1 2 3	Purpose: To provide for the substitution of the United States in certain actions.
4	S. 2248
5	
6	To amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
7	1978, to modernize and streamline the provisions of that
8	Act, and for other purposes.
9	and and and to
10	Referred to the Committee on and ordered to
11	be printed
12	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed
13	AMENDMENT INTENDED TO BE PROPOSED BY
14	Viz:
15	Strike section 202 and insert the following:
16	SEC. 202. SUBSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES
17	IN CERTAIN ACTIONS.
18	(a) In General.—
19	(1) CERTIFICATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a Federal or State court shall substitute the United States for an electronic communication service
20 21	provider with respect to any claim in a covered civil action as provided in this
22	subsection, if the Attorney General certifies to that court that—
23 24	(A) with respect to that claim, the assistance alleged to have been provided by the electronic communication service provider was—
25	(i) provided in connection with an intelligence activity involving
26	communications that was— (I) authorized by the President during the period beginning on
27 28	September 11, 2001, and ending on January 17, 2007; and
29 30	(II) designed to detect or prevent a terrorist attack, or activities in preparation for a terrorist attack, against the United States; and
31	(ii) described in a written request or directive from the Attorney General
32 33	or the head of an element of the intelligence community (or the deputy of such person) to the electronic communication service provider indicating
34	that the activity was—

1	(I) authorized by the President; and
2	(II) determined to be lawful; or
3 4	(B) the electronic communication service provider did not provide the alleged assistance.
5	(2) Substitution.—
6 7	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), upon receiving a certification under paragraph (1), a Federal or State court shall—
8 9 10	(i) substitute the United States for the electronic communication service provider as the defendant as to all claims designated by the Attorney General in that certification; and
11	(ii) as to that electronic communication service provider—
12 13	(I) dismiss all claims designated by the Attorney General in that certification; and
14	(II) enter a final judgment relating to those claims.
15 16 17 18	(B) CONTINUATION OF CERTAIN CLAIMS.—If a certification by the Attorney General under paragraph (1) states that not all of the alleged assistance was provided under a written request or directive described in paragraph (1)(A)(ii), the electronic communication service provider shall remain as a defendant.
19	(3) PROCEDURES.—
20 21	(A) TORT CLAIMS.—Upon a substitution under paragraph (2), for any tort claim—
22 23 24	(i) the claim shall be deemed to have been filed under section 1346(b) of title 28, United States Code, except that sections 2401(b), 2675, and 2680(a) of title 28, United States Code, shall not apply; and
25 26 27	(ii) notwithstanding any other provision of law, the claim shall be deemed timely filed against the United States if it was timely filed against the electronic communication service provider.
28 29 30	(B) CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY CLAIMS.—Upon a substitution under paragraph (2), for any claim under the Constitution of the United States or any Federal statute—
31 32	(i) the claim shall be deemed to have been filed against the United States under section 1331 of title 28, United States Code;
33 34 35 36	(ii) with respect to any claim under a Federal statute that does not provide a cause of action against the United States, the plaintiff shall be permitted to amend such claim to substitute, as appropriate, a cause of action under—
37 38	(I) section 704 of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the Administrative Procedure Act);
39	(II) section 2712 of title 18, United States Code, except that

2 3	minimum amount of damages specified in subsection (a)(1) of that section shall not apply; or
4 5 6 7	(III) section 110 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1810), except that subsection (b) of that section and the minimum amount of damages specified in subsection (a) of that section shall not apply;
8 9 10 11	(iii) notwithstanding any other provision of law, the statutes of limitation applicable to the causes of action identified in clause (ii) shall not apply to any amended claim under that clause, and any such cause of action shall be deemed timely filed if any Federal statutory cause of action against the electronic communication service provider was timely filed;
13 14 15 16 17 18	(iv) notwithstanding any other provisions of law, for any amended claim under clause (ii) the United States shall be deemed a proper defendant under any statutes described in that clause, and any plaintiff that had standing to proceed against the original defendant shall be deemed an aggrieved party for purposes of proceeding under section 2712 of title 18 or section 110 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1810).
20	(C) DISCOVERY.—
21 22 23 24	(i) IN GENERAL— In a covered civil action in which the United States is substituted as party-defendant under paragraph (2), any plaintiff may serve third-party discovery requests to any electronic communications service provider as to which all claims are dismissed.
25 26 27 28 29 30	(ii) BINDING THE GOVERNMENT—If a plaintiff in a covered civil action serves Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 30(b)(6) deposition notices or Rule 36 requests for admission upon an electronic communications service provider as to which all claims were dismissed, the electronic communications service provider shall be deemed a party-defendant for purposes Rule 30(b)(6) or Rule 36 and its answers and admissions shall be deemed binding upon the government.
32	(b) Certifications.—
33	(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of substitution proceedings under this section—
34 35	(A) a certification under subsection (a) may be provided and reviewed in camera, ex parte, and under seal; and
36 37	(B) for any certification provided and reviewed as described in subparagraph(A), the court shall not disclose or cause the disclosure of its contents.
38 39 40	(2) Nondelegation.—The authority and duties of the Attorney General under this section shall be performed by the Attorney General or a designee in a position not lower than the Deputy Attorney General.
41	(c) SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY.—This section, including any Federal statute cited in this

section that operates as a waiver of sovereign immunity, constitute the sole waiver of sovereign immunity with respect to any covered civil action.

1 2

- (d) Civil Actions in State Court.—For purposes of section 1441 of title 28, United States Code, any covered civil action that is brought in a State court or administrative or regulatory bodies shall be deemed to arise under the Constitution or laws of the United States and shall be removable under that section.
- (e) Rule of Construction.—Except as expressly provided in this section, nothing in this section may be construed to limit any immunity, privilege, or defense under any other provision of law, including any privilege, immunity, or defense that would otherwise have been available to the United States absent its substitution as party-defendant or had the United States been the named defendant.
- (f) Effective Date and Application.—This section shall apply to any covered civil action pending on or filed after the date of enactment of this Act.