
7	section;
8 -	"(2) with respect to section 704—
9	"(A) the total number of applications made
10	for orders under section 704(b);
11	"(B) the total number of such orders ei-
12.	ther granted, modified, or denied; and
13	"(C) the total number of emergency acqui-
14	sitions authorized by the Attorney General
15	under section 704(d) and the total number of
16	subsequent orders approving or denying such
17	acquisitions; and
18	"(3) with respect to section 705—
19	"(A) the total number of applications made
20	for orders under 705(b);
21	"(B) the total number of such orders ei-
22	ther granted, modified, or denied; and
23	"(C) the total number of emergency acqui-
24	sitions authorized by the Attorney General
25	under subsection 705(d) and the total number

1	of subsequent orders approving or denying such
2	applications.".
3	(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents in
4	the first section of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
5	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et. seq.) is amended—
6	(1) by striking the item relating to title VII;
7	(2) by striking the item relating to section 701;
8	and
9	(3) by adding at the end the following:
•	"TITLE VII—ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES REGARDING CERTAIN PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES
-	"Sec. 701. Limitation on definition of electronic surveillance. "Sec. 702. Definitions.
	"Sec. 703. Procedures for targeting certain persons outside the United States other than United States persons.
	"Sec. 704. Certain acquisitions inside the United States of United States persons outside the United States. "Sec. 705. Other acquisitions togething United States persons outside the
, ·	"Sec. 705. Other acquisitions targeting United States persons outside the United States.
	"Sec. 706. Joint applications and concurrent authorizations. "Sec. 707. Use of information acquired under title VII.
	"Sec. 708. Congressional oversight.".
10	(c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
11	(1) TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.—
12	(A) SECTION 2232.—Section 2232(e) of
13	title 18, United States Code, is amended by in-
14	serting "(as defined in section 101(f) of the
15	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978,
16	regardless of the limitation of section 701 of
17	that Act)" after "electronic surveillance".
18	(B) SECTION 2511.—Section
19	2511(2)(a)(ii)(A) of title 18, United States

1	Code, is amended by inserting for a court order
2	pursuant to section 705 of the Foreign Intel-
3	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978" after "assist-
4	ance".
5	(2) Foreign intelligence surveillance
6	ACT OF 1978.—
7	(A) SECTION 109.—Section 109 of the For-
8	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
9	U.S.C. 1809) is amended by adding at the end
10	the following:
ļĺ	"(e) DEFINITION.—For the purpose of this section
12	the term 'electronic surveillance' means electronic surveil-
13	lance as defined in section 101(f) of this Act regardless
14	of the limitation of section 701 of this Act.".
15	(B) SECTION 110.—Section 110 of the For-
16	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
17	U.S.C. 1810) is amended by—
18	(i) adding an "(a)" before "CIVIL AC-
9	TION",
20	(ii) redesignating subsections (a)
21	through (c) as paragraphs (1) through (3)
22	respectively; and
23	(iii) adding at the end the following:
24	"(b) DEFINITION.—For the purpose of this section,
)5	the term 'alestronic surraillance' moons alectronic surrail

1	lance as defined in section 101(f) of this Act regardless
2	of the limitation of section 701 of this Act.".
3	(C) SECTION 601.—Section 601(a)(1) of
4	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
. 5	1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871(a)(1)) is amended by
6	striking subparagraphs (C) and (D) and insert-
7	ing the following:
8	"(C) pen registers under section 402;
9	"(D) access to records under section 501;
10	"(E) acquisitions under section 704; and
11	"(F) acquisitions under section 705;".
12	(d) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—
13	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
14	graph (2), the amendments made by subsections
15	(a)(2), (b), and (c) shall cease to have effect on De-
16	cember 31, 2013.
17	(2) CONTINUING APPLICABILITY.—Section
18	703(g)(3) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
19	Act of 1978 (as amended by subsection (a)) shall re-
20	main in effect with respect to any directive issued
21	pursuant to section 703(g) of that Act (as so
22	amended) during the period such directive was in ef-
23	fect. Section 704(e) of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
24	veillance Act of 1978 (as amended by subsection (a))
25	shall remain in effect with respect to an order or re-

1.	quest for	emergency	assistance	under	that section.
		•			•
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- The use of information acquired by an acquisition
- 3 conducted under section 703 of that Act (as so
- 4 amended) shall continue to be governed by the provi-
- 5 sions of section 707 of that Act (as so amended).
- 6 SEC. 102. STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY WHICH
- 7 ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE AND INTERCEP-
- 8 TION OF DOMESTIC COMMUNICATIONS MAY
- 9 BE CONDUCTED.
- 10 (a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of
- 11 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
- 12 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
- 13 the following new section:
- 14 "STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY WHICH ELEC-
- 15 TRONIC SURVEILLANCE AND INTERCEPTION OF DO-
- 16 MESTIC COMMUNICATIONS MAY BE CONDUCTED
- 17 "SEC. 112. The procedures of chapters 119, 121, and
- 18 206 of title 18, United States Code, and this Act shall
- 19 be the exclusive means by which electronic surveillance (as
- 20 defined in section 101(f), regardless of the limitation of
- 21 section 701) and the interception of domestic wire, oral,
- 22 or electronic communications may be conducted.".
- 23 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents in
- 24 the first section of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
- 25 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by add-
- 26 ing after the item relating to section 111, the following:

- "Sec. 112. Statement of exclusive means by which electronic surveillance and interception of domestic communications may be conducted.".
- 1 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 2511(2)
- 2 of title 18, United States Code, is amended in paragraph
- 3 (f), by striking ", as defined in section 101 of such Act,"
- 4 and inserting "(as defined in section 101(f) of such Act
- 5 regardless of the limitation of section 701 of such Act)".
- 6 SEC. 103. SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS OF CERTAIN COURT
- 7 ORDERS UNDER THE FOREIGN INTEL-
- 8 LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
- 9 (a) Inclusion of Certain Orders in Semiannual
- 10 REPORTS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Subsection (a)(5) of
- 11 section 601 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
- 12 of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871) is amended by striking "(not
- 13 including orders)" and inserting ", orders,".
- 14 (b) Reports by Attorney General on Certain
- 15 OTHER ORDERS.—Such section 601, as amended by sub-
- 16 section (a), is further amended by adding at the end the
- 17 following:
- 18 "(c) The Attorney General shall submit to the com-
- 19 mittees of Congress referred to in subsection (a) a copy
- 20 of any decision, order, or opinion issued by the Foreign
- 21 Intelligence Surveillance Court or the Foreign Intelligence
- 22 Surveillance Court of Review that includes significant con-
- 23 struction or interpretation of any provision of this Act not

1	later than 45 days after such decision, order, or opinion
2	is issued.".
3	(c) Definitions.—Such section 601, as amended by
4	subsections (a) and (b), is further amended by adding at
5	the end the following:
6	"(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
7	"(1) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
8	COURT; COURT.—The term "'Foreign Intelligence
9	Surveillance Court'" means the court established by
10	section 103(a).
11	"(2) Foreign intelligence surveillance
12	COURT OF REVIEW; COURT OF REVIEW.—The term
13	'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review'
14	means the court established by section 103(b).".
15	SEC. 104. APPLICATIONS FOR COURT ORDERS.
16	Section 104 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
17	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1804) is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a)—
19	(A) by striking paragraphs (2) and (11);
20	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
21	through (10) as paragraphs (2) through (9), re-
22	spectively;
23	(C) in paragraph (5), as redesignated by
24	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
25	"detailed";

1	(D) in paragraph (6), as redesignated by
2	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, in the
.3	matter preceding subparagraph (A)—
4	(i) by striking "Affairs or" and insert-
5	ing "Affairs,"; and
6	(ii) by striking "Senate" and insert-
7	ing "Senate, or the Deputy Director of the
8	Federal Bureau of Investigation, if des-
9.	ignated by the President as a certifying of-
10	ficial—";
1,1	(E) in paragraph (7), as redesignated by
12	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
13	"statement of" and inserting "summary state-
14	ment of";
15	(F) in paragraph (8), as redesignated by
16	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by adding
17	"and" at the end; and
18	(G) in paragraph (9), as redesignated by
19	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
20	"; and" and inserting a period;
21	(2) by striking subsection (b);
22	(3) by redesignating subsections (c) through (e)
23	as subsections (b) through (d), respectively; and
24	(4) in paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (d), as re-
25	designated by paragraph (3) of this subsection, by

1	striking "or the Director of National Intelligence"
2	and inserting "the Director of National Intelligence,
3	or the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency".
4	SEC. 105. ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER.
5	Section 105 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
6	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)—
8	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
9	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
10	through (5) as paragraphs (1) through (4), re-
11	spectively;
12	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "(a)(3)" and
13	inserting "(a)(2)";
14	(3) in subsection (c)(1)—
15	(A) in subparagraph (D), by adding "and"
16	at the end;
17	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking ";
18	and" and inserting a period; and
19	(C) by striking subparagraph (F);
20	(4) by striking subsection (d);
21	(5) by redesignating subsections (e) through (i)
22	as subsections (d) through (h), respectively;
23	(6) by amending subsection (e), as redesignated
24	by paragraph (5) of this section to read as follows:

1	"(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
2	title, the Attorney General may authorize the emergency
3	employment of electronic surveillance if the Attorney Gen-
4	eral reasonably—
5	"(A) determines that an emergency situation
6	exists with respect to the employment of electronic
7	surveillance to obtain foreign intelligence informa-
8	tion before an order authorizing such surveillance
9	can with due diligence be obtained;
0	"(B) determines that the factual basis for
. 1	issuance of an order under this title to approve such
2	electronic surveillance exists;
3	"(C) informs, either personally or through a
4	designee, a judge having jurisdiction under section
5	103 at the time of such authorization that the deci-
6	sion has been made to employ emergency electronic
7	surveillance; and
8	"(D) makes an application in accordance with
9	this title to a judge having jurisdiction under section
20	103 as soon as practicable, but not later than 168
21	hours after the Attorney General authorizes such
22	surveillance.
23	"(2) If the Attorney General authorizes the emer-
4	gency employment of electronic surveillance under para-
25	graph (1), the Attorney General shall require that the

- l minimization procedures required by this title for the
- 2 issuance of a judicial order be followed.
- 3 "(3) In the absence of a judicial order approving such
- 4 electronic surveillance, the surveillance shall terminate
- 5 when the information sought is obtained, when the appli-
- 6 cation for the order is denied, or after the expiration of
- 7 168 hours from the time of authorization by the Attorney
- 8 General, whichever is earliest.
- 9 "(4) A denial of the application made under this sub-
- 10 section may be reviewed as provided in section 103.
- 11 "(5) In the event that such application for approval
- 12 is denied, or in any other case where the electronic surveil-
- 13 lance is terminated and no order is issued approving the
- 14 surveillance, no information obtained or evidence derived
- 15 from such surveillance shall be received in evidence or oth-
- 16 erwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding
- 17 in or before any court, grand jury, department, office,
- 18 agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other
- 19 authority of the United States, a State, or political sub-
- 20 division thereof, and no information concerning any
- 21 United States person acquired from such surveillance shall
- 22 subsequently be used or disclosed in any other manner by
- 23 Federal officers or employees without the consent of such
- 24 person, except with the approval of the Attorney General

- 1 if the information indicates a threat of death or serious
- 2 bodily harm to any person.
- 3 "(6) The Attorney General shall assess compliance
- 4 with the requirements of paragraph (5)."; and
- 5 (7) by adding at the end the following:
- 6 "(i) In any case in which the Government makes an
- 7 application to a judge under this title to conduct electronic
- 8 surveillance involving communications and the judge
- 9 grants such application, upon the request of the applicant,
- 10 the judge shall also authorize the installation and use of
- 11 pen registers and trap and trace devices, and direct the
- 12 disclosure of the information set forth in section
- 13 402(d)(2).".
- 14 SEC. 106. USE OF INFORMATION.
- 15 Subsection (i) of section 106 of the Foreign Intel-
- 16 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (8 U.S.C. 1806) is
- 17 amended by striking "radio communication" and inserting
- 18 "communication".
- 19 SEC. 107. AMENDMENTS FOR PHYSICAL SEARCHES.
- 20 (a) APPLICATIONS.—Section 303 of the Foreign In-
- 21 telligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1823) is
- 22 amended—
- 23 (1) in subsection (a)—
- 24 (A) by striking paragraph (2);

1	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
. 2	through (9) as paragraphs (2) through (8), re-
3	spectively;
4	(C) in paragraph (2), as redesignated by
5	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
6	"detailed";
7	(D) in paragraph (3)(C), as redesignated
8	by subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by in-
9	serting "or is about to be" before "owned"; and
10	(E) in paragraph (6), as redesignated by
11 -	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, in the
12	matter preceding subparagraph (A)—
13	(i) by striking "Affairs or" and insert-
14	ing "Affairs,"; and
15	(ii) by striking "Senate-" and insert-
16	ing "Senate, or the Deputy Director of the
17.	Federal Bureau of Investigation, if des-
18	ignated by the President as a certifying of-
19	ficial—"; and
20	(2) in subsection (d)(1)(A), by striking "or the
21	Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "the
22	Director of National Intelligence, or the Director of
23	the Central Intelligence Agency".

1	(b) ORDERS.—Section 304 of the Foreign Intel-
2	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1824) is
3	amended—
4	(1) in subsection (a)—
5	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
6	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
7	through (5) as paragraphs (1) through (4), re-
. 8	spectively; and
9	(2) by amending subsection (e) to read as fol-
10	lows:
11	"(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
12	title, the Attorney General may authorize the emergency
13	employment of a physical search if the Attorney General
14	reasonably—
15	"(A) determines that an emergency situation
16	exists with respect to the employment of a physical
17	search to obtain foreign intelligence information be-
18.	fore an order authorizing such physical search can
19	with due diligence be obtained;
20	"(B) determines that the factual basis for
21	issuance of an order under this title to approve such
22	physical search exists;
23	"(C) informs, either personally or through a
24	designee, a judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
25	lance Court at the time of such authorization that

- the decision has been made to employ an emergency
- 2 physical search; and
- 3 "(D) makes an application in accordance with
- 4 this title to a judge of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
- 5 veillance Court as soon as practicable, but not more
- 6 than 168 hours after the Attorney General author-
- 7 izes such physical search.
- 8 "(2) If the Attorney General authorizes the emer-
- 9 gency employment of a physical search under paragraph
- 10 (1), the Attorney General shall require that the minimiza-
- 11 tion procedures required by this title for the issuance of
- 12 a judicial order be followed.
- 13 "(3) In the absence of a judicial order approving such
- 14 physical search, the physical search shall terminate when
- 15 the information sought is obtained, when the application
- 16 for the order is denied, or after the expiration of 168
- 17 hours from the time of authorization by the Attorney Gen-
- 18 eral, whichever is earliest.
- 19 "(4) A denial of the application made under this sub-
- 20 section may be reviewed as provided in section 103.
- 21 "(5)(A) In the event that such application for ap-
- 22 proval is denied, or in any other case where the physical
- 23 search is terminated and no order is issued approving the
- 24 physical search, no information obtained or evidence de-
- 25 rived from such physical search shall be received in evi-

- 1 dence or otherwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other
- 2 proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department,
- 3 office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or
- 4 other authority of the United States, a State, or political
- 5 subdivision thereof, and no information concerning any
- 6 United States person acquired from such physical search
- 7 shall subsequently be used or disclosed in any other man-
- 8 ner by Federal officers or employees without the consent
- 9 of such person, except with the approval of the Attorney
- 10 General if the information indicates a threat of death or
- 11 serious bodily harm to any person.
- "(B) The Attorney General shall assess compliance
- 13 with the requirements of subparagraph (A).".
- 14 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Foreign Intel-
- 15 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)
- 16 is amended—
- 17 (1) in section 304(a)(4), as redesignated by
- 18 subsection (b) of this section, by striking
- 19 "303(a)(7)(E)" and inserting "303(a)(6)(E)"; and
- 20 (2) in section 305(k)(2), by striking
- 21 "303(a)(7)" and inserting "303(a)(6)".
- 22 SEC. 108. AMENDMENTS FOR EMERGENCY PEN REGISTERS
- 23 AND TRAP AND TRACE DEVICES.
- 24 Section 403 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
- 25 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1843) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "48 hours"
2	and inserting "168 hours"; and
,3	(2) in subsection (c)(1)(C), by striking "48
4	hours" and inserting "168 hours".
5	SEC. 109. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT
6	(a) Designation of Judges.—Subsection (a) of
7	section 103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
8	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803) is amended by inserting "at
9	least" before "seven of the United States judicial cir-
10	cuits".
11	(b) En Banc Authority.—
12	(1) In General.—Subsection (a) of section
13	103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
14	1978, as amended by subsection (a) of this section,
15	is further amended—
16	(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and
17	(B) by adding at the end the following new
18	paragraph:
19	"(2)(A) The court established under this subsection
20	may, on its own initiative, or upon the request of the Gov-
21	ernment in any proceeding or a party under section 501(f)
22	or paragraph (4) or (5) of section 703(h), hold a hearing
23	or rehearing, en banc, when ordered by a majority of the
24	judges that constitute such court upon a determination
25	that—

٨.	(1) en danc consideration is necessary to se-
2	cure or maintain uniformity of the court's decisions;
3	or
4	"(ii) the proceeding involves a question of ex-
5	ceptional importance.
6	"(B) Any authority granted by this Act to a judge
7	of the court established under this subsection may be exer-
8	cised by the court en banc. When exercising such author-
9	ity, the court en banc shall comply with any requirements
10	of this Act on the exercise of such authority.
11	"(C) For purposes of this paragraph, the court en
12	banc shall consist of all judges who constitute the court
13	established under this subsection.".
14	(2) Conforming amendments.—The Foreign
15	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 is further
16	amended—
17	(A) in subsection (a) of section 103, as
18	amended by this subsection, by inserting "(ex-
19	cept when sitting en banc under paragraph
20	(2))" after "no judge designated under this
21	subsection"; and
22	(B) in section 302(c) (50 U.S.C. 1822(c)),
23	by inserting "(except when sitting en banc)"
24	after "except that no judge".

	· —
. 1	(c) Stay or Modification During an Appeal.—
2	Section 103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
3	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803) is amended—
4	(1) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
5	section (g); and
6	(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
· 7	lowing new subsection:
8	"(f)(1) A judge of the court established under sub-
9	section (a), the court established under subsection (b) or
10	a judge of that court, or the Supreme Court of the United
11	States or a justice of that court, may, in accordance with
12	the rules of their respective courts, enter a stay of an order
13	or an order modifying an order of the court established
14	under subsection (a) or the court established under sub-
15	section (b) entered under any title of this Act, while the
16	court established under subsection (a) conducts a rehear-
17	ing, while an appeal is pending to the court established
18	under subsection (b), or while a petition of certiorari is
19	pending in the Supreme Court of the United States, or
20	during the pendency of any review by that court.
21	"(2) The authority described in paragraph (1) shall
22	apply to an order entered under any provision of this

- 24 SEC. 110. WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION.
- 25 (a) Definitions.—

23 Act.".

1	(1) Foreign power.—Subsection (a)(4) of sec-
2	tion 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
3	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(a)(4)) is amended by in-
4	serting ", the international proliferation of weapons
5	of mass destruction," after "international ter-
6	rorism".
7	(2) AGENT OF A FOREIGN POWER.—Subsection
8	(b)(1) of such section 101 is amended—
9	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or"
10	at the end
11	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or"
12	at the end; and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following new
14	subparagraphs:
15	"(D) engages in the international prolifera-
16	tion of weapons of mass destruction, or activi-
17	ties in preparation therefor; or
18	"(E) engages in the international prolifera-
19	tion of weapons of mass destruction, or activi-
20	ties in preparation therefor, for or on behalf of
21	a foreign power; or".
22	(3) Foreign intelligence information.—
23	Subsection (e)(1)(B) of such section 101 is amended
24	by striking "sabotage or international terrorism"
25	and inserting "sabotage, international terrorism, or

1	the international proliferation of weapons of mass
2	destruction".
3	(4) Weapon of mass destruction.—Such
4	section 101 is amended by inserting after subsection
5	(o) the following:
6	"(p) 'Weapon of mass destruction' means—
7.	"(1) any destructive device described in section
8	921(a)(4)(A) of title 18, United States Code, that is
9	intended or has the capability to cause death or seri-
10	ous bodily injury to a significant number of people;
11	"(2) any weapon that is designed or intended to
12	cause death or serious bodily injury through the re-
13	lease, dissemination, or impact of toxic or poisonous
14	chemicals or their precursors;
15	"(3) any weapon involving a biological agent,
16	toxin, or vector (as such terms are defined in section
17	178 of title 18, United States Code); or
18	"(4) any weapon that is designed to release ra-
19	diation or radioactivity at a level dangerous to
20	human life.".
21	(b) USE OF INFORMATION.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 106(k)(1)(B) of the
23	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
24	U.S.C. 1806(k)(1)(B)) is amended by striking "sab-
25	otage or international terrorism" and inserting "sab-

ī	otage, international terrorism, or the international
2	proliferation of weapons of mass destruction".
3	(2) PHYSICAL SEARCHES.—Section
4	305(k)(1)(B) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1825(k)(1)(B))
5	is amended by striking "sabotage or international
6	terrorism" and inserting "sabotage, international
7	terrorism, or the international proliferation of weap-
8	ons of mass destruction".
9.	(c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
10	Section 301(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
11	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1821(1)) is amended by inserting
12	"'weapon of mass destruction'," after "'person',".
13	SEC. 111. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
14	Section 103(e) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
15	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(e)) is amended—
16	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "105B(h) or
17	501(f)(1)" and inserting "501(f)(1) or 703"; and
18	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "105B(h) or
19	501(f)(1)" and inserting "501(f)(1) or 703".
20	TITLE II—PROTECTIONS FOR
21	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICA-
22	TION SERVICE PROVIDERS
23	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
24	In this title:

7	(1) ASSISTANCE.—The term assistance
2	means the provision of, or the provision of access to,
3	information (including communication contents,
4	communications records, or other information relat-
5	ing to a customer or communication), facilities, or
6	another form of assistance.
7	(2) CONTENTS.—The term "contents" has the
8	meaning given that term in section 101(n) of the
. 9	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
10	U.S.C. 1801(n)).
11	(3) COVERED CIVIL ACTION.—The term "cov-
12.	ered civil action" means a civil action filed in a Fed-
13	eral or State court that—
14	(A) alleges that an electronic communica-
15	tion service provider furnished assistance to an
16	element of the intelligence community; and
17	(B) seeks monetary or other relief from the
18	electronic communication service provider re-
19	lated to the provision of such assistance.
20	(4) ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE
21	PROVIDER.—The term "electronic communication
22.	service provider" means—
23	(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
24	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
25	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);

1	(B) a provider of an electronic communica-
2	tion service, as that term is defined in section
3	2510 of title 18, United States Code;
4	(C) a provider of a remote computing serv-
5	ice, as that term is defined in section 2711 of
6	title 18, United States Code;
7	(D) any other communication service pro-
8	vider who has access to wire or electronic com-
9	munications either as such communications are
10	transmitted or as such communications are
11	stored;
12	(E) a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, suc-
13	cessor, or assignee of an entity described in
14	subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D); or
15	(F) an officer, employee, or agent of an en-
16	tity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
17	(D), or (E).
18	(5) Element of the intelligence commu-
19	NITY.—The term "element of the intelligence com-
20	munity" means an element of the intelligence com-
21	munity specified in or designated under section 3(4)
22	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
23	. 401a(4)).

1	SEC. 202. LIMITATIONS ON CIVIL ACTIONS FOR ELEC-
2	TRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE PRO-
3	VIDERS.
. 4	(a) Limitations.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
6	provision of law, a covered civil action shall not lie
7	or be maintained in a Federal or State court, and
8	shall be promptly dismissed, if the Attorney General
9	certifies to the court that—
10	(A) the assistance alleged to have been
11	provided by the electronic communication serv-
12	ice provider was—
13	(i) in connection with an intelligence
14	activity involving communications that
15	was—
16	(I) authorized by the President
17	during the period beginning on Sep-
18	tember 11, 2001, and ending on Jan-
19	uary 17, 2007; and
20	(II) designed to detect or prevent
21	a terrorist attack, or activities in
22	preparation for a terrorist attack,
23	against the United States; and
24	(ii) described in a written request or
25	directive from the Attorney General or the
26	head of an element of the intelligence com-

1	munity (or the deputy of such person) to
2.	the electronic communication service pro-
3	vider indicating that the activity was—
4	(I) authorized by the President;
5	and
6	(II) determined to be lawful; or
7	(B) the electronic communication service
8	provider did not provide the alleged assistance.
9	(2) REVIEW.—A certification made pursuant to
10	paragraph (1) shall be subject to review by a court
11	for abuse of discretion.
12	(b) REVIEW OF CERTIFICATIONS.—If the Attorney
13	General files a declaration under section 1746 of title 28,
14	United States Code, that disclosure of a certification made
15	pursuant to subsection (a) would harm the national secu-
16	rity of the United States, the court shall—
17	(1) review such certification in camera and ex
18	parte; and
19	(2) limit any public disclosure concerning such
20	certification, including any public order following
21	such an ex parte review, to a statement that the con-
22	ditions of subsection (a) have been met, without dis-
23 ⁻ .	closing the subparagraph of subsection (a)(1) that is
24	the basis for the certification.

- 1 (c) Nondelegation.—The authority and duties of
- 2 the Attorney General under this section shall be performed
- 3 by the Attorney General (or Acting Attorney General) or
- 4 a designee in a position not lower than the Deputy Attor-
- 5 ney General.
- 6 (d) CIVIL ACTIONS IN STATE COURT.—A covered
- 7 civil action that is brought in a State court shall be
- 8 deemed to arise under the Constitution and laws of the
- 9 United States and shall be removable under section 1441
- 10 of title 28, United States Code.
- (e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 12 tion may be construed to limit any otherwise available im-
- 13 munity, privilege, or defense under any other provision of
- 14 law.
- 15 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION.—This sec-
- 16 tion shall apply to any covered civil action that is pending
- 17 on or filed after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 18 SEC. 203. PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTING STATUTORY
- 19 DEFENSES UNDER THE FOREIGN INTEL-
- 20 LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
- 21 The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
- 22 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as amended by section 101, is
- 23 further amended by adding after title VII the following
- 24 new title:

1	TILE VIII—PROTECTION OF
2	PERSONS ASSISTING THE
3	GOVERNMENT
4	"SEC. 801. DEFINITIONS.
. 5	"In this title:
6	"(1) Assistance.—The term 'assistance
7	means the provision of, or the provision of access to
8	information (including communication contents
9	communications records, or other information relat-
10	ing to a customer or communication), facilities, or
11	another form of assistance.
12	"(2) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The term 'Attor-
13	ney General' has the meaning give that term in sec-
14	tion 101(g).
15	"(3) CONTENTS.—The term 'contents' has the
16	meaning given that term in section 101(n).
17	"(4) ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE
18	PROVIDER.—The term 'electronic communication
19	service provider' means—
20	"(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
21	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
22	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);
23	"(B) a provider of electronic communica-
24	tion service, as that term is defined in section
25	2510 of title 12 United States Code.

	(O) a provider of a remote computing
2	service, as that term is defined in section 2711
3	of title 18, United States Code;
4	"(D) any other communication service pro-
5	vider who has access to wire or electronic com-
6	munications either as such communications are
· 7 ·	transmitted or as such communications are
8	stored;
9	"(E) a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, suc-
10	cessor, or assignee of an entity described in
11	subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D); or
12	"(F) an officer, employee, or agent of an
13	entity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
14	(D), or (E).
15	"(5) ELEMENT OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMU-
16	NITY.—The term 'element of the intelligence com-
17 .	munity' means an element of the intelligence com-
18	munity as specified or designated under section 3(4)
19	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
20	401a(4)).
21	"(6) Person.—The term 'person' means—
22	"(A) an electronic communication service
23	provider; or

1	"(B) a landlord, custodian, or other person
2	who may be authorized or required to furnish
3	assistance pursuant to—
4	"(i) an order of the court established
5	under section 103(a) directing such assist-
6	ance;
7	"(ii) a certification in writing under
8	section 2511(2)(a)(ii)(B) or 2709(b) of
9	title 18, United States Code; or
10	"(iii) a directive under section
11	102(a)(4), 105B(e), as in effect on the day
12	before the date of the enactment of the
13	FISA Amendments Act of 2008 or 703(h).
14	"(7) STATE.—The term 'State' means any
15	State, political subdivision of a State, the Common-
16	wealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and
17	any territory or possession of the United States, and
18	includes any officer, public utility commission, or
19	other body authorized to regulate an electronic com-
20	munication service provider.
21	"SEC. 802. PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTING STATUTORY
22	DEFENSES.
23	"(a) REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATION.—
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
25	provision of law, no civil action may lie or be main-

1	tained in a Federal or State court against any per-
2	son for providing assistance to an element of the in-
3	telligence community, and shall be promptly dis-
4	missed, if the Attorney General certifies to the court
5.	that—
6	"(A) any assistance by that person was
7	provided pursuant to an order of the court es-
8	tablished under section 103(a) directing such
9	assistance;
10	"(B) any assistance by that person was
11	provided pursuant to a certification in writing
12	under section 2511(2)(a)(ii)(B) or 2709(b) of
13	title 18, United States Code;
14	"(C) any assistance by that person was
15	provided pursuant to a directive under sections
16	102(a)(4), 105B(e), as in effect on the day be-
17	fore the date of the enactment of the FISA
18	Amendments Act of 2008, or 703(h) directing
19	such assistance; or
20	"(D) the person did not provide the alleged
21	assistance.
22	"(2) REVIEW.—A certification made pursuant
23	to paragraph (1) shall be subject to review by a
24	court for abuse of discretion.

. 1	"(b) LIMITATIONS ON DISCLOSURE.—If the Attorney
2	General files a declaration under section 1746 of title 28,
3	United States Code, that disclosure of a certification made
4	pursuant to subsection (a) would harm the national secu-
5	rity of the United States, the court shall-
6	"(1) review such certification in camera and ex
7	parte; and
8	"(2) limit any public disclosure concerning such
9	certification, including any public order following
10	such an ex parte review, to a statement that the con-
11	ditions of subsection (a) have been met, without dis-
12	closing the subparagraph of subsection (a)(1) that is
13	the basis for the certification.
14	"(c) REMOVAL.—A civil action against a person for
15	providing assistance to an element of the intelligence com-
16	munity that is brought in a State court shall be deemed
17	to arise under the Constitution and laws of the United
18	States and shall be removable under section 1441 of title
19	28, United States Code.
20	"(d) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in
21	this section may be construed to limit any otherwise avail-
22	able immunity, privilege, or defense under any other provi-
23	sion of law.

1	"(e) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply to a
.2	civil action pending on or filed after the date of enactment
3	of the FISA Amendments Act of 2008.".
4	SEC. 204. PREEMPTION OF STATE INVESTIGATIONS.
5	Title VIII of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
6	Act (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as added by section 203
7	of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following
8	new section:
9	"SEC. 803. PREEMPTION.
10	"(a) In General.—No State shall have authority
11	to
12	"(1) conduct an investigation into an electronic
13	communication service provider's alleged assistance
14	to an element of the intelligence community;
15	"(2) require through regulation or any other
16	means the disclosure of information about an elec-
17	tronic communication service provider's alleged as-
18	sistance to an element of the intelligence community;
19	"(3) impose any administrative sanction on an
20	electronic communication service provider for assist-
21	ance to an element of the intelligence community; or
22	"(4) commence or maintain a civil action or
23	other proceeding to enforce a requirement that an
24	electronic communication service provider disclose

- 1 information concerning alleged assistance to an ele-
- 2 ment of the intelligence community.
- 3 "(b) SUITS BY THE UNITED STATES.—The United
- 4 States may bring suit to enforce the provisions of this sec-
- 5 tion.
- 6 "(c) JURISDICTION.—The district courts of the
- 7 United States shall have jurisdiction over any civil action
- 8 brought by the United States to enforce the provisions of
- 9 this section.
- 10 "(d) APPLICATION.—This section shall apply to any
- 11 investigation, action, or proceeding that is pending on or
- 12 filed after the date of enactment of the FISA Amendments
- 13 Act of 2008.".
- 14 SEC. 205. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.
- 15 The table of contents in the first section of the For-
- 16 eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
- 17 1801 et seq.), as amended by section 101(b), is further
- 18 amended by adding at the end the following:

"TITLE VIII—PROTECTION OF PERSONS ASSISTING THE GOVERNMENT

19 TITLE III—OTHER PROVISIONS

- 20 SEC. 301. SEVERABILITY.
- 21 If any provision of this Act, any amendment made
- 22 by this Act, or the application thereof to any person or

[&]quot;Sec. 801. Definitions.

[&]quot;Sec. 802. Procedures for implementing statutory defenses.

[&]quot;Sec. 803. Preemption.".

1	circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder
2	of the Act, any such amendments, and of the application
3	of such provisions to other persons and circumstances
4	shall not be affected thereby.
5	SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATE; REPEAL; TRANSITION PROCE-
6	DURES.
7	(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
8	(c), the amendments made by this Act shall take effect
9	on the date of the enactment of this Act.
10	(b) Repeal.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-
12	section (c), sections 105A, 105B, and 105C of the
.13	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
14	U.S.C. 1805a, 1805b, and 1805c) are repealed.
15	(2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of con-
16	tents in the first section of the Foreign Intelligence
17	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)
18	is amended by striking the items relating to sections
19	105A, 105B, and 105C.
20	(c) Transitions Procedures.—
21	(1) PROTECTION FROM LIABILITY.—Notwith-
22	standing subsection (b)(1), subsection (l) of section
23	105B of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
24	1978 shall remain in effect with respect to any di-

rectives issued pursuant to such section 105B for in-

T	formation, facilities, or assistance provided during
2,	the period such directive was or is in effect.
3	(2) Orders in effect.—
4	(A) ORDERS IN EFFECT ON DATE OF EN-
5	ACTMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
6	sion of this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence
7	Surveillance Act of 1978—
8	(i) any order in effect on the date of
9	enactment of this Act issued pursuant to
0	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
1	1978 or section 6(b) of the Protect Amer-
2	ica Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-55; 121
3	Stat. 556) shall remain in effect until the
4	date of expiration of such order; and
.5	(ii) at the request of the applicant,
.6	the court established under section 103(a)
7	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
8	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(a)) shall reau-
9	thorize such order if the facts and cir-
0.	cumstances continue to justify issuance of
21	such order under the provisions of such
22	Act, as in effect on the day before the date
23	of the enactment of the Protect America
4.	Act of 2007, except as amended by sec-

1	tions 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108
2	109, and 110 of this Act.
3	(B) Orders in effect on december 31
. 4	2013.—Any order issued under title VII of the
5	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
6	as amended by section 101 of this Act, in effec
7	on December 31, 2013, shall continue in effect
8	until the date of the expiration of such order
9	Any such order shall be governed by the appli-
10	cable provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Sur
11	veillance Act of 1978, as so amended.
12	(3) AUTHORIZATIONS AND DIRECTIVES IN EF
13	FECT.—
14	(A) AUTHORIZATIONS AND DIRECTIVES IN
15	EFFECT ON DATE OF ENACTMENT.—Notwith-
16	standing any other provision of this Act or of
17	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
18	1978, any authorization or directive in effect on
19	the date of the enactment of this Act issued
20	pursuant to the Protect America Act of 2007,
21	or any amendment made by that Act, shall re-
22	main in effect until the date of expiration of
23	such authorization or directive. Any such au-
24	thorization or directive shall be governed by the

applicable provisions of the Protect America Act

.3

of 2007 (121 Stat. 552), and the amendment made by that Act, and, except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection, any acquisition pursuant to such authorization or directive shall be deemed not to constitute electronic surveillance (as that term is defined in section 101(f) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(f)), as construed in accordance with section 105A of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805a)).

(B) AUTHORIZATIONS AND DIRECTIVES IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER 31, 2013.—Any authorization or directive issued under title VII of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as amended by section 101 of this Act, in effect on December 31, 2013, shall continue in effect until the date of the expiration of such authorization or directive. Any such authorization or directive shall be governed by the applicable provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as so amended, and, except as provided in section 707 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Surveillance Act of 1978, as so amended, any acquisition pursuant to such authorization pursuant to such authorization.

	<u> </u>
. 1	tion or directive shall be deemed not to con-
2	stitute electronic surveillance (as that term is
3	defined in section 101(f) of the Foreign Intel-
4	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to the extent
5	that such section 101(f) is limited by section
6	701 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
7	of 1978, as so amended).
8	(4) USE OF INFORMATION ACQUIRED UNDER
9	PROTECT AMERICA ACT.—Information acquired from
10	an acquisition conducted under the Protect America
11	Act of 2007, and the amendments made by that Act,
12	shall be deemed to be information acquired from an
13	electronic surveillance pursuant to title I of the For-
14	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
15	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) for purposes of section 106 of
16	that Act (50 U.S.C. 1806), except for purposes of
17	subsection (j) of such section.
18	(5) NEW ORDERS.—Notwithstanding any other
19	provision of this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence
20	Surveillance Act of 1978—
21	(A) the government may file an application
22	for an order under the Foreign Intelligence
23	Surveillance Act of 1978, as in effect on the
24	day before the date of the enactment of the

Protect America Act of 2007, except as amend-

1	ed by sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107,
2	108, 109, and 110 of this Act; and
. 3	(B) the court established under section
4	103(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
5	Act of 1978 shall enter an order granting such
6	an application if the application meets the re-
7	quirements of such Act, as in effect on the day
8	before the date of the enactment of the Protect
9	America Act of 2007, except as amended by
10	sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108,
11	109, and 110 of this Act.
12	(6) EXTANT AUTHORIZATIONS.—At the request
13	of the applicant, the court established under section
14	103(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
15	of 1978 shall extinguish any extant authorization to
16	conduct electronic surveillance or physical search en-
17	tered pursuant to such Act.
18	(7) APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—Any surveillance
19	conducted pursuant to an order entered pursuant to
20	this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of
21	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as
22	in effect on the day before the date of the enactment
23	of the Protect America Act of 2007, except as
24	amended by sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107,

108, 109, and 110 of this Act.

1	(8) Transition procedures concerning
2	THE TARGETING OF UNITED STATES PERSONS OVER-
3	SEAS.—Any authorization in effect on the date of
4	enactment of this Act under section 2.5 of Executive
5 .	Order 12333 to intentionally target a United States
6	person reasonably believed to be located outside the
7	United States shall remain in effect, and shall con-
8	stitute a sufficient basis for conducting such an ac-
9 -	quisition targeting a United States person located
0	outside the United States until the earlier of-
1	(A) the date that authorization expires; or
2	(B) the date that is 90 days after the date
3	of the enactment of this Act.