110тн	CONGRESS
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# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

# A BILL

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 Amend-
- 6 ments Act of 2008" or the "FISA Amendments Act of
- 7 2008".
- 8 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 9 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE

Sec. 101. Additional procedures regarding certain persons outside the United States.

- Sec. 102. Statement of exclusive means by which electronic surveillance and interception of certain domestic communications may be con-
- Sec. 103. Submittal to Congress of certain court orders under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 104. Applications for court orders.
- Sec. 105. Issuance of an order.
- Sec. 106. Use of information.
- Sec. 107. Amendments for physical searches.
- Sec. 108. Amendments for emergency pen registers and trap and trace devices.
- Sec. 109. Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court.
- Sec. 110. Review of previous actions.
- Sec. 111. Weapons Sec. 110. Weapons of mass destruction.
- Sec. 111. Technical and conforming amendments.
- [Sec. 112. Statute of limitations.]

### [TITLE II—PROTECTIONS FOR ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE PROVIDERS

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Limitations on civil actions for electronic communication service pro-
- Sec. 203. Procedures for implementing statutory defenses under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 204. Preemption of State investigations.
- Sec. 205. Technical amendments.]

#### TITLE III—COMMISSION ON WARRANTLESS SURVEILLANCE ACTIVITIES].

## TITLE III—OTHER PROVISIONS

- Sec. 301. Severability.
- Sec. 302. Effective date.
- Sec. 303. Repeals.
- Sec. 304. Transition; repeal; transition procedures.

#### TITLE I—FOREIGN 1

#### INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE 2

- SEC. 101. ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES REGARDING CERTAIN
- PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES. 4
- (a) In General.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveil-5
- lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) by striking title VII; and
- (2) by adding after title VI the following new 8
- title: 9

1	"TITLE VII—ADDITIONAL PROCE-
2	DURES REGARDING CERTAIN
3	PERSONS OUTSIDE THE
4	UNITED STATES
5	"SEC. 701. /LIMITATION ON DEFINITION OF ELECTRONIC
6	SURVEILLANCE.
7	"Nothing in the definition of electronic surveillance
8	under section 101(f) shall be construed to encompass sur-
9	veillance that is targeted in accordance with this title at
10	a person reasonably believed to be located outside the
11	United States.]
12	"SEC. [702]. DEFINITIONS.
13	"(a) In General.—The terms 'agent of a foreign
14	power', 'Attorney General', 'contents', 'electronic surveil-
15	· -
	'minimization procedures', 'person', 'United States', and
17	'United States person' shall have the meanings given such
18	terms in section 101, except as specifically provided in this
19	title.
20	"(b) Additional Definitions.—
21	"(1) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMIT-
22	TEES.—The term 'congressional intelligence commit-
23	tees' means—
24	"(A) the Select Committee on Intelligence
25	of the Senate; and

1	"(B) the Permanent Select Committee on
2	Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
3	"(2) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
4	COURT; COURT.—The terms 'Foreign Intelligence
5	Surveillance Court' and 'Court' mean the court es-
6	tablished by section 103(a).
7	"(3) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
8	COURT OF REVIEW; COURT OF REVIEW.—The terms
9	'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review'
10	and 'Court of Review' mean the court established by
11	section 103(b).
12	"(4) ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE
13	PROVIDER.—The term 'electronic communication
14	service provider' means—
15	"(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
16	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
17 -	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);
18	"(B) a provider of electronic communica-
19	tion service, as that term is defined in section
20	2510 of title 18, United States Code;
21	"(C) a provider of a remote computing
22	service, as that term is defined in section 2711
23	of title 18, United States Code;
24	"(D) any other communication service pro-
25	vider who has access to wire or electronic com-

1	munications either as such communications are
2	transmitted or as such communications are
3	stored; or
4	"(E) an officer, employee, or agent of an
5	entity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
6	or (D).
7	"(5) ELEMENT OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMU-
8	NITY. The term 'element of the intelligence com-
9	munity' means an element of the intelligence com-
10	munity specified in or designated under section 3(4)
11	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
12	401a(4)).
13	"(5) Intelligence community.—The term 'in-
14	telligence community' has the meaning given the term
15	in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947
16	(50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).
17	"SEC. [702.702]. PROCEDURES FOR TARGETING CERTAIN
18	PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES
19	OTHER THAN UNITED STATES PERSONS.
20	"(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any other
21	provision of law, I pursuant to an order issued in accord-
22	ance with subsection (i)(3) or a determination under sub-
23	section $(g)(1)(B)(ii)$ , law, the Attorney General and the
24	Director of National Intelligence may authorize jointly, for
25	a period periods of up to 1 year I from the effective date

of the authorization, ], the targeting of persons reasonably believed to be located outside the United States to acquire foreign intelligence information. "(b) LIMITATIONS.—An acquisition authorized under 4 subsection (a)— 5 "(1) may not intentionally target any person 6 known at the time of acquisition to be located in the 7 United States; 8 "(2) may not intentionally target a person rea-9 sonably believed to be located outside the United 10 States [if the purpose of such acquisition is] [in 11 order] to target a particular, known person reason-12 ably believed to be in the United States; States, ex-13 eept in accordance with title I or title III; 14 "(3) may not intentionally target a United 15 States person reasonably believed to be located out-16 side the United States; States, except in accordance 17 with sections 704, 705, or 706; 18 "(4) may shall not intentionally acquire any 19 communication as to which the sender and all in-20 tended recipients are known at the time of the ac-21 quisition to be located in the United States; and 22 "(5) shall be conducted in a manner consistent 23 with the fourth amendment to the Constitution of 24 the United States. 25

1	"(c) CONDUCT OF ACQUISITION.—III acquisition au
2	thorized under subsection (a) may be conducted only in
3	accordance with—
4	"(1) [IN GENERAL] —An acquisition author-
5	ized under subsection (a) may be conducted only in
6	accordance with—
7	"(A) the certification made by the Attorney
8	General and the Director of National Intel-
9	ligence submitted in accordance with subsection
10	(g) [or a determination under paragraph $(1)(B)$
11	of such subsection]; pursuant to subsection (f);
12	and
13	"(B) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ the targeting and minimization
14	procedures submitted in accordance with re-
15	quired pursuant to subsections (d) and (e) [and
16	the guidelines adopted in accordance with sub-
17	section $(f)$ ].
18	"[(2) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in [this Act
19	[the definition of electronic surveillance] shall be con
20	strued to require an application under section 104 fo
21	an acquisition that is targeted in accordance with
22	this section at a person reasonably believed to be lo
23	cated outside the United States.]
24	4 "(d) TARGETING PROCEDURES.—

1	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney
2	General, in consultation with the Director of Na-
3	tional Intelligence, shall adopt targeting procedures
4	that are reasonably designed to ensure that any ac-
5	quisition authorized under subsection (a) is limited
6	to targeting persons reasonably believed to be lo-
7	cated outside the United States and does not result
8	in the intentional acquisition of any communication
9	as to which the sender and all intended recipients
10	are known at the time of the acquisition to be lo-
11	cated in the United States.
12	"(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The procedures $re$ -
13	quired by referred to in paragraph (1) shall be sub-
. 14	ject to judicial review pursuant to subsection (i). (h).
15	"(e) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—
16	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney
17	General, in consultation with the Director of Na-
18	tional Intelligence, shall adopt minimization proce-
19	dures that meet the definition of minimization proce-
20	dures under section 101(h) or section 301(4), as ap-
21	propriate, for acquisitions authorized under sub-
22	section (a).
23	"(2) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The minimization
24	procedures required by paragraph (1) this subsection

1	shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to sub-
2	section $(i)$ . $\frac{\text{(h)}}{.}$
3	"[(f) GUIDELINES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH LIMITA-
4	TIONS.—
5	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney
6	General, in consultation with the Director of National
7	Intelligence, shall adopt guidelines to ensure—
8	"(A) compliance with the limitations in
9	subsection (b); and
10	"(B) that an application is filed under sec-
11	tion 104 or section 303, as appropriate, if re-
12	quired by [any other section of] this Act.
13	"(2) Training.—The Director of National Intel-
14	ligence shall establish a training program for appro-
15	priate intelligence community personnel to ensure
16	that the guidelines adopted pursuant to paragraph
17	(1) are properly implemented.
18	"(3) Submission to congress.—The Attorney
19	General shall provide the guidelines adopted pursuant
20	to paragraph (1) to—
21	"(A) the congressional intelligence commit-
22	tees; and
23	"(B) the Committees on the Judiciary of the
24	House of Representatives and the Senate.]
24	House of Representatives and the Senate.]

1	"[(f) GUIDELINES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH LIMITA-
2	TIONS.—
3	"(1) REQUIREMENT TO ADOPT.—The Attorney
4	General, in consultation with the Director of National
5	Intelligence, shall adopt guidelines to ensure—
6	"(A) compliance with the limitations in
7	subsection (b); and
8	"(B) that an application is filed under sec-
9	tion 104 or 303, if required by this Act.
0	"(2) CRITERIA.—With respect to subsection
1	(b)(2), the guidelines adopted pursuant to paragraph
12	(1) shall contain specific criteria for determining
13	whether a significant purpose of an acquisition is to
14	acquire the communications of a specific United
15	States person reasonably believed to be located in the
16	United States. Such criteria shall include consider-
17	ation of whether—
18	"(A) the department or agency of the Fed-
19	eral Government conducting the acquisition has
20	made an inquiry to another department or agen-
21	cy of the Federal Government to gather informa-
22	tion on the specific United States person;
23	"(B) the department or agency of the Fed-
24	eral Government conducting the acquisition has
2:	provided information that identifies the specific

1	United States person to another department or
2	agency of the Federal Government;
3	"(C) the department or agency of the Fed-
4	eral Government conducting the acquisition de-
5	termines that the specific United States person
6	has been the subject of ongoing interest or re-
7	peated investigation by a department or agency
8	of the Federal Government; and
9	"(D) the specific United States person is a
10	natural person.
11	"(3) Training.—The Director of National Intel-
12	ligence shall establish a training program for appro-
13	priate personnel of the intelligence community to en-
14	sure that the guidelines adopted pursuant to para-
15	graph (1) are properly implemented.
16	"(4) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS AND FOREIGN
17	INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.—The Attorney
18	General shall submit the guidelines adopted pursuant
19	to paragraph (1) to—
20	"(A) the congressional intelligence commit-
21	tees;
22	"(B) the Committees on the Judiciary of the
23	House of Representatives and the Senate; and
24	"(C) the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
25	Court.]

1 ·	"(g) CERTIFICATION.—
2	"(1) In general.—
3	"(A) REQUIREMENT.—Subject to subpara-
4	graph (B), In order to conduct an acquisition
5	under subsection (a), prior to the initiation of
6	an acquisition authorized under subsection (a),
7	the Attorney General and the Director of Na-
8	tional Intelligence shall provide to the Foreign
9	Intelligence Surveillance Court, , under oath, a
10	written certification and any supporting affi-
11	davit, under seal, as described in this sub-
12	section.
13	"(B) TIMING OF SUBMISSION TO THE
14	COURT.—
15	"(i) In General.—Except as provided
16	in clause (ii), the Attorney General and Di-
17	rector of National Intelligence shall provide
18	a copy of a certification made under this
19	subsection to the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
20	veillance Court prior to the initiation of an
21	$acquisition \ under \ subsection \ (a).$
22	"[(ii) EXCEPTION.—If the Attorney
23	General and the Director of National Intel-
24	ligence determine that immediate action by
25	the Government is required and time does

not permit the preparation of a certifi-1 cation under this subsection prior to the 2 initiation of an acquisition, the Attorney 3 General and the Director of National Intel-4 ligence shall prepare and submit such cer-5 tification to the Foreign Intelligence Sur-6 veillance Court, including such the deter-7 mination, as soon as possible but in no 8 event more than 7 days after such deter-9 mination is made.] 10 EXCEPTION.—If the Attorney 11 General and the Director of National Intel-12 ligence determine that immediate action by 13 the Government is required and time does 14 not permit the issuance of an order pursu-15 ant to subsection (i)(3) prior to the initi-16 ation of an acquisition, the Attorney Gen-17 eral and the Director of National Intel-18 ligence may authorize the acquisition and 19 shall submit to the Foreign Intelligence Sur-20 veillance Court a certification [including] 21 [and] the determination under this sub-22 section as soon as possible but in no event 23 more than 7 days after such determination 24 is made.] 25

1	["(ii) EMERGENCY AUTHORIZATION.—
2	If the Attorney General and the Director of
3	National Intelligence determine that an
4	emergency situation exists, immediate ac-
5	tion by the Government is required, and
6	time does not permit the completion of judi-
7	cial review pursuant to subsection (i) prior
8	to the initiation of an acquisition, the At-
9	torney General and the Director of National
10	Intelligence may authorize the acquisition
11	and shall submit to the Foreign Intelligence
12	Surveillance Court certification under this
13	subsection [including][and] the determina-
14	tion as soon as possible but in no event
15	more than 7 days after such determination
16	is made.]
17	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A certification made
18	under this subsection shall—
19	"(A) attest that—
20	"(i) there are reasonable procedures
21	in place that have been approved or sub-
22	mitted for approval to the Foreign Intel-
23	ligence Surveillance Court, for determining
24	that the acquisition authorized under sub-
25	section (a)—

1	"(I) is targeted at persons rea
2	sonably believed to be located outside
3	the United States; and that such pro-
4	cedures have been approved by, or wil
5	be submitted in not more than 5 days
6	for approval by, the Foreign Intel-
7	ligence Surveillance Court pursuant to
8	subsection (h);
9	"(II)(ii) there are reasonable pro-
10	cedures in place for determining that
11	the acquisition authorized under sub-
12	section (a) does not result in the in-
13	tentional acquisition of any commu-
14	nication as to which the sender and
15	all intended recipients are known at
16	the time of the acquisition to be lo-
17	cated in the United States; States,
18	and that such procedures have been
19	approved by, or will be submitted in
20	not more than 5 days for approval by,
21	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
22	Court pursuant to subsection (h);
23	["(ii) guidelines have been adopted in
24	accordance with subsection (f) to ensure
25	compliance with the limitations in sub-

1	section (b) and to ensure that applications
2	are filed under section 104 or section 303,
3	if required by this Act;]
4	"(iii) the minimization procedures to
5	be used with respect to such acquisition—
6	"(I) meet the definition of mini-
7	mization procedures under section
8	101(h) or section 301(4), as appro-
9	priate; and
10	"(II) have been approved by, or
11	submitted for approval by, the Foreign
12	$Intelligence\ Surveillance\ Court;$
13	"(iv) the procedures [and guidelines]
14	referred to in clauses (i), (ii) [ and (iii )]
15	(ii) are consistent with the requirements of
16	the fourth amendment to the Constitution
17	of the United States; and do not permit
18	the intentional targeting of any person who
19	is known at the time of acquisition to be
20	located in the United States or the inten-
21	tional acquisition of any communication as
22	to which the sender and all intended recipi-
23	ents are known at the time of acquisition
24	to be located in the United States;

1	" $(v)$ (iv) a significant purpose of the
2	acquisition is to obtain foreign intelligence
3	information;
4	"(v) the minimization procedures to
5	be used with respect to such acquisition-
6	"(I) meet the definition of mini-
7	mization procedures under section
8	101(h) or section 301(4); and
9	"(II) have been approved by, or
10	will be submitted in not more than 5
11	days for approval by, the Foreign In-
12	telligence Surveillance Court pursuant
13	to subsection (h);
14	"(vi) the acquisition involves obtaining
15	the foreign intelligence information from or
16	with the assistance of an electronic com-
17	munication service provider; and
18	"(vii) the acquisition [complies with
19	the limitations in subsection (b); I [ does
20	not constitute electronic surveillance, as
21	limited by section 701; and
22	"(B) be supported, as appropriate, by the
23	affidavit of any appropriate official in the area
24	of national security who is—

1	"(i) appointed by the President, by
2	and with the consent of the Senate; or
3	"(ii) the head of any element of the
4	intelligence community; and community.
5	["(C) include—]
6	I"(i) an effective date for the author-
7	ization that is between 30 and 60 days from
8	the submission of the written certification to
9	the court; or]
10	["(ii) if the acquisition has begun or
11	the effective date is less than 30 days from
12	the submission of the written certification to
13	the court—]
14	I"(I) the date the acquisition
15	began or the effective date for the ac-
16	$quisition; m{J}$
17	["(II) a description of why initi-
18	ation of the acquisition is required in
19	less than 30 days from the submission
20	of the written certification to the court;
21	and ]
22	["(III) if the acquisition is au-
23	thorized under paragraph $(1)(B)(ii)$ , a
24	description of [the basis for the deter-
25	mination that an emergency situation

1	exists, and] why immediate action by
2	the Government is required and time
3	does not permit the issuance of an
4	$order\ pursuant\ to\ subsection\ (i)(3)$
5	prior to the initiation of the acquisi-
6	$tion.$ $m{J}$
7	"(3) LIMITATION.—A certification made under
8	this subsection is not required to identify the specific
9	facilities, places, premises, or property at which the
10	acquisition authorized under subsection (a) will be
11	directed or conducted.
12	"(4) Submission to the court maintenance
13	OF CERTIFICATION.—The Attorney General shall
14	transmit a copy of a certification made under this
15	subsection, and any supporting affidavit, under seal
16	to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court as
17	soon as possible, but in no event more than 5 days
18	after such certification is made. The Attorney Gen-
19	eral shall maintain s S uch certification shall be
20	maintained under security measures adopted by the
21	Chief Justice of the United States and the Attorney
22	General, in consultation with the Director of Na-
23	tional Intelligence.

1	"(5) REVIEW.—The certification required by
2	this subsection shall be subject to judicial review
3	pursuant to subsection $(i)$ . $(h)$ .
4	"(h)(g) DIRECTIVES AND JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DI-
5	RECTIVES.—
6	"(1) AUTHORITY.—With respect to an acquisi-
7	tion authorized under subsection (a), the Attorney
8	General and the Director of National Intelligence
9	may direct, in writing, an electronic communication
10	service provider to—
11	"(A) immediately provide the Government
12	with all information, facilities, or assistance
13	necessary to accomplish the acquisition author-
14	ized in accordance with this section in a manner
15	that will protect the secrecy of the acquisition
16	and produce a minimum of interference with
17	the services that such electronic communication
18	service provider is providing to the target of the
19	acquisition; and
20	"(B) maintain under security procedures
2	approved by the Attorney General and the Di-
22	rector of National Intelligence any records con-
2:	cerning the acquisition or the aid furnished that
2	a de la communication garvice provider
- 2	

1	"(2) COMPENSATION.—The Government shall
2	compensate, at the prevailing rate, an electronic
3	communication service provider for providing infor-
4	mation, facilities, or assistance pursuant to para-
5	graph (1).
6	"(3) RELEASE FROM LIABILITY.—
7	Notwithstanding any other law, no cause of action
8	shall lie in any court against any electronic commu-
9	nication service provider for providing any informa-
0	tion, facilities, or assistance in accordance with a di-
1	rective issued pursuant to paragraph (1).
12	"(4) Challenging of directives.—
13	"(A) AUTHORITY TO CHALLENGE.—An
14	electronic communication service provider re-
15	ceiving a directive issued pursuant to paragraph
16	(1) may challenge the directive by filing a peti-
17	tion with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
18	Court, which shall have jurisdiction to review
19	such a petition.
20	"(B) Assignment.—The presiding judge
21	of the Court shall assign the petition filed
22	under subparagraph (A) to 1 of the judges serv-
23	ing in the pool established by section 103(e)(1)
24	not later than 24 hours after the filing of the
25	petition.

25

1	"(C) STANDARDS FOR REVIEW.—A judge
2	considering a petition to modify or set aside a
3	directive may grant such petition only if the
4	judge finds that the directive does not meet the
5	requirements of this section, or is otherwise un-
6	lawful.
7	"(D) PROCEDURES FOR INITIAL RE-
8	view.—A judge shall conduct an initial review
9	of a petition filed under subparagraph (A) not
10	later than 5 days after being assigned such a
11	petition. described in subparagraph (C). If the
12	judge determines that the petition does not con-
13	sist consists of claims, defenses, or other legal
14	contentions that are not warranted by existing
15	law or by a nonfrivolous argument for extend-
16	ing, modifying, or reversing existing law or for
17	establishing new law, the judge shall imme-
18	diately deny the petition and affirm the direc-
19	tive or any part of the directive that is the sub-
20	ject of the petition and order the recipient to
21	comply with the directive or any part of it.
22	Upon making such a determination or promptly
23	thereafter, the judge shall provide a written
24	statement for the record of the reasons for a

determination under this subparagraph.

"(E) PROCEDURES FOR PLENARY RE-
VIEW.—If a judge determines that a petition
filed under described in subparagraph (A) (C)
requires plenary review, the judge shall affirm,
modify, or set aside the directive that is the
subject of that petition not later than 30 days
after being assigned the petition. If petition,
unless the judge does not set, by order for rea-
sons stated, extends that time as necessary to
comport with the due process clause of the fifth
amendment to the Constitution of the United
States. Unless the judge sets aside the direc-
tive, the judge shall immediately affirm or af-
firm with modifications the directive or order
that the directive be modified, ; and order the
recipient to comply with the directive in its en-
tirety or as modified. The judge shall provide a
written statement for the records of the reasons
for a determination under this subparagraph.
"(F) CONTINUED EFFECT.—Any directive
not explicitly modified or set aside under this
paragraph shall remain in full effect.
"(G) CONTEMPT OF COURT.—Failure to
obey an order of the Court issued under this

1	paragraph may be punished by the Court as
2	contempt of court.
3	"(5) Enforcement of directives.—
4	"(A) ORDER TO COMPEL.—If an electronic
5	communication service provider fails COMPEL.In
6	the case of a failure to comply with a directive
7	issued pursuant to paragraph (1), the Attorney
8	General may file a petition for an order to com-
9	pel the electronic communication service provider
10	to comply compliance with the directive with the
11	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court, which
12	shall have jurisdiction to review such a petition.
13	"(B) Assignment.—The presiding judge
14	of the Court shall assign a petition filed under
15	subparagraph (A) to 1 of the judges serving in
16	the pool established by section 103(e)(1) not
17	later than 24 hours after the filing of the peti-
18	tion.
19	"(C) PROCEDURES STANDARDS FOR RE-
20	VIEW.—A judge considering a petition filed
21	under subparagraph (A) shall issue an order re-
22	quiring the electronic communication service
23	provider to comply with the directive or any
24	part of it, as issued or as modified, not later
25	than 30 days after being assigned the petition if

1	the judge finds that the directive meets the re-
2	quirements of this section, and is otherwise law-
3	ful.
4	"(D) PROCEDURES FOR REVIEW. The
5	judge shall render a determination not later
6	than 30 days after being assigned a petition
7	filed under subparagraph (A), unless the judge,
8	by order for reasons stated, extends that time
9	if necessary to comport with the due process
10	clause of the fifth amendment to the Constitu-
11 .	tion of the United States. The judge shall pro-
12	vide a written statement for the record of the
13	reasons for a determination under this para-
14	graph.
15	"(D)(E) CONTEMPT OF COURT.—Failure
16	to obey an order of the Court issued under this
17	paragraph may be punished by the Court as
18	contempt of court.
19	"(E)(F) Process.—Any process under
20	this paragraph may be served in any judicial
21	district in which the electronic communication
22	service provider may be found.
23	"(6) APPEAL.—
24	"(A) APPEAL TO THE COURT OF RE-
25	VIEW.—The Government or an electronic com-

1	munication service provider receiving a directive
2	issued pursuant to paragraph (1) may file a pe-
3	tition with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
4	Court of Review for review of a the decision
5	issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5). The
6	Court of Review shall have jurisdiction to con-
7	sider such a petition and shall provide a written
8	statement for the record of the reasons for a
9	decision under this paragraph.
10	"(B) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME
11	COURT.—The Government or an electronic com-
12	munication service provider receiving a directive
13	issued pursuant to paragraph (1) may file a pe-
14	tition for a writ of certiorari for review of the
15	decision of the Court of Review issued under
16	subparagraph (A). The record for such review
17	shall be transmitted under seal to the Supreme
18	Court of the United States, which shall have ju-
19	risdiction to review such decision.
20	"(i)(h) Judicial Review of Certifications and
21	Procedures.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—
23	"(A) REVIEW BY THE FOREIGN INTEL
24	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.—The Foreign
25	Intelligence Surveillance Court shall have juris

1	diction to review any certification required by
2	submitted in accordance with subsection (e $g$ )
3	and the targeting and minimization procedures
4	submitted in accordance with adopted pursuant
5	to subsections (d) and (e), [and any amend-
6	ments to such certification or procedures]. $(e)$ .
7	"[(B) TIME PERIOD FOR REVIEW .—SUB-
8	MISSION TO THE COURT.—The Attorney Gen-
9	eral shall submit to the Court any such The
10	Court shall review the certification submitted in
11	accordance with subsection (g) and the targeting
12	and minimization procedures submitted in ac-
13	cordance with subsections (d) and (e) and ap-
14	prove or deny an order under this subsection
15	procedure, or amendment thereto, not later
16	than 30 5 days after making or amending the
17	date on which a certification is submitted. or
18	adopting or amending the procedures.]
19	I"(C) AMENDMENTS.—The Attorney Gen-
20	eral and the Director of National Intelligence
21	may amend a certification submitted in accord-
22	ance with subsection (g) or the targeting and
23	minimization procedures submitted in accord-
24	ance with subsections (d) and (e) as necessary
25	after such certification or procedures have been

1	submitted for review to the Foreign Intelligence
2	Surveillance Court.]
3	"(2) REVIEW. — CERTIFICATIONS.—The The
4	Court shall review the following:
5	"(A) CERTIFICATION.—A $\alpha$ certification
6	submitted in accordance with provided under
7	subsection $(g)$ (f) to determine whether the cer-
8	tification contains all the required elements.
9	" $(B)$ (3) TARGETING PROCEDURES.—The
10	Court shall review the targeting procedures re-
11	quired by submitted in accordance with sub-
12	section (d) to assess whether the procedures are
13	reasonably designed to ensure that the acquisi-
14	tion authorized under subsection (a) is limited
15	to the targeting of persons reasonably believed
16	to be located outside the United States and
17	does not result in the intentional acquisition of
18	any communication as to which the sender and
19	all intended recipients are known at the time of
20	the acquisition to be located in the United
21	States.
22	"(C)(4) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—
23	The Court shall review the minimization proce-
24	dures required by submitted in accordance with
2 <del>4</del> 25	subsection (e) to assess whether such proce-

dures meet the definition of minimization procedures under section 101(h) or section 301(4), as

appropriate. 301(4).

"(3)(5) ORDERS.—

"(A) Approval.—If the Court finds that a certification required by submitted in accordance with subsection (g) (f) contains all of the required elements and that the targeting and minimization procedures required by submitted in accordance with subsections (d) and (e) are consistent with the requirements of those subsections and with the fourth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, the Court shall enter an order approving the certification and the continued use of the procedures for the acquisition. authorized under subsection (a).

"[(B) CORRECTION OF DEFICIENCIES.—If the Court finds that a certification required by submitted in accordance with subsection (g) (f) does not contain all of the required elements, or that the procedures required by submitted in accordance with subsections (d) and (e) are not consistent with the requirements of those subsections or the fourth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, the Court shall

1	issue an order directing the Government to, at
2	the Government's election and to the extent re-
3	quired by the Court's order—
4	"(i) correct any deficiency identified
5	by the Court's order not later than 30 days
6	after the date the Court issues the order;
7	or
8 ,	"(ii) cease [or not begin] the acquisi-
9	tion authorized under subsection (a).]
10	["(B) CORRECTION OF DEFICIENCIES.—If
11	the Court finds that a certification submitted
12	pursuant to subsection (g) does not contain all of
13	the required elements or that the procedures sub-
14	mitted in accordance with subsections (d) and
15	(e) are not consistent with the requirements of
16	those subsections or the fourth amendment to the
17	Constitution of the United States—]
18	["(i) in the case of a certification sub-
19	mitted in accordance with subsection
20	(g)(1)(A), the Court shall deny the order,
21	identify any deficiency in the certification
22	or procedures, and provide the Government
23	with an opportunity to correct such defi-
24	ciency; and]

1	I''(ii) in the case of a certification
2	submitted in accordance with subsection
3	(g)(1)(B), the Court shall issue an order di-
4	recting the Government to, at the Govern-
5	ment's election and to the extent required by
6	the Court's order—]
7	<b>L</b> "(I) correct any deficiency iden-
8	tified by the Court's order not later
9	than 30 days after the date the Court
10	issues the order; or
11	["(II) cease the acquisition au-
12	thorized under subsection $(g)(1)(B)$ .]
13	"(C) REQUIREMENT FOR WRITTEN STATE-
14	MENT.—In support of its orders under this sub-
15	section, the Court shall provide, simultaneously
16	with the orders, for the record a written state-
17	ment of its reasons.
18	"(4)(6) APPEAL.—
19	"(A) APPEAL TO THE COURT OF RE-
20	VIEW.—The Government may appeal any order
21	under this section to the Foreign Intelligence
22	Surveillance Court of Review, which shall have
23	jurisdiction to review such order. For any deci-
24	sion affirming, reversing, or modifying an order
25	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court,

1	the Court of Review shall provide for the record
2	a written statement of its reasons.
3	"(B) CONTINUATION OF ACQUISITION
4	PENDING REHEARING OR APPEAL.—Any acqui-
5	sitions affected by an order under paragraph
6	(3)(B) $(5)(B)$ may continue—
7	"(i) during the pendency of any re-
8	hearing of the order by the Court en banc;
9	and
10	"(ii) if the Government appeals an
11	order under this section, subject to until
12	the entry Court of Review enters an order
13	under subparagraph (C).
14	"(C) IMPLEMENTATION PENDING AP-
15	PEAL.—Not later than 60 days after the filing
16	of an appeal of an order issued under para-
17	graph $(3)(B)$ $(5)(B)$ directing the correction of
18	a deficiency, the Court of Review shall deter-
19	mine, and enter a corresponding order regard-
20	ing, whether all or any part of the correction
21	order, as issued or modified, shall be imple-
22	mented during the pendency of the appeal.
23	"(D) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME
24	COURT.—The Government may file a petition
25	for a writ of certiorari for review of a decision

of the Court of Review issued under subpara-1 graph (A). The record for such review shall be 2 transmitted under seal to the Supreme Court of 3 the United States, which shall have jurisdiction 4 to review such decision. 5 ["(5) SCHEDULE.—] 6 ["(A) REPLACEMENT OF AUTHORIZATIONS 7 IN EFFECT.—In order to replace an authoriza-8 tion issued pursuant to section 105B of the For-9 eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as 10 added by section 2 of the Protect America Act of 11 2007 (Public Law 110-55) with an authorization 12 under this section, the Attorney General and the 13 Director of National Intelligence shall, to the ex-14 tent practicable, submit to the Court the certifi-15 cation prepared in accordance with subsection 16 (g) and the procedures adopted in accordance 17 with subsections (d) and (e) [and the guidelines 18 adopted pursuant to subsection (f)] at least 30 19 days before the expiration of such authoriza-20 tion. 21 ["(B) REAUTHORIZATION OF AUTHORIZA-22 TIONS IN EFFECT.—In order to replace an au-23 thorization issued pursuant to this section, the 24

Attorney General and the Director of National

1	Intelligence shall, to the extent practicable, sub-
2	mit to the Court the certification prepared in ac-
3	cordance with section (g) and the procedures
4	adopted in accordance with subsections (d) and
5	(e) [and the guidelines adopted pursuant to sub-
6	section (f)] at least 30 days prior to the expira-
7	tion of such authorization.]
8	["(C) CONSOLIDATED SUBMISSIONS.—The
9	Attorney General and Director of National Intel-
10	ligence shall, to the extent practicable, annually
11	submit to the Court a consolidation of—]
12	<b>I</b> "(i) certifications prepared in accord-
13	ance with subsection (g) for reauthorization
14	of authorizations in effect;
15	["(ii) the procedures adopted in ac-
16	cordance with subsections (d) and (e); and
17	["(iii) the annual review required by
18	subsection $(l)(3)$ for the preceding year.
19	["(D) TIMING OF REVIEWS.—The Attorney
20	General and the Director of National Intelligence
21	shall schedule the completion of the annual re-
22	view required by subsection (l)(3) and a semi-
23	annual assessment required by subsection (l)(1)
24	so that they may be submitted to the Court at the

1	time of the consolidated submission under sub-
2	$paragraph$ (C). $m{J}$
3	["(E) CONSTRUCTION.—The requirements
4	of subparagraph (C) shall not be construed to
5	preclude the Attorney General and the Director
6	of National Intelligence from submitting certifi-
7	cations for additional authorizations at other
8	times during the year as necessary.
9	["(6) COMPLIANCE.—At or before the end of the
10	period of time for which an authorization under sub-
11	section (a) expires, the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
12	lance Court may assess compliance with the mini-
13	mization procedures required under subsection (e) by
14	reviewing the circumstances under which information
15	concerning United States persons was acquired, re-
16	tained, or disseminated.
17	"(j) EXPEDITED JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.—
18	"(1) EXPEDITED PROCEEDINGS.—Judicial pro-
19	ceedings under this section shall be conducted as ex-
20	peditiously as possible.
21	"(2) TIME LIMITS.—A time limit for a judicial
22	decision in this section shall apply unless the Court,
23	the Court of Review, or any judge of either the Court
24	or the Court of Review, by order for reasons stated,
25	extends that time [for good cause] [as necessary to

1	comport with the due process clause of the fifth
2	amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
3	" $(k)$ (j) Maintenance and Security of Records
4	AND PROCEEDINGS.—
5	"(1) STANDARDS.—[The Foreign Intelligence
6	Surveillance Court] [Administrative Office of the
7	Courts of the United States] shall maintain $oldsymbol{A}$ a
8	record of a proceeding under this section, including
9	petitions filed, orders granted, and statements of
10	reasons for decision, shall be maintained under secu-
11	rity measures adopted by the Chief Justice of the
12	United States, in consultation with the Attorney
13	General and the Director of National Intelligence.
14	"(2) FILING AND REVIEW.—All petitions under
15	this section shall be filed under seal. In any pro-
16	ceedings under this section, the court shall, upon re-
17	quest of the Government, review ex parte and in
18	camera any Government submission, or portions of
19	a submission, which may include classified informa-
20	tion.
21	"(3) RETENTION OF RECORDS.—The Director of
22	National Intelligence and the Attorney General shall
23	retain a RECORDSA directive made or an order
24	granted under this section shall be retained for a pe-

1	riod of not less than 10 years from the date on
2	which such directive or such order is made.
3	"(1)(k) Assessments and Reviews.—
4	"(1) SEMIANNUAL ASSESSMENT.—Not less fre-
5	quently than once every 6 months, the Attorney
6	General and Director of National Intelligence shall
7	assess compliance with the targeting and minimiza-
8	tion procedures required by submitted in accordance
9	with subsections (e $d$ ) and (f $e$ ) [and the guidelines
10	adopted in accordance with subsection (f) and shall
11	submit each such assessment to—
12	"(A) the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
13	Court; and
14	"(B) the congressional intelligence commit-
15	tees; and committees.
16	<b>[</b> "(C) the Committees on the Judiciary of
17	the House of Representatives and the Senate. $ lap{1}{3}$
18	"(2) AGENCY ASSESSMENT.—The Inspectors
19	General of the Department of Justice and of each
20	any element of the intelligence community author-
21	ized to acquire foreign intelligence information under
22	subsection (a) with respect to their department,
23	agency, or element of such Inspector General—
24	"(A) are authorized to review the compli-
25	ance with the targeting and minimization proce-

	- 17
1	dures required by submitted in accordance with
2	subsections (d) and (e) [and the guidelines sub-
3	$mitted\ in\ accordance\ with\ subsection\ (f)$
4	"(B) with respect to acquisitions author-
5	ized under subsection (a), shall review the num-
6	ber of disseminated intelligence reports con-
7	taining a reference to a United States person
8	identity and the number of United States per-
9	son identities subsequently disseminated by the
10	element concerned in response to requests for
11	identities that were not referred to by name or
12	title in the original reporting;
13	"(C) with respect to acquisitions author-
14	ized under subsection (a), shall review the num-
15	ber of targets that were later determined to be
16	located in the United States and, to the extent
17	possible, whether their communications were re-
18	viewed; and
19	"(D) shall provide each such review to-
20	"(i) the Attorney General;
21	"(ii) the Director of National Intel-
22	ligence; <del>and</del>
23	"(iii) the congressional intelligence
24	committees; and committees.
·	•

1	"[(iv) the Committees on the Junioury
2	of the House of Representatives and the
3	Senate.]
4	"[ $(v)$ the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
5	lance Court.]
6	"(3) ANNUAL REVIEW.—
7	"(A) REQUIREMENT TO CONDUCT.—The
8	head of each an element of the intelligence com-
9	munity conducting an acquisition authorized
10	under subsection (a) shall direct the element to
11	conduct an annual review to determine whether
12	there is reason to believe that foreign intel-
13	ligence information has been or will be obtained
14	from the acquisition. The annual review shall
15	provide, with respect to such acquisitions au-
16	thorized under subsection (a)—
17	"(i) an accounting of the number and
18	nature of disseminated intelligence reports
19	containing a reference to a United States
20	person identity;
21	"(ii) an accounting of the number and
22	nature of United States person identities
23	subsequently disseminated by that element
24	in response to requests for identities that

1	were not referred to by name or title in the
2	original reporting;
3	"(iii) the number of targets that were
4	later determined to be located in the
5	United States and, to the extent possible,
6	whether their communications were re-
7	viewed; and
8	"(iv) a description of any procedures
9	developed by the head of an such element
10	of the intelligence community and ap-
11	proved by the Director of National Intel-
12	ligence to assess, in a manner consistent
13	with national security, operational require-
14	ments and the privacy interests of United
15	States persons, the extent to which the ac-
16	quisitions authorized under subsection (a)
17	acquire the communications of United
18	States persons, and as well as the results
19	of any such assessment.
20	"(B) USE OF REVIEW.—The head of each
21	element of the intelligence community that con-
22	ducts an annual review under subparagraph (A)
23	shall use each such review to evaluate the ade-
24	quacy of the minimization procedures utilized
25	by such element or the application of the mini-

1	mization procedures to a particular acquisition
2	authorized under subsection (a).
3	"(C) Provision of Review.—The head of
4	each element of the intelligence community that
5	conducts an annual review under subparagraph
6	(A) shall provide such review to—
7	"(i) the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
8	lance Court;
9	"(ii) the Attorney General;
10	"(iii) the Director of National Intel-
11	ligence; and
12	"(iv) the congressional intelligence
13	committees; and committees.
14	$I\!\!I''(v)$ the Committees on the Judiciary
15	of the House of Representatives and the
16	Senate.
17	"SEC. [704.703.] CERTAIN ACQUISITIONS INSIDE THE UNITED
18	STATES OF UNITED STATES PERSONS OUT-
19	SIDE THE UNITED STATES.
20	"(a) Jurisdiction of the Foreign Intelligence
21	SURVEILLANCE COURT.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Foreign Intelligence
23	Surveillance Court shall have jurisdiction review and
24	application and to enter an order approving the tar
25	geting of a United States person reasonably believed

to be located outside the United States to acquire foreign intelligence information, if such the acquisition constitutes electronic surveillance [ (as defined in section 101(f), regardless of the limitation of section 701)] or the acquisition of stored electronic communications or stored electronic data that requires an order under this Act, and such acquisition is conducted within the United States.

"(2) LIMITATION.—If In the event that a United States person targeted under this subsection is reasonably believed to be located in the United States during the pendency of an order issued pursuant to subsection (c), such acquisition shall cease unless until authority, other than under this section, is obtained pursuant to this Act or the targeted United States person is again reasonably believed to be located outside the United States during the pendency of an order issued pursuant to subsection (c).

## "(b) APPLICATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each application for an order under this section shall be made by a Federal officer in writing upon oath or affirmation to a judge having jurisdiction under subsection (a)(1). Each application shall require the approval of the

1	Attorney General based upon the Attorney General's
2	finding that it satisfies the criteria and requirements
3	of such application, as set forth in this section, and
4	shall include—
5	"(A) the identity of the Federal officer
6	making the application;
7	"(B) the identity, if known, or a descrip-
8	tion of the United States person who is the tar-
9	get of the acquisition;
10	"(C) a statement of the facts and cir-
11	cumstances relied upon to justify the appli-
12	cant's belief that the United States person who
13	is the target of the acquisition is—
14	"(i) a person reasonably believed to be
15	located outside the United States; and
16	"(ii) a foreign power, an agent of a
17	foreign power, or an officer or employee of
18	a foreign power;
19	"(D) a statement of the proposed mini-
20	mization procedures that meet the definition of
21	minimization procedures in under section
22	101(h) or section 301(4), as appropriate,
23	<del>301(4);</del>

1	"(E) a description of the nature of the in-
2	formation sought and the type of communica-
3	tions or activities to be subjected to acquisition;
4	"(F) a certification made by the Attorney
5	General or an official specified in section
6	104(a)(6) that—
7	"(i) the certifying official deems the
8	information sought to be foreign intel-
9	ligence information;
10	"(ii) a significant purpose of the ac-
11	quisition is to obtain foreign intelligence
12	information;
13	"(iii) such information cannot reason-
14	ably be obtained by normal investigative
15	techniques;
16	"(iv) designates the type of foreign in-
17	telligence information being sought accord-
18	ing to the categories described in section
19	101(e); and
20	"(v) includes a statement of the basis
21	for the certification that—
22	"(I) the information sought is
23	the type of foreign intelligence infor-
24	mation designated; and

1 -	$``(\Pi)$ such information cannot
2	reasonably be obtained by normal in-
3	vestigative techniques;
4	"(G) a summary statement of the means
5	by which the acquisition will be conducted and
6	whether physical entry is required to effect the
7	acquisition;
8	"(H) the identity of any electronic commu-
9	nication service provider necessary to effect the
10	acquisition, provided, however, that the applica-
11	tion is not required to identify the specific fa-
12	cilities, places, premises, or property at which
13	the acquisition authorized under this section
14	will be directed or conducted;
15	"(I) a statement of the facts concerning
16	any previous applications that have been made
17	to any judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
18	lance Court involving the United States person
19	specified in the application and the action taken
20	on each previous application; and
21	"(J) a statement of the period of time for
22	which the acquisition is required to be main-
23	tained, provided that such period of time shall
24	not exceed 90 days per application.

1	"(2) OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THE ATTOM
2	NEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General may require
3	any other affidavit or certification from any other
4	officer in connection with the application.
5	"(3) OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THE JUDGE.—
6	The judge may require the applicant to furnish such
7	other information as may be necessary to make the
8	findings required by subsection $(c)(1)$ .
9	["(4) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in [this Act]
.0	[the definition of electronic surveillance] shall be
1	construed to require an application under section 104
12	for an acquisition that is targeted in accordance with
13	this section at a United States person reasonably be-
14	lieved to be located outside the United States.]
15	"(c) Order.—
16	"(1) FINDINGS.—Upon an application made
17	pursuant to subsection (b), the Foreign Intelligence
18	Surveillance Court shall enter an ex parte order as
19	requested or as modified by the Court approving the
20	acquisition if the Court finds that—
21	"(A) the application has been made by a
22	Federal officer and approved by the Attorney
23	General;
24	"(B) on the basis of the facts submitted by
25	the applicant, for the United States person who

1	is the target of the acquisition, there is prob-
2	able cause to believe that the target is—
3	"(i) a person reasonably believed to be
4	located outside the United States; and
5	"(ii) a foreign power, an agent of a
6	foreign power, or an officer or employee of
7	a foreign power;
8	"(C) the proposed minimization procedures
9	meet the definition of minimization procedures
10	under section 101(h) or section 301(4), as ap-
11	propriate; $301(4)$ ; and
12	"(D) the application that which has been
13	filed contains all statements and certifications
14	required by subsection (b) and the certification
15	or certifications are not clearly erroneous on the
16	basis of the statement made under subsection
17	(b)(1)(F)(v) and any other information fur-
18	nished under subsection (b)(3).
19	"(2) PROBABLE CAUSE.—In determining
20	whether or not probable cause exists for purposes of
21	an order under paragraph (1)(B), (1), a judge hav-
22	ing jurisdiction under subsection (a)(1) may consider
23	past activities of the target, and as well as facts and
24	circumstances relating to current or future activities
25	of the target. No However, no United States person

1	may be considered a foreign power, agent of a for-
2	eign power, or officer or employee of a foreign power
3	solely upon the basis of activities protected by the
4	first amendment to the Constitution of the United
5	States.
6	"(3) REVIEW.—
7	"(A) LIMITATION ON REVIEW.—Review by
8	a judge having jurisdiction under subsection
9	(a)(1) shall be limited to that required to make
10	the findings described in paragraph (1).
11	"(B) REVIEW OF PROBABLE CAUSE.—If
12	the judge determines that the facts submitted
13	under subsection (b) are insufficient to estab-
14	lish probable cause <del>to issue an order</del> under
15	paragraph $(1)(B)$ , $(1)$ , the judge shall enter an
16	order so stating and provide a written state-
17	ment for the record of the reasons for such de-
18	termination. The Government may appeal an
19	order under this subparagraph elause pursuant
20	to subsection (f).
21	"(C) REVIEW OF MINIMIZATION PROCE-
22	DURES.—If the judge determines that the pro-
23	posed minimization procedures referred to in re-
24	quired under paragraph (1)(C) do not meet the
25	definition of minimization procedures under sec-

1	tion 101(h) or section 301(4), as appropriate,
2	the judge shall enter an order so stating and
3	provide a written statement for the record of
4	the reasons for such determination. The Gov-
5	ernment may appeal an order under this sub-
6	paragraph elause pursuant to subsection (f).
7	"(D) REVIEW OF CERTIFICATION.—If the
8	judge determines that an application required
9	by subsection (b) does not contain all of the re-
10	quired elements, or that the certification or cer-
11	tifications are clearly erroneous on the basis of
12	the statement made under subsection
13	(b)(1)(F)(v) and any other information fur-
14	nished under subsection (b)(3), the judge shall
15	enter an order so stating and provide a written
16	statement for the record of the reasons for such
17	determination. The Government may appeal an
18	order under this subparagraph elause pursuant
19	to subsection (f).
20	"(4) Specifications.—An order approving an
21	acquisition under this subsection shall specify—
22	"(A) the identity, if known, or a descrip-
23	tion of the United States person who is the tar-
24	get of the acquisition identified or described in

	a management of the control of the c
1	the application pursuant to subsection
2	(b)(1)(B);
3	"(B) if provided in the application pursu-
4	ant to subsection (b)(1)(H), the nature and lo-
5	cation of each of the facilities or places at
6	which the acquisition will be directed;
7	"(C) the nature of the information sought
8	to be acquired and the type of communications
9	or activities to be subjected to acquisition;
10	"(D) the means by which the acquisition
11	will be conducted and whether physical entry is
12	required to effect the acquisition; and
13	"(E) the period of time during which the
14	acquisition is approved.
15	"(5) DIRECTIONS.—An order approving an ac-
16	quisition acquisitions under this subsection shall di-
17	rect—
18	"(A) that the minimization procedures re-
19	ferred to in paragraph (1)(C), as approved or
20	modified by the Court, be followed;
21	"(B) an electronic communication service
22	provider to provide to the Government forthwith
23	all information, facilities, or assistance nec-
24	essary to accomplish the acquisition authorized
25	under such order this subsection in a manner

1	that will protect the secrecy of the acquisition
2	and produce a minimum of interference with
3	the services that such electronic communication
4	service provider is providing to the target of the
5	acquisition; ;
6	"(C) an electronic communication service
7	provider to maintain under security procedures
8	approved by the Attorney General any records
9	concerning the acquisition or the aid furnished
10	that such electronic communication service pro-
11	vider wishes to maintain; and
12	"(D) that the Government compensate, at
13	the prevailing rate, such electronic communica-
14	tion service provider for providing such infor-
15	mation, facilities, or assistance.
16	"(6) DURATION.—An order approved under this
17	subsection paragraph shall be effective for a period
18	not to exceed 90 days and such order may be re-
19	newed for additional 90-day periods upon submission
20	of renewal applications meeting the requirements of
21	subsection (b).
22	"(7) COMPLIANCE.—At or prior to the end of
23	the period of time for which an acquisition is ap-
24	proved by an order or extension under this section,
25	the judge may assess compliance with the minimiza-

1	tion procedures referred to in paragraph (1)(C) by
2	reviewing the circumstances under which informa-
3	tion concerning United States persons was acquired,
4	retained, or disseminated.
5	"(d) EMERGENCY AUTHORIZATION.—
6	"(1) AUTHORITY FOR EMERGENCY AUTHORIZA-
7	TION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this
8	Act, if the Attorney General reasonably determines
9	that—
10	"(A) an emergency situation exists with re-
11	spect to the acquisition of foreign intelligence
12	information for which an order may be obtained
13	under subsection (c) before an order author-
14	izing such acquisition can with due diligence be
15	obtained, and
16	"(B) the factual basis for issuance of an
17	order under this subsection to approve such ac-
18	quisition exists,
19	the Attorney General may authorize such the emer-
20	gency acquisition if a judge having jurisdiction
21	under subsection (a)(1) is informed by the Attorney
22	General, or a designee of the Attorney General, at
23	the time of such authorization that the decision has
24	been made to conduct such acquisition and if an ap-
25	plication in accordance with this subsection is made

to a judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance 1 Court as soon as practicable, but not more than 7 2 days after the Attorney General authorizes such ac-3 quisition. 4 "(2) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—If the At-5 torney General authorizes an such emergency acqui-6 sition under paragraph (1), 7 the Attorney General 7 shall require that the minimization procedures re-8 ferred to in subsection (c)(1) (C) required by this see-9 tion for the issuance of a judicial order be followed. 10 "(3) TERMINATION OF EMERGENCY AUTHOR-11 IZATION.—In the absence of a judicial order approv-12 ing an such acquisition under paragraph (1), such ; 13 the acquisition shall terminate when the information 14 sought is obtained, when the application for the 15 order is denied, or after the expiration of 7 days 16 from the time of authorization by the Attorney Gen-17 eral, whichever is earliest. 18 "(4) USE OF INFORMATION.—In the event that 19 such If an application for approval submitted pursu-20 ant to paragraph (1) is denied, or in any other case 21 where the acquisition is terminated and no order is 22 issued approving the acquisition, no information ob-23

tained or evidence derived from such acquisition, ex-

25 cept under circumstances in which the target of the

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acquisition is determined not to be a United States 1 person, during the pendency of the 7-day emergency 2 acquisition period, shall be received in evidence or 3 otherwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other 4 proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, de-5 partment, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative 6 committee, or other authority of the United States, 7 a State, or political subdivision thereof, and no in-8 formation concerning any United States person ac-9 quired from such acquisition shall subsequently be 10 used or disclosed in any other manner by Federal of-11 ficers or employees without the consent of such per-12 son, except with the approval of the Attorney Gen-13 eral if the information indicates a threat of death or 14 serious bodily harm to any person. 15 "(e) RELEASE FROM LIABILITY.—Notwithstanding 16 any other law, no No cause of action shall lie in any court against any electronic communication service provider for providing any information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with an order or request for emergency assist-20 ance issued pursuant to subsections (c) or (d). 21 "(f) APPEAL.— 22 "(1) APPEAL TO THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE 23

SURVEILLANCE COURT OF REVIEW.—The Govern-

ment may file an appeal with the Foreign Intel-

1	ligence Surveillance Court of Review for review of an
2	order issued pursuant to subsection (c). The Court
3	of Review shall have jurisdiction to consider such ap-
4	peal and shall provide a written statement for the
5	record of the reasons for a decision under this para-
6	$\operatorname{graph}.$
7	"(2) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME COURT.—
8	The Government may file a petition for a writ of
9	certiorari for review of the a decision of the Court
10	of Review issued under paragraph (1). The record
11	for such review shall be transmitted under seal to
12	the Supreme Court of the United States, which shall
13	have jurisdiction to review such decision."
14	"SEC. [705704]. OTHER ACQUISITIONS TARGETING UNITED
15	STATES PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED
16	STATES.
17	"(a) JURISDICTION AND SCOPE.—
18	"(1) JURISDICTION.—The Foreign Intelligence
19	Surveillance Court shall have jurisdiction to enter an
20	order pursuant to subsection (c).
21	"(2) Scope.—No element of the intelligence
22	community department or agency of the Federal Gov-
23	ernment may intentionally target, for the purpose of
	eriment may meetitionary on good in 1
24	acquiring foreign intelligence information, a United

side the United States under circumstances in which the targeted United States person has a reasonable expectation of privacy and a warrant would be required if the acquisition were conducted inside the United States for law enforcement purposes, unless a judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court has entered an order with respect to such targeted United States person or the Attorney General has authorized an emergency acquisition pursuant to subsections (c) or (d) or any other provision of this Act.

## "(3) LIMITATIONS.—

"(A) MOVING OR MISIDENTIFIED TARGETS.—In the event that the If a targeted United States person is reasonably believed to be in the United States during the pendency of an order issued pursuant to subsection (c), such acquisition the targeting of such United States person shall cease until unless authority is obtained pursuant to this Act or the targeted United States person is again reasonably believed to be located outside the United States during the pendency of an such order issued pursuant to subsection (c).

1	"(B) APPLICABILITY.—If the an acquisi-
2	tion is to be conducted inside the United States
3	and could be authorized under section [ 704
4	703], the procedures of section 704 shall apply,
5	unless an order or emergency acquisition may
6	only be conducted if authorized authority has
7	been obtained under [section 703] or in accord-
8	ance with another a provision of this Act other
9	than <del>under</del> this section.
0	"(b) APPLICATION.—Each application for an order
11	under this section shall be made by a Federal officer in
12	writing upon oath or affirmation to a judge having juris-
13	diction under subsection (a)(1). Each application shall re-
14	quire the approval of the Attorney General based upon the
15	Attorney General's finding that it satisfies the criteria and
16	requirements of such application as set forth in this sec-
17	tion and shall include—
18	"(1) the identity of the Federal officer making
19	the application;
20	"(2) the identity, if known, or a description of
21	the specific United States person who is the target
22	of the acquisition;
23	"(23) a statement of the facts and cir-
24	cumstances relied upon to justify the applicant's be-

1	lief that the United States person who is the target
2	of the acquisition is—
3	"(A) a person reasonably believed to be lo-
4	cated outside the United States; and
5	"(B) a foreign power, an agent of a foreign
6	power, or an officer or employee of a foreign
7	power;
8	"(34) a statement of the proposed minimization
9	procedures that meet the definition of minimization
10	procedures under section 101(h) or section 301(4),
11	as appropriate;
12	"(45) a certification made by the Attorney Gen-
13	eral, an official specified in section 104(a)(6), or the
14	head of an element of the intelligence community
15	that—
16	"(A) the certifying official deems the infor-
17	mation sought to be foreign intelligence infor-
18	mation; and
19	"(B) a significant purpose of the acquisi-
20	tion is to obtain foreign intelligence informa-
21	tion;
22	"(56) a statement of the facts concerning any
23	previous applications that have been made to any
24	judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court
25	involving the United States person specified in the

1	application and the action taken on each previous
2	application; and
3	"(67) a statement of the period of time for
4	which the acquisition is required to be maintained,
5	provided that such period of time shall not exceed 90
6	days per application.
7	"(e) Order.—
8	"(1) FINDINGS.—If, $\mathbf{u}$ U pon an application
9	made pursuant to subsection (b), the Foreign Intel-
10	ligence Surveillance Court a judge having jurisdiction
11	under subsection (a) shall enter an ex parte order as
12	requested or as modified by the Court if the Court
13	finds that—
14	"(A) the application has been made by a
15	Federal officer and approved by the Attorney
16	General;
17	"(B) on the basis of the facts submitted by
18	the applicant, for the United States person who
19	is the target of the acquisition, there is prob-
20	able cause to believe that the target is—
21	"(i) a person reasonably believed to be
22	located outside the United States; and
23	"(ii) a foreign power, an agent of a
24	foreign power, or an officer or employee of
25	a foreign power;

1	" $(BC)$ the proposed minimization proce-
2	dures, with respect to their dissemination provi-
3	sions, meet the definition of minimization pro-
4	cedures under section 101(h) or section 301(4),
5	as appropriate; and
6	"( $CD$ ) the application which that has been
7	filed contains all statements and certifications
8	required by subsection (b) and the certification
9	provided under subsection (b)(4 $5$ ) is not clear-
10	ly erroneous on the basis of the information
11	furnished under subsection (b), ).
12	the Court shall issue an ex parte order so stating.
13	"(2) PROBABLE CAUSE.—In determining
14	whether or not probable cause exists for purposes of
15	an order under paragraph $(1)(AB)$ , a judge having
16	jurisdiction under subsection (a)(1) may consider
17	past activities of the target, as well as and facts and
18	circumstances relating to current or future activities
19	of the target. However, n No United States person
20	may be considered a foreign power, agent of a for-
21	eign power, or officer or employee of a foreign power
22	solely upon the basis of activities protected by the
23	first amendment to the Constitution of the United
24	States.
25	"(3) Review.—

1	"(A) LIMITATIONS ON REVIEW.—Review
2	by a judge having jurisdiction under subsection
3	(a)(1) shall be limited to that required to make
4	the findings described in paragraph (1). The
5	judge shall not have jurisdiction to review the
6	means by which an acquisition under this sec-
7	tion may be conducted.
8	"(B) REVIEW OF PROBABLE CAUSE.—If
9	the judge determines that the facts submitted
10	under subsection (b) are insufficient to estab-
11	lish probable cause to issue an order under this
12	subsection, the judge shall enter an order so
13	stating and provide a written statement for the
14	record of the reasons for such determination.
15	The Government may appeal an order under
16	this clause pursuant to subsection (e).
17	"(C) REVIEW OF MINIMIZATION PROCE-
18	DURES.—If the judge determines that the mini-
19	mization procedures [ applicable to dissemina-
20	tion of information obtained through an acqui-
21	sition under this subsection do not meet the
22	definition of minimization procedures under sec-
23	tion 101(h) or section 301(4), as appropriate
24	the judge shall enter an order so stating and

provide a written statement for the record of

1	the reasons for such determination. The Gov-
2	ernment may appeal an order under this clause
3	pursuant to subsection (e).
4	"(D) SCOPE OF REVIEW OF CERTIFI-
5	CATION.—If the judge determines that an ap-
6	plication under subsection (b) does not contain
7	all the required elements, or that the certifi-
8	cation provided under subsection (b)(4 $5$ ) is
9	clearly erroneous on the basis of the informa-
10	tion furnished under subsection (b), the judge
11	shall enter an order so stating and provide a
12	written statement for the record of the reasons
13	for such determination. The Government may
14	appeal an order under this subparagraph clause
15	pursuant to subsection (e).
16	"(4) DURATION.—An order under this para-
17	graph shall be effective for a period not to exceed 90
18	days and such order may be renewed for additional
19	90-day periods upon submission of renewal applica-
20	tions meeting the requirements of subsection (b).
21	"(5) COMPLIANCE.—At or prior to the end of
22	the period of time for which an order or extension
23	is granted under this section, the judge may asses
24	compliance with the minimization procedures re
25	ferred to in paragraph (1)(C) by reviewing the cir

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1	cumstances under which information concerning	
2	United States persons was disseminated, provided	
3	that the judge may not inquire into the cir-	
4	cumstances relating to the conduct of the acquisi-	
5	tion.	
6	"(d) EMERGENCY AUTHORIZATION.—	
7	"(1) AUTHORITY FOR EMERGENCY AUTHORIZA-	
8	TION.—Notwithstanding any other provision in of	
9	this subsection, if the Attorney General reasonably	
10	determines that—	
11	"(A) an emergency situation exists with re-	
12	gneet to the acquisition of foreign intelligence	_
12	gneet to the acquisition of foreign intelligence	
10	gneet to the acquisition of foreign intelligence	
13	information for which an order may be obtained	
13	information for which an order may be obtained	
13 14	information for which an order may be obtained under subsection (c) before an order under that	
13 14 15	information for which an order may be obtained under subsection (c) before an order under that subsection may, with due diligence, be obtained,	
13 14 15 16	information for which an order may be obtained under subsection (c) before an order under that subsection may, with due diligence, be obtained, and	
13 14 15 16 17	information for which an order may be obtained under subsection (c) before an order under that subsection may, with due diligence, be obtained, and  "(B) the factual basis for the issuance of	
13 14 15 16 17 18	information for which an order may be obtained under subsection (c) before an order under that subsection may, with due diligence, be obtained, and  "(B) the factual basis for the issuance of an order under this section exists,	

or a designee of the Attorney General at the time of

such authorization that the decision has been made

to conduct such acquisition and if an application in

accordance with this subsection is made to a judge

- of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court as soon as practicable, but not more than 7 days after the Attorney General authorizes such acquisition.
  - "(2) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—If the Attorney General authorizes such an emergency acquisition under paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall require that the minimization procedures required by this section referred to in subsection (c)(1)(C) be followed.
    - "(3) TERMINATION OF EMERGENCY AUTHOR-IZATION.—In the absence of an order under subsection (c), the an emergency acquisition under paragraph (1) shall terminate when the information sought is obtained, if the application for the order is denied, or after the expiration of 7 days from the time of authorization by the Attorney General, whichever is earliest.
    - "(4) USE OF INFORMATION.—In the event that such application If and application submitted to the Court pursuant to paragraph (1) is denied, or in any other case where the acquisition is terminated and no order with respect to the target of the acquisition is issued approving the acquisition under subsection (c), no information obtained or evidence derived from such acquisition, except under circumstances in

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which the target of the acquisition is determined not to be a United States person during the pendency of the 7-day emergency acquisition period, shall be received in evidence or otherwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States, a State, or political subdivision thereof, and no information concerning any United States person acquired from such acquisition shall subsequently be used or disclosed in any other manner by Federal officers or employees without the consent of such person, except with the approval of the Attor-13 ney General if the information indicates a threat of 14 death or serious bodily harm to any person. 15

## "(e) APPEAL.—

"(1) APPEAL TO THE COURT OF REVIEW.—The Government may file an appeal with the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review for review of an order issued pursuant to subsection (c). The Court of Review shall have jurisdiction to consider such appeal and shall provide a written statement for the record of the reasons for a decision under this paragraph.

1	"(2) CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME COURT.—
2	The Government may file a petition for a writ of
3	certiorari for review of a the decision of the Court
4	of Review issued under paragraph (1). The record
5	for such review shall be transmitted under seal to
6	the Supreme Court of the United States, which shall
7	have jurisdiction to review such decision.
8 4	SEC. [706705]. JOINT APPLICATIONS AND CONCURRENT AU-
9	THORIZATIONS.
10	"(a) Joint Applications and Orders.—If an ac-
11	quisition targeting a United States person under section
12	[703 704] or section [704 705] is proposed to be con-
13	ducted both inside and outside the United States, a judge
14	having jurisdiction under section [703(a)(1) $\overline{704(a)(1)}$ ] or
15	section $[704(a)(1) \ 705(a)(1)]$ may issue simultaneously,
16	upon the request of the Government in a joint application
17	complying with the requirements of section [703(b) 704(b)
18	] and or section [704(b), 705(b), ] orders under section
19	[703(c) $704(e)$ ] and or section [704(c), $705(e)$ ,] as appro-
20	priate. <del>applicable.</del>
21	"(b) CONCURRENT AUTHORIZATION.—
22	
23	order authorizing electronic surveillance has been ob-
24	tained under section 105 and that order is still in ef-
25	fect, during the pendency of that order, the Attorney

General may authorize, without an order under sec-1 tion 703 or 704, electronic surveillance for the pur-2 pose of acquiring foreign intelligence information tar-3 geting that United States person while such person is 4 reasonably believed to be located outside the United 5 6 States. "(2) PHYSICAL SEARCH.—If an order author-7 izing a er physical search has been obtained under 8 section 105 or section 304 and that order is still in 9 effect, during the pendency of that order the Attor-10 ney General may authorize, without an order under 11 section 704 or section 703 or section 704, 705, a 12 physical search for the purpose of acquiring foreign 13 intelligence information an acquisition of foreign in-14 telligence information targeting that United States 15 person while such person is reasonably believed to be 16 located outside the United States.] 17 "SEC. 706.707. USE OF INFORMATION ACQUIRED UNDER 18 TITLE VII. 19 "(a) Information Acquired Under Section 702 20 703.—Information acquired from an acquisition con-21 ducted under section 702 703 shall be deemed to be infor-22 mation acquired from an electronic surveillance pursuant to title I for purposes of section 106, [ except for the purposes of subsection (j) of such section.

1	"(b) Information Acquired Under Section 703
2	704.—Information acquired from an acquisition con-
	ducted under section 703 704 shall be deemed to be infor-
4	mation acquired from an electronic surveillance pursuant
5	to title I for purposes of section 106.
6	"SEC. 708707. CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT.
7	"(a) SEMIANNUAL REPORT.—Not less frequently
8	than once every 6 months, the Attorney General shall fully
9	inform, in a manner consistent with national security, the
10	congressional intelligence committees, and the Committees
11	on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the
12	Judiciary of the House of Representatives, concerning the
13	implementation of this title.
14	"(b) CONTENT.—Each report made under subsection
15	subparagraph (a) shall include—
16	"(1) with respect to section 702— <del>703</del> —
17	"(A) any certifications made under sub
18	section $702(g)$ $703(f)$ during the reporting pe-
19	riod;
20	"(B) [with respect to each certification
21	made under section $702(g)(1)(B)(ii)$ , the reasons
22	for exercising the authority under such para-
23	$graph; \mathbf{J}$
24	"(C) any directives issued under sub sec-
25	tion 702(h) 703(g) during the reporting period

1	" $(D)$ (C) a description of the judicial review
2	during the reporting period of any such certifi-
3	cations and targeting and minimization proce-
4	dures required by subsections (d) and (e) of sec-
5	tion 702 and utilized with respect to such acqui-
6	sition, including a copy of any order or pleading
7	in connection with such review that contains a
8	significant legal interpretation of the provisions
9	of this section 702;
10	" $(E)$ (D) any actions taken to challenge or
11	enforce a directive under paragraphs (4) or (5)
12	of section $702(h)$ ; $703(g)$ ;
13	" $(F)$ (E) any compliance reviews conducted
14	by the Attorney General Department of Justice
15	or the Office of the Director of National Intel-
16	ligence of acquisitions authorized under sub sec-
17	tion $702(a)$ ; $703(a)$ ;
18	" $(G)$ (F) a description of any incidents of
19	noncompliance with a directive issued by the
20	Attorney General and the Director of National
21	Intelligence under sub section $702(h)$ , $703(g)$ ,
22	including—
23	"(i) incidents of noncompliance by an
24	element of the intelligence community with
25	procedures [and guidelines] submitted in

1	accordance with adopted pursuant to sub-
2	sections (d) and (e) [and (f)] of section
3	702; <del>703;</del> and
4	"(ii) incidents of noncompliance by a
5	specified person to whom the Attorney
6	General and Director of National Intel-
7	ligence issued a directive under sub section
8	702(h); $703(g)$ ; and
9	"(GH) any procedures implementing this
10	section 702;
11	"(2) with respect to section 703—704—
12	"(A) the total number of applications made
13	for orders under section 703(b); 704(b);
14	"(B) the total number of such orders—
15	"( $i$ ) either granted;
16	"(ii) granted, modified; modified, or
17	"(iii) denied; and
18	"(C) the total number of emergency acqui-
19	sitions authorized by the Attorney General
20	under section $703(d)$ $704(d)$ and the total num-
21	ber of subsequent orders approving or denying
22	such acquisitions; and
23	"(3) with respect to section 704—705—
24	"(A) the total number of applications made
25	for orders under $704(b)$ ; $705(b)$ ;

1	"(B) the total number of such orders
2	"( $i$ ) either granted;
3	"(ii) granted, modified; modified, or
4	"(iii) denied; and
5	"(C) the total number of emergency acqui-
6	sitions authorized by the Attorney General
7	under sub section $704(d)$ $705(d)$ and the total
8	number of subsequent orders approving or de-
9	nying such applications.
10	"SEC. 708. SAVINGS PROVISION.
11	"Nothing in this title shall be construed to limit the
12	authority of the Government to seek an order or authoriza-
13	tion under, or otherwise engage in any activity that is au-
14	thorized under, any other title of this Act.".
15	(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents in
16	the first section of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
17	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et. seq.) is amended—
18	(1) by striking the item relating to title VII;
19	(2) by striking the item relating to section 701;
20	and
21	(3) by adding at the end the following:
	"TITLE VII—ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES REGARDING CERTAIN PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES
	"Sec. 701. Definitions. "Sec. 702. Procedures Sec. 701. Limitation on definition of electronic surveillance.
	"Co. 709 Definitions

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 703. Procedures for targeting certain persons outside the United States other than United States persons.

	"Sec. 703. Certain Sec. 704. Certain acquisitions inside the United States of United States persons outside the United States.
	"Sec. 704. Other Sec. 705. Other acquisitions targeting United States persons outside the United States.
	"Sec. 705. Joint Sec. 706. Joint applications and concurrent authorizations. "Sec. Sec. 707. Use 706. Use of information acquired under title VII.
	"Sec. 707. Congressional Sec. 708. Congressional oversight.": "Sec. 708. Savings provision."
1	(c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
2	(1) TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.—
3	[(A) SECTION 2232.—Section 2232(e) of
4	title 18, United States Code, is amended by in-
5	serting "(as defined in section 101(f) of the
6	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978,
7	regardless of the limitation of section 701 of
8	that Act)" after "electronic surveillance".]
9	(B) SECTION 2511.—Section
10	2511(2)(a)(ii)(A) of title 18, United States
11	Code, is amended by inserting "or a court order
12	pursuant to section 704 705 of the Foreign In-
13	telligence Surveillance Act of 1978" after "as-
14	sistance".
15	(2) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
16	ACT OF 1978.—
17	[(A) SECTION 109.—Section 109 of the
18	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
19	(50 U.S.C. 1809) is amended by adding at the
20	end the following:

1	"(e) DEFINITION.—For the purpose of this section,
2	the term 'electronic surveillance' means electronic surveil-
3	lance as defined in section 101(f) of this Act regardless
4	of the limitation of section 701 of this Act.".
5	(B) Section 110.—Section 110 of the For-
6	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
7	U.S.C. 1810) is amended by—
8	(i) adding an "(a)" before "CIVIL AC-
9	TION",
10	(ii) redesignating subsections (a)
11	through (c) as paragraphs (1) through (3),
12	respectively; and
13	(iii) adding at the end the following:
14	"(b) DEFINITION.—For the purpose of this section,
15	the term 'electronic surveillance' means electronic surveil-
16	lance as defined in section 101(f) of this Act regardless
17	of the limitation of section 701 of this Act.]".
18	(C) SECTION 601.—Section 601(a)(1) of
19	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
20	1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871(a)(1)) is amended— by
21	striking subparagraphs (C) and (D) and insert
22	ing the following:
23	(CA) in subparagraph (C), by striking
24	"and"; and

1	(B) by adding at the end the following new
2	subparagraphs: pen registers under section 402;
3	"(D) access to records under section 501;
4	"(E) acquisitions under section 703; 704;
5	and
6	"(F) acquisitions under section 704; 705;".
7	(d) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.
8	(1) In GENERAL. Except as provided in para-
9	graph (2), the amendments made by subsections
.0	(a)(2), (b), and (c) shall cease to have effect on De-
1	<del>cember 31, 2013.</del>
12	(2) CONTINUING APPLICABILITY. Section
13	703(g)(3) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
14	Act of 1978 (as amended by subsection (a)) shall re-
15	main in effect with respect to any directive issued
16	pursuant to section 703(g) of that Act (as so
17	amended) for information, facilities, or assistance
18	provided during the period such directive was or is
19	in effect. Section 704(e) of the Foreign Intelligence
20	Surveillance Act of 1978 (as amended by subsection
21	(a)) shall remain in effect with respect to an order
22	or request for emergency assistance under that see
23	tion. The use of information acquired by an acquisi
0.4	tion conducted under section 703 of that Act (as se

1	amended) shall continue to be governed by the provi-
2	sions of section 707 of that Act (as so amended).
3	SEC. 102. STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY WHICH
4	ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE AND INTERCEP-
5	TION OF CERTAIN DOMESTIC COMMUNICA-
6	TIONS MAY BE CONDUCTED.
7	(a) STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I of
8	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
9	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
10	the following new section:
11	"STATEMENT STATEMENT OF EXCLUSIVE MEANS BY
12	WHICH ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE AND INTERCEP-
13	TION OF CERTAIN DOMESTIC COMMUNICATIONS MAY
14	BE CONDUCTED
15	"Sec. 112. I(a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
16	the The procedures of chapters 119, 121, and 206 of title
17	18, United States Code, and this Act shall be the exclusive
18	means by which electronic surveillance (as defined in sec-
19	tion 101(f), regardless of the limitation of section 701)
20	and the interception of domestic wire, oral, or electronic
21	communications may be conducted.".
22	["(b) Only an express statutory authorization for elec-
23	tronic surveillance or the interception of domestic wire,
24	oral, or electronic communications, other than as an
25	amendment to this Act or chapters 119, 121, or 206 of title

1	18, United States Code, shall constitute an additional exclu-
2	sive means for the purpose of subsection (a).".]
3	[(b) Offense.—Section 109(a) of the Foreign Intel-
4	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1809(a)) is
5	amended by striking "authorized by statute" each place it
6	appears in such section and inserting "authorized by this
7	Act, chapter 119, 121, or 206 of title 18, United States
8	Code, or any express statutory authorization that is an ad-
9	ditional exclusive means for conducting electronic surveil-
10	lance under section 112."; and
11	[(c) Conforming Amendments.—]
12	[(1) TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section
13	2511(2)(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
14	by adding at the end the following:
15	I"(iii) If a certification under sub-
16	paragraph (ii)(B) for assistance to obtain
17	foreign intelligence information is based on
18	statutory authority, the certification shall
19	identify the specific statutory provision,
20	and shall certify that the statutory require-
21	ments have been met."; and ]
22	(2)(b) Table of contents.—The table of con-
23	tents in the first section of the Foreign Intelligence
24	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)

1	is amended by inserting adding after the item relat-
2	ing to section 111, the following new item:
	"Sec. 112. Statement of exclusive means by which electronic surveillance and interception of certain domestic communications may be conducted.".
3	[(c) Conforming Amendments.—Section 2511(2)
4	of title 18, United States Code, is amended in paragraph
5	(f), by striking ", as defined in section 101 of such Act,"
6	and inserting "(as defined in section 101(f) of such Act
7	regardless of the limitation of section 701 of such Act)".J
8	SEC. 103. SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS OF CERTAIN COURT
9	ORDERS UNDER THE FOREIGN INTEL-
10	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
11	(a) Inclusion of Certain Orders in Semiannual
12	REPORTS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Subsection (a)(5) of
13	section 601 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
14	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871) is amended by striking "(not
15	including orders)" and inserting ", orders,".
16	(b) REPORTS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL ON CERTAIN
17	OTHER ORDERS.—Such section 601 is further amended
18	by adding at the end the following:
19	"(c) Submissions to Congress.—The Attorney
20	General shall submit to the committees of Congress re-
21	ferred to in subsection (a)—
22	"(1) a copy of any decision, order, or opinion
23	
25	issued by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court

- view that includes significant construction or inter-1 pretation of any provision of this Act, and any 2 pleadings, applications, or memoranda of law associ-3 ated with such decision, order, or opinion, not later 4 than 45 days after such decision, order, or opinion 5 is issued; and 6 "(2) a copy of any such decision, order, or opin-7 ion, and any pleadings, applications, or memoranda of law associated with such decision, order, or opin-9 ion, that was issued during the 5-year period ending 10 on the date of the enactment of the FISA Amend-11 ments Act of 2008 and not previously submitted in 12 a report under subsection (a). 13 "(d) PROTECTION OF NATIONAL SECURITY.—The 14 Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of Na-15 tional Intelligence, may authorize redactions of materials described in subsection (c) that are provided to the committees of Congress referred to in subsection (a), if such redactions are necessary to protect the national security of the United States and are limited to sensitive sources and methods information or the identities of targets.". (c) DEFINITIONS.—Such section 601, as amended by 22 subsections (a) and (b), is further amended by adding at the end the following:
  - 25 "(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	"(1) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
2	COURT; COURT.—The term "Foreign Intelligence
3	Surveillance Court' " means the court established by
4	section 103(a).
5	"(2) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
6	COURT OF REVIEW; COURT OF REVIEW.—The term
7	'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review'
8	means the court established by section 103(b).".
9	SEC. 104. APPLICATIONS FOR COURT ORDERS.
10	Section 104 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
11	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1804) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a)—
13	(A) by striking paragraphs (2) and (11);
14	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
15	through (10) as paragraphs (2) through (9), re-
16	spectively;
17	(C) in paragraph (5), as redesignated by
18	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
19	"detailed";
20	[(D) in paragraph (6), as redesignated by
21	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, in the
22	matter preceding subparagraph (A)—
23	(i) by striking "Affairs or" and insert
24	ing "Affairs,"; and

1	(11) by striking Senate— and insert-
2	ing "Senate, or the Deputy Director of the
3	Federal Bureau of Investigation, if des-
4	ignated by the President as a certifying of-
5	ficial—''; <i>]</i>
6	(E) in paragraph (7), as redesignated by
7	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
8	"statement of" and inserting "summary state-
9	ment of";
10	(F) in paragraph (8), as redesignated by
11	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by adding
12	"and" at the end; and
13	(G) in paragraph (9), as redesignated by
14	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
15	"; and" and inserting a period;
16	(2) by striking subsection (b);
17	(3) by redesignating subsections (e) through (e)
18	as subsections (b) through (d), respectively; and
19	(4) in paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (d), as re-
20	designated by paragraph (3) of this subsection, by
21	striking "or the Director of National Intelligence"
22	and inserting "the Director of National Intelligence,
23	or the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency".

1	SEC. 105. ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER.
2	Section 105 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
3	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (a)—
5	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
6	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
7	through (5) as paragraphs (1) through (4), re-
8	spectively;
9	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "(a)(3)" and
0	inserting "(a)(2)";
1	(3) in subsection (c)(1)—
12	(A) in subparagraph (D), by adding "and"
13	at the end;
14	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking ";
15	and" and inserting a period; and
16	(C) by striking subparagraph (F);
17	(4) by striking subsection (d);
18	(5) by redesignating subsections (e) through (i)
19	as subsections (d) through (h), respectively;
20	(6) by amending subsection (e), as redesignated
21	by paragraph (5) of this section, to read as follows:
22	"(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
23	3 title, the Attorney General may authorize the emergency
24	4 employment of electronic surveillance if the Attorney Gen-
2	5 eral—

1	"(A) reasonably determines that an emergency
2	situation exists with respect to the employment of
3	electronic surveillance to obtain foreign intelligence
4	information before an order authorizing such surveil-
5	lance can with due diligence be obtained;
6	"(B) reasonably resonably determines that the
7	factual basis for the issuance of an order under this
8	title to approve such electronic surveillance exists;
9	"(C) informs, either personally or through a
10	designee, a judge having jurisdiction under section
11	103 at the time of such authorization that the deci-
12	sion has been made to employ emergency electronic
13	surveillance; and
14	"(D) makes an application in accordance with
15	this title to a judge having jurisdiction under section
16	103 as soon as practicable, but not later than 7 days
17	after the Attorney General authorizes such surveil-
18	lance.
19	"(2) If the Attorney General authorizes the emer-
20	gency employment of electronic surveillance under para-
21	graph (1), the Attorney General shall require that the
22	minimization procedures required by this title for the
23	issuance of a judicial order be followed.
24	"(3) In the absence of a judicial order approving such
25	electronic surveillance, the surveillance shall terminate

- 1 when the information sought is obtained, when the appli-
- 2 cation for the order is denied, or after the expiration of
- 3 7 days from the time of authorization by the Attorney
- 4 General, whichever is earliest.
- 5 "(4) A denial of the application made under this sub-
- 6 section may be reviewed as provided in section 103.
- 7 "(5) In the event that such application for approval
- 8 is denied, or in any other case where the electronic surveil-
- 9 lance is terminated and no order is issued approving the
- 10 surveillance, no information obtained or evidence derived
- 11 from such surveillance shall be received in evidence or oth-
- 12 erwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding
- 13 in or before any court, grand jury, department, office,
- 14 agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other
- 15 authority of the United States, a State, or political sub-
- 16 division thereof, and no information concerning any
- 17 United States person acquired from such surveillance shall
- 18 subsequently be used or disclosed in any other manner by
- 19 Federal officers or employees without the consent of such
- 20 person, except with the approval of the Attorney General
- 21 if the information indicates a threat of death or serious
- 22 bodily harm to any person.
- 23 "(6) The Attorney General shall assess compliance
- 24 with the requirements of paragraph (5)."; and
- 25 (7) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(i) In any case in which the Government makes an
2	application to a judge under this title to conduct electronic
3	surveillance involving communications and the judge
4	grants such application, upon the request of the applicant,
5	the judge shall also authorize the installation and use of
6	pen registers and trap and trace devices, and direct the
7	disclosure of the information set forth in section
8	402(d)(2).".
9	SEC. 106. USE OF INFORMATION.
0	Subsection (i) of section 106 of the Foreign Intel-
1	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (8 U.S.C. 1806) is
12	amended by striking "radio communication" and inserting
13	"communication".
14	SEC. 107. AMENDMENTS FOR PHYSICAL SEARCHES.
15	(a) APPLICATIONS.—Section 303 of the Foreign In-
16	telligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1823) is
17	amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a)—
19	(A) by striking paragraph (2);
20	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
21	through (9) as paragraphs (2) through (8), re-
22	spectively;
23	(C) in paragraph (2), as redesignated by
24	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking
25	``detailed";

I	(D) in paragraph (3)(C), as redesignated
2	by subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by in-
3	serting "or is about to be" before "owned"; and
4	[(E) in paragraph (6), as redesignated by
5	subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, in the
6	matter preceding subparagraph (A)—
7	(i) by striking "Affairs or" and insert-
8	ing "Affairs,"; and
9	(ii) by striking "Senate—" and insert-
0	ing "Senate, or the Deputy Director of the
1	Federal Bureau of Investigation, if des-
12	ignated by the President as a certifying of-
13	ficial—"; and]
<b>14</b>	(2) in subsection (d)(1)(A), by striking "or the
15	Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "the
16	Director of National Intelligence, or the Director of
17	the Central Intelligence Agency".
18	(b) ORDERS.—Section 304 of the Foreign Intel-
19	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1824) is
20	amended—
21	(1) in subsection (a)—
22	(A) by striking paragraph (1); and
23	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2)
24	through (5) as paragraphs (1) through (4), re-
25	spectively; and

1	(2) by amending subsection (e) to read as fol-
2	lows:
3	"(e)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
4	title, the Attorney General may authorize the emergency
5	employment of a physical search if the Attorney General—
6	reasonably—
7	"(A) reasonably determines that an emergency
8	situation exists with respect to the employment of a
9	physical search to obtain foreign intelligence infor-
10	mation before an order authorizing such physical
11	search can with due diligence be obtained;
12	"(B) reasonably determines that the factual
13	basis for issuance of an order under this title to ap-
14	prove such physical search exists;
15	"(C) informs, either personally or through a
16	designee, a judge of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
17	lance Court at the time of such authorization that
18	the decision has been made to employ an emergency
19	physical search; and
20	"(D) makes an application in accordance with
21	this title to a judge of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
22	veillance Court as soon as practicable, but not more
23	than 7 days after the Attorney General authorizes
24	such physical search.

- 1 "(2) If the Attorney General authorizes the emer-
- 2 gency employment of a physical search under paragraph
- 3 (1), the Attorney General shall require that the minimiza-
- 4 tion procedures required by this title for the issuance of
- 5 a judicial order be followed.
- 6 "(3) In the absence of a judicial order approving such
- 7 physical search, the physical search shall terminate when
- 8 the information sought is obtained, when the application
- 9 for the order is denied, or after the expiration of 7 days
- 10 from the time of authorization by the Attorney General,
- 11 whichever is earliest.
- 12 "(4) A denial of the application made under this sub-
- 13 section may be reviewed as provided in section 103.
- 14 "(5)(A) In the event that such application for ap-
- 15 proval is denied, or in any other case where the physical
- 16 search is terminated and no order is issued approving the
- 17 physical search, no information obtained or evidence de-
- 18 rived from such physical search shall be received in evi-
- 19 dence or otherwise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other
- 20 proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department,
- 21 office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or
- 22 other authority of the United States, a State, or political
- 23 subdivision thereof, and no information concerning any
- 24 United States person acquired from such physical search
- 25 shall subsequently be used or disclosed in any other man-

- 1 ner by Federal officers or employees without the consent
- 2 of such person, except with the approval of the Attorney
- 3 General if the information indicates a threat of death or
- 4 serious bodily harm to any person.
- 5 "(B) The Attorney General shall assess compliance
- 6 with the requirements of subparagraph (A).".
- 7 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Foreign Intel-
- 8 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)
- 9 is amended—
- 10 (1) in section 304(a)(4), as redesignated by
- 11 subsection (b) of this section, by striking
- 12 "303(a)(7)(E)" and inserting "303(a)(6)(E)"; and
- 13 (2) in section 305(k)(2), by striking
- "303(a)(7)" and inserting "303(a)(6)".
- 15 SEC. 108. AMENDMENTS FOR EMERGENCY PEN REGISTERS
- 16 AND TRAP AND TRACE DEVICES.
- 17 Section 403 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
- 18 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1843) is amended—
- 19 (1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "48 hours"
- and inserting "7 days"; and
- 21 (2) in subsection (c)(1)(C), by striking "48
- 22 hours" and inserting "7 days".
- 23 SEC. 109. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.
- 24 (a) Designation of Judges.—Subsection (a) of
- 25 section 103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act

1	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803) is amended by inserting at
2	least" before "seven of the United States judicial cir-
3	cuits".
4	(b) En Banc Authority.—
5	(1) In general.—Subsection (a) of section
6	103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
7	1978, as amended by subsection (a) of this section,
8	is further amended—
9	(A) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and
10	(B) by adding at the end the following new
11	paragraph:
12	"(2)(A) The court established under this subsection,
13	may, on its own initiative, or upon the request of the Gov-
14	ernment in any proceeding or a party under section 501(f)
15	or paragraph (4) or (5) of section 702(h), may 703(h),
16	hold a hearing or rehearing, en banc, when ordered by a
17	majority of the judges that constitute such court upon a
18	determination that—
19	"(i) en banc consideration is necessary to se-
20	cure or maintain uniformity of the court's decisions
21	or
22	"(ii) the proceeding involves a question of ex-
23	ceptional importance.
24	"(B) Any authority granted by this Act to a judge
25	of the court established under this subsection may be exer

1	cised by the court en banc. When exercising such author-
2	ity, the court en banc shall comply with any requirements
3	of this Act on the exercise of such authority.
4	"(C) For purposes of this paragraph, the court en
5	banc shall consist of all judges who constitute the court
6	established under this subsection.".
7	(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Foreign
8	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 is further
9	amended—
10	(A) in subsection (a) of section 103, as
11	amended by this subsection, by inserting "(ex-
12	cept when sitting en banc under paragraph
13	(2))" after "no judge designated under this
14	subsection"; and
15	(B) in section 302(c) (50 U.S.C. 1822(c)),
16	by inserting "(except when sitting en banc)"
17	after "except that no judge".
18	(c) STAY OR MODIFICATION DURING AN APPEAL.—
19	Section 103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
20	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803) is amended—
21	(1) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
22	section (g); and
23	(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
ŻΔ	lowing new subsection:

- 1 "(f)(1) A judge of the court established under sub-
- 2 section (a), the court established under subsection (b) or
- 3 a judge of that court, or the Supreme Court of the United
- 4 States or a justice of that court, may, in accordance with
- 5 the rules of their respective courts, enter a stay of an order
- 6 or an order modifying an order of the court established
- 7 under subsection (a) or the court established under sub-
- 8 section (b) entered under any title of this Act, while the
- 9 court established under subsection (a) conducts a rehear-
- 10 ing, while an appeal is pending to the court established
- 11 under subsection (b), or while a petition of certiorari is
- 12 pending in the Supreme Court of the United States, or
- 13 during the pendency of any review by that court.
- 14 "(2) The authority described in paragraph (1) shall
- 15 apply to an order entered under any provision of this
- 16 Act.".
- 17 (d) AUTHORITY OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SUR-
- 18 VEILLANCE COURT.—Section 103 of the Foreign Intel-
- 19 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803), as
- 20 amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end
- 21 the following:
- (i) (h)(1) Nothing in this Act shall be construed con-
- 23 sidered to reduce or contravene the inherent authority of
- 24 the court established by subsection (a) Foreign Intelligence
- 25 Surveillance Court to determine, or enforce, compliance

1	with an order or a rule of such court Court or with a pro-
2	cedure approved by such court . Court.
3	"(2) In this subsection, the terms 'Foreign Intel-
4	ligence Surveillance Court' and 'Court' mean the court es-
5	tablished by subsection (a)
6	SEC. [110. REVIEW OF PREVIOUS ACTIONS.
7	(a) DEFINITIONS.—"(2) In this section:
8	(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—
9	The term "appropriate committees of Congress"
10	means—
11	(A) subsection, the Select Committee on In-
12	telligence and the Committee on the Judiciary of
13	the Senate; and
14	(B) the Permanent Select Committee on
15	terms 'Foreign Intelligence and the Committee
16	on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
17	(2) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
18	COURT.—The term "Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
19	Court" means the court established by section 103(a)
20	of the terms 'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
21	1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(a)).
22	(3) PRESIDENT'S SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM AND
23	PROGRAM.—The terms "President's Surveillance Pro-
24	gram" and "Program" mean the intelligence activity
25	involving communications that was authorized by the

1	President during the period beginning on September
2	11, 2001, and ending on January 17, 2007, including
3	the program referred to by the President in a radio
4	address on December 17, 2005 (commonly known as
5	the Terrorist Surveillance Program). Court' and
6	"Court" mean the court established by subsection
7	<del>(a).".</del>
8	(b) REVIEWS.—
9	(1) REQUIREMENT TO CONDUCT.—The Inspectors
10	General of the Department of Justice, the Office of the
11	Director of National Intelligence, the National Secu-
12	rity Agency, and any other element of the intelligence
13	community that participated in the President's Sur-
14	veillance Program, shall complete a comprehensive re-
15	view of, with respect to the oversight authority and
16	responsibility of each such Inspector General—
17	(A) all of the facts necessary to describe the
18	establishment, implementation, product, and use
19	of the product of the Program;
20	(B) the procedures and substance of, and
21	access to, the legal reviews of the Program;
22	(C) communications with, and participa-
23	tion of, individuals and entities in the private
24	sector related to the Program;

1	(D) interaction with the Foreign Intel-
2	ligence Surveillance Court and transition to
3	court orders related to the Program; and
4	(E) any other matters identified by any
5	such Inspector General that would enable that
6	Inspector General to complete a review of the
7	Program, with respect to such Department or
8	element.
9	(2) COOPERATION AND COORDINATION.—
10	(A) COOPERATION.—Each Inspector Gen-
11	eral required to conduct a review under para-
12	graph (1) shall—
13	(i) work in conjunction, to the extent
14	practicable, with any other Inspector Gen-
15	eral required to conduct such a review; and
16	(ii) utilize to the extent practicable,
17	and not unnecessarily duplicate or delay,
18	such reviews or audits that have been com-
19	pleted or are being undertaken by any such
20	Inspector General or by any other office of
21	the Executive Branch related to the Pro-
22	gram.
23	(B) COORDINATION.—The Inspectors Gen-
24	eral shall designate one of the Inspectors General
25	required to conduct a review under paragraph

1 (1) that is appointed by the President, by and
2 with the advice and consent of the Senate, to co3 ordinate the conduct of the reviews and the prep4 aration of the reports.

## (c) REPORTS.—

- (1) PRELIMINARY REPORTS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspectors General of the Department of Justice, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, the National Security Agency, and any other Inspector General required to conduct a review under subsection (b)(1), shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an interim report that describes the planned scope of such review.
- (2) Final Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspectors General of the Department of Justice, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, the National Security Agency, and any other Inspector General required to conduct a review under subsection (b)(1), shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress, to the extent practicable, a comprehensive report on such reviews that includes any recommendations of any such Inspectors General within the over-

- sight authority and responsibility of any such Inspector General with respect to the reviews.
  - (3) FORM.—A report submitted under this subsection shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex. The unclassified report shall not disclose the name or identity of any individual or entity of the private sector that participated in the Program or with whom there was communication about the Program [, to the extent that information is classified.]

## (d) Resources.—

- (1) EXPEDITED SECURITY CLEARANCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the process for the investigation and adjudication of an application by an Inspector General or any appropriate staff of an Inspector General for a security clearance necessary for the conduct of the review under subsection (b)(1) is carried out as expeditiously as possible.
  - (2) ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL FOR THE INSPECTORS GENERAL.—An Inspector General required to conduct a review under subsection (b)(1) and submit a report under subsection (c) is authorized to hire such additional personnel as may be necessary to carry out such review and prepare such report in a

1	prompt and timely manner. Personnel authorized to
2	be hired under this paragraph—
3	(A) shall perform such duties relating to
4	such a review as the relevant Inspector General
5	shall direct; and
6	(B) are in addition to any other personnel
7	authorized by law.
8	SEC. 111. 110. WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION.
9	(a) DEFINITIONS.—
10	(1) Foreign power.—Subsection (a)(4) of sec-
11	tion 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
12	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(a)) is amended—
13	1801(a)(4)) is amended by inserting ", the inter-
14	national proliferation of weapons of mass destruc-
15	tion," after "international terrorism".
16	(A) in paragraph (5), by striking "persons;
17	or" and inserting "persons;";
18	(B) in paragraph (6) by striking the period
19	and inserting "; or"; and
20	(C) by adding at the end the following new
21	paragraph:
22	"(7) an entity not substantially composed of
23	United States persons that is engaged in the inter-
24	national proliferation of weapons of mass destruc-
25	

1	(2) AGENT OF A FOREIGN POWER.—Subsection
2	(b)(1) of such section 101 is amended—
3	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or"
4	at the end; and
5	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or"
6	at the end; and
7	(C) by adding at the end the following new
8	subparagraph subparagraphs:
9	"(D) engages in the international prolifera-
10	tion of weapons of mass destruction, or activi-
11	ties in preparation therefor; or".
12	"(E) engages in the international prolifera-
13	tion of weapons of mass destruction, or activi-
14	ties in preparation therefor, for or on behalf of
15	a foreign power; or".
16	(3) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION.—
17	Subsection (e)(1)(B) of such section 101 is amended
18	by striking "sabotage or international terrorism"
19	and inserting "sabotage, international terrorism, or
20	the international proliferation of weapons of mass
21	destruction".
22	(4) WEAPON OF MASS DESTRUCTION.—Such
23	section 101 is amended by adding at the end insert-
24	ing after subsection (o) the following new subsection:
25	

1	"(p) Weapon of mass destruction means
2	"(1) any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas de-
3	structive device described in section 921(a)(4)(A) of
4	title 18, United States Code, that is intended or has
5	the capability to cause a mass casualty incident;
6	death or serious bodily injury to a significant num-
7	ber of people;
8	"(2) any weapon that is designed or intended to
9	cause death or serious bodily injury to a significant
10	number of persons through the release, dissemina-
11	tion, or impact of toxic or poisonous chemicals or
12	their precursors;
13	"(3) any weapon involving a biological agent,
14	toxin, or vector (as such terms are defined in section
15	178 of title 18, United States Code) that is designed,
16	intended, or has the capability of causing death, ill-
17	ness, or serious bodily injury to a significant number
18	of persons; ; or
19	"(4) any weapon that is designed, intended, or
20	has the capability of releasing to release radiation or
21	radioactivity causing death, illness, or serious bodily
22	injury to at a significant number of persons. level
23	dangerous to human life.".
24	(b) USE OF INFORMATION.—

1	(1) In GENERAL.—Section 106(k)(1)(B) of the
2	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
3	U.S.C. 1806(k)(1)(B)) is amended by striking "sab-
4	otage or international terrorism" and inserting "sab-
5	otage, international terrorism, or the international
6	proliferation of weapons of mass destruction".
7	(2) PHYSICAL SEARCHES.—Section
8	305(k)(1)(B) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1825(k)(1)(B))
9	is amended by striking "sabotage or international
10	terrorism" and inserting "sabotage, international
11	terrorism, or the international proliferation of weap-
12	ons of mass destruction".
13	(c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
14	Section 301(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
15	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1821(1)) is amended by inserting
16	"weapon "weapon of mass destruction," after "person,".
17	"'person',".
18	[SEC. 112. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.]
19	[(a) In General.—Section 109 of the Foreign Intel-
20	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1809) is amend-
21	ed by adding at the end the following new subsection:]
22	["(e) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—No person shall be
23	prosecuted, tried, or punished for any offense under this sec-
24	tion unless the indictment is found or the information is

1	instituted not later than 10 years after the commission of
2	the offense.".]
3	[(b) APPLICATION.—The amendment made by sub-
4	section (a) shall apply to any offense committed before the
5	date of the enactment of this Act if the statute of limitations
6	applicable to that offense has not run as of such date.]
7	SEC. 111. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
8	Section 103(e) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
9	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(e)) is amended—
10	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "105B(h) or
11	501(f)(1)" and inserting "501(f)(1) or 703"; and
12	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "105B(h) or
13	501(f)(1)" and inserting "501(f)(1) or 703".
14	[TITLE II—PROTECTIONS FOR
15	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICA-
16	TION SERVICE PROVIDERS]
17	[SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
18	In this title:
19	[(1) Assistance.—The term "assistance"
	L(1) Indiameter. Indiameter to the contract of
20	means the provision of, or the provision of access to,
20 21	
	means the provision of, or the provision of access to,
21	means the provision of, or the provision of access to, information (including communication contents,

1	[(2) CONTENTS.—The term "contents" has the
2	meaning given that term in section 101(n) of the
3	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
4	U.S.C. 1801(n)).]
5	[(3) COVERED CIVIL ACTION.—The term "cov-
6	ered civil action" means a civil action filed in a Fed-
7	eral or State court that—]
8	[(A) alleges that an electronic communica-
9	tion service provider furnished assistance to an
10	element of the intelligence community; and
11	[(B) seeks monetary or other relief from
12	the electronic communication service provider
13	related to the provision of such assistance.
14	[(4) ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE
15	PROVIDER.—The term "electronic communication
16	service provider" means—]
17	[(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
18	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
19	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);]
20	[(B) a provider of an electronic commu-
21	nication service, as that term is defined in sec-
22	tion 2510 of title 18, United States Code;
23	[(C) a provider of a remote computing
24	service, as that term is defined in section 2711
25	of title 18, United States Code;

1	L(D) any other communication service pro-
2	vider who has access to wire or electronic com-
3	munications either as such communications are
4	transmitted or as such communications are
5	stored;]
6	[(E) a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, suc-
7	cessor, or assignee of an entity described in
8	subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D); or
9	[(F) an officer, employee, or agent of an
0	entity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
1	(D), or (E).]
12	[(5) ELEMENT OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMU-
13	NITY.—The term "element of the intelligence com-
14	munity" means an element of the intelligence com-
15	munity specified in or designated under section 3(4)
16	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
17	401a(4)).]
18	[SEC. 202. LIMITATIONS ON CIVIL ACTIONS FOR ELEC-
19	TRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE PRO-
20	VIDERS.]
21	[(a) LIMITATIONS.—]
22	[(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
23	provision of law, a covered civil action shall not lie
24	or be maintained in a Federal or State court, and

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1	shall be promptly dismissed, if the Attorney General
2	certifies to the court that—]
3	[(A) the assistance alleged to have been
4	provided by the electronic communication serv-
5	ice provider was—]
6	(i) in connection with an intelligence
7	activity involving communications that
8	was—]
9	[(I) authorized by the President
0	during the period beginning on Sep-
11	tember 11, 2001, and ending on Jan-
12	uary 17, 2007; and]
13	[(II) designed to detect or pre-
14	vent a terrorist attack, or activities in
15	preparation for a terrorist attack,
16	against the United States; and
17	[(ii) described in a written request or
18	directive from the Attorney General or the
19	head of an element of the intelligence com-
20	munity (or the deputy of such person) to
21	the electronic communication service pro-
22	vider indicating that the activity was—]
23	[(I) authorized by the President;
24	$\mathbf{and}$

1	$[\![(\Pi)]$ determined to be lawful;
	or]
2	(B) the electronic communication service
3	
4	provider did not provide the alleged assistance.
5	[(2) REVIEW.—A certification made pursuant
6	to paragraph (1) shall be subject to review by a
7	court for abuse of discretion.
8	[(b) REVIEW OF CERTIFICATIONS.—If the Attorney
9	General files a declaration under section 1746 of title 28,
10	United States Code, that disclosure of a certification made
11	pursuant to subsection (a) would harm the national secu-
	rity of the United States, the court shall—]
13	[(1) review such certification in camera and ex
14	parte; and]
15	[(2) limit any public disclosure concerning such
16	certification, including any public order following
17	such an ex parte review, to a statement that the con-
18	ditions of subsection (a) have been met, without dis-
19	closing the subparagraph of subsection (a)(1) that is
20	a discontinu
21	The authority and duties of
	Games and an this section shall be performed
22	
<b>2</b> 3	·
24	a designee in a position not lower than the Deputy Attor-
25	ney General.]

1	[(d) CIVIL ACTIONS IN STATE COURT.—A covered
2	civil action that is brought in a State court shall be
3	deemed to arise under the Constitution and laws of the
4	United States and shall be removable under section 1441
5	of title 28, United States Code.
6	[(e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
7	tion may be construed to limit any otherwise available im-
8	munity, privilege, or defense under any other provision of
9	law.]
10	(f) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION.—This sec-
11	tion shall apply to any covered civil action that is pending
12	on or filed after the date of enactment of this Act.]
13	[SEC. 203. PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTING STATUTORY
14	DEFENSES UNDER THE FOREIGN INTEL-
15	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
16	The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
17	(50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as amended by section 101, is
18	further amended by adding after title VII the following
	new title:
	["TITLE VIII—PROTECTION OF
21	PERSONS ASSISTING THE
22	GOVERNMENT]
23	["SEC. 801. DEFINITIONS.
24	"In this title:

1	["(1) Assistance.—The term assistance
2	means the provision of, or the provision of access to,
3	information (including communication contents,
4	communications records, or other information relat-
5	ing to a customer or communication), facilities, or
6	another form of assistance.]
7	["(2) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The term 'Attor-
8	ney General' has the meaning give that term in sec-
9	tion 101(g).]
0	["(3) CONTENTS.—The term 'contents' has the
1	meaning given that term in section 101(n).
12	["(4) ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE
13	PROVIDER.—The term 'electronic communication
14	service provider' means—]
15	["(A) a telecommunications carrier, as
16	that term is defined in section 3 of the Commu-
17	nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);]
18	["(B) a provider of electronic communica-
19	tion service, as that term is defined in section
20	2510 of title 18, United States Code;
21	["(C) a provider of a remote computing
22	service, as that term is defined in section 2711
23	of title 18, United States Code;
24	["(D) any other communication service
25	provider who has access to wire or electronic

1	communications either as such communications
2	are transmitted or as such communications are
3	stored;]
4	["(E) a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, suc-
5	cessor, or assignee of an entity described in
6	subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D); or
7	["(F) an officer, employee, or agent of an
8	entity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
9	(D), or (E).
10	["(5) ELEMENT OF THE INTELLIGENCE COM-
11	MUNITY.—The term 'element of the intelligence com-
12	munity' means an element of the intelligence com-
13	munity as specified or designated under section 3(4)
14	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
15	401a(4)).]
16	["(6) Person.—The term 'person' means—]
17	["(A) an electronic communication service
18	provider; or
19	["(B) a landlord, custodian, or other per-
20	son who may be authorized or required to fur-
21	nish assistance pursuant to—]
22	["(i) an order of the court established
23	under section 103(a) directing such assist-
24	ance;]

1	L"(ii) a certification in writing under
2	section 2511(2)(a)(ii)(B) or 2709(b) of
3	title 18, United States Code; or
4	["(iii) a directive under section
5	102(a)(4), 105B(e), as in effect on the day
6	before the date of the enactment of the
7	FISA Amendments Act of 2008 or 702(h).
8	<del>703(h)</del> -]
9	["(7) STATE.—The term 'State' means any
10	State, political subdivision of a State, the Common-
1	wealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and
12	any territory or possession of the United States, and
13	includes any officer, public utility commission, or
14	other body authorized to regulate an electronic com-
15	munication service provider.]
16	["SEC. 802. PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTING STATUTORY
17	DEFENSES.]
18	["(a) REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATION.—]
19	["(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any
20	other provision of law, no civil action may lie or be
21	maintained in a Federal or State court against any
22	person for providing assistance to an element of the
23	intelligence community, and shall be promptly dis-
24	missed, if the Attorney General certifies to the court
25	that—]

1	(A) any assistance by that person was
2	provided pursuant to an order of the court es-
3	tablished under section 103(a) directing such
4	assistance;]
5	["(B) any assistance by that person was
6	provided pursuant to a certification in writing
7	under section 2511(2)(a)(ii)(B) or 2709(b) of
8	title 18, United States Code;
9	["(C) any assistance by that person was
0	provided pursuant to a directive under sections
.1	102(a)(4), 105B(e), as in effect on the day be-
2	fore the date of the enactment of the FISA
.3	Amendments Act of 2008, or 702(h) 703(h) di-
4	recting such assistance; or
5	["(D) the person did not provide the al-
6	leged assistance.]
7	["(2) REVIEW.—A certification made pursuant
8	to paragraph (1) shall be subject to review by a
9	court for abuse of discretion.]
20	["(b) LIMITATIONS ON DISCLOSURE.—If the Attor-
21	ney General files a declaration under section 1746 of title
22	28, United States Code, that disclosure of a certification
23	made pursuant to subsection (a) would harm the national
24	security of the United States, the court shall—]

1	L"(1) review such certification in camera and
2	ex parte; and]
3	["(2) limit any public disclosure concerning
4	such certification, including any public order fol-
5	lowing such an ex parte review, to a statement that
6	the conditions of subsection (a) have been met, with-
7	out disclosing the subparagraph of subsection (a)(1)
8	that is the basis for the certification.]
9	["(c) Removal.—A civil action against a person for
0	providing assistance to an element of the intelligence com-
1	munity that is brought in a State court shall be deemed
12	to arise under the Constitution and laws of the United
13	States and shall be removable under section 1441 of title
14	28, United States Code.]
15	["(d) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in
16	this section may be construed to limit any otherwise avail-
17	able immunity, privilege, or defense under any other provi-
18	sion of law.]
19	["(e) Applicability.—This section shall apply to a
20	civil action pending on or filed after the date of enactment
21	of the FISA Amendments Act of 2008.".]
22	[SEC. 204. PREEMPTION OF STATE INVESTIGATIONS.
23	Title VIII of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
24	Act (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as added by section 203

1	of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following
2	new section:]
3	["SEC. 803. PREEMPTION.]
4	["(a) In General.—No State shall have authority
5	to—]
6	["(1) conduct an investigation into an elec-
7	tronic communication service provider's alleged as-
8	sistance to an element of the intelligence commu-
9	nity;]
10	["(2) require through regulation or any other
11	means the disclosure of information about an elec-
12	tronic communication service provider's alleged as-
13	sistance to an element of the intelligence commu-
14	nity;]
15	["(3) impose any administrative sanction on an
16	electronic communication service provider for assist-
17	ance to an element of the intelligence community;
18	or]
19	["(4) commence or maintain a civil action or
20	other proceeding to enforce a requirement that an
21	electronic communication service provider disclose
22	information concerning alleged assistance to an ele-
23	ment of the intelligence community.]

- 1 ["(b) SUITS BY THE UNITED STATES.—The United
- 2 States may bring suit to enforce the provisions of this sec-
- 3 tion.
- 4 ["(c) JURISDICTION.—The district courts of the
- 5 United States shall have jurisdiction over any civil action
- 6 brought by the United States to enforce the provisions of
- 7 this section.]
- 8 ["(d) APPLICATION.—This section shall apply to any
- 9 investigation, action, or proceeding that is pending on or
- 10 filed after the date of enactment of the FISA Amendments
- 11 Act of 2008.".]
- 12 [SEC. 205. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.
- 13 The table of contents in the first section of the For-
- 14 eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
- 15 1801 et seq.), as amended by section 101(b), is further
- 16 amended by adding at the end the following:]

"TITLE VIII—PROTECTION OF PERSONS ASSISTING THE GOVERNMENT

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 801. Definitions.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 802. Procedures for implementing statutory defenses.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 803. Preemption.".]

1	[TITLE II—PROTECTION OF PER-
2	SONS ASSISTING THE GOV-
3	ERNMENT]
4	[SEC. 201. STATUTORY DEFENSES.
5	The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
6	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding after title VII
7	the following:]
8	["TITLE VIII—PROTECTION OF
9	PERSONS ASSISTING THE
10	GOVERNMENT]
11	["SEC. 801. DEFINITIONS.
12	"In this title:]
13	$I\!\!I$ (1) Assistance.—The term 'assistance'
14	means the provision of, or the provision of access to,
15	information (including communication contents, com-
16	munications records, or other information relating to
17	a customer or communication), facilities, or another
18	form of assistance.]
19	["(2) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The term 'Attorney
20	General' has the meaning given that term in section
21	101(g). <b>]</b>
22	["(3) CONTENTS.—The term 'contents' has the
23	meaning given that term in section 101(n).
24	["(4) COVERED CIVIL ACTION.—The term 'cov-
25	ered civil action' means a suit in Federal or State

1	court against any person for providing assistance to
2	an element of the intelligence community.
3	["(5) ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION SERVICE
4	PROVIDER.—The term 'electronic communication serv-
5	ice provider' means—]
6	I"(A) a telecommunications carrier, as that
7	term is defined in section 3 of the Communica-
8	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153);]
9	<b>I</b> "(B) a provider of electronic communica-
10	tion service, as that term is defined in section
11	2510 of title 18, United States Code;
12	I''(C) a provider of a remote computing
13	service, as that term is defined in section 2711
14	of title 18, United States Code;
15	$I\!\!I''(D)$ any other communication service
16	provider who has access to wire or electronic
17	communications either as such communications
18	are transmitted or as such communications are
19	$stored;  blacked{J}$
20	["(E) a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, suc-
21	cessor, or assignee of an entity described in sub-
22	paragraph (A), (B), (C), or (D); or
23	["(F) an officer, employee, or agent of an
24	entity described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
25	(D), or $(E)$ .

1	[ (6) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Ine term
2	'intelligence community' has the meaning given that
3	term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of
4	1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).]
5	["(7) Person.—The term 'person' means—]
6	["(A) an electronic communication service
7	provider; or
8	["(B) a landlord, custodian, or other per-
9	son who may be authorized or required to fur-
0	nish assistance pursuant to—]
1	$I\!\!I$ "(i) an order of the court established
12	under section 103(a) directing such assist-
13	ance;]
14	["(ii) a certification in writing under
15	section $2511(2)(a)(ii)(B)$ or $2709(b)$ of title
16	18, United States Code; or
17	$m{\it L}''(iii)$ a directive under section
18	102(a)(4), $105B(e)$ , as added by section 2 of
19	the Protect America Act of 2007 (Public
20	Law 110-55), or 703(h).
21	["(8) STATE.—The term 'State' means any
22	State, political subdivision of a State, the Common-
23	wealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and
24	any territory or possession of the United States, and
25	includes any officer, public utility commission, or

1	other body authorized to regulate an electronic com-
2	munication service provider.]
3	["SEC. 802. PROCEDURES FOR COVERED CIVIL ACTIONS.]
4	["(a) Intervention by Government.—In any cov-
5	ered civil action, the court shall permit the Government to
6	intervene. Whether or not the Government intervenes in the
7	civil action, the Attorney General may submit any informa-
8	tion in any form the Attorney General determines is appro-
9	priate and the court shall consider all such submissions.]
10	["(b) FACTUAL AND LEGAL DETERMINATIONS.—In
11	any covered civil action, any party may submit to the court
12	evidence, briefs, arguments, or other information on any
13	matter with respect to which a privilege based on state se-
14	crets is asserted. The court shall review any such submission
15	in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 106(f)
16	and may, based on the review, make any appropriate deter-
17	mination of fact or law. The court may, on motion of the
18	Attorney General, take any additional actions the court
19	deems necessary to protect classified information. The court
20	may, to the extent practicable and consistent with national
21	security, request that any party present briefs and argu-
22	ments on any legal question the court determines is raised
23	by such a submission even if that party does not have full
24	access to the submission. The court shall consider whether

- 1 the employment of a special master or an expert witness,
- 2 or both, would facilitate proceedings under this section.
- 3 ["(c) LOCATION OF REVIEW.—The court may conduct
- 4 the review in a location and facility specified by the Attor-
- 5 ney General as necessary to ensure security.
- 6 ["\*\* 2 (d) REMOVAL.—A covered civil action that is
- 7 brought in a State court shall be deemed to arise under the
- 8 Constitution and laws of the United States and shall be
- 9 removable under section 1441 of title 28, United States
- 10 Code.]
- 11 ["(e) Special Rule for Certain Cases.—For any
- 12 covered civil action alleging that a person provided assist-
- 13 ance to an element of the intelligence community pursuant
- 14 to a request or directive during the period from September
- 15 11, 2001 through January 17, 2007, the Attorney General
- 16 shall provide to the court any request or directive related
- 17 to the allegations under the procedures set forth in sub-
- 18 section (b). **]**
- 19 ["(f) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply to a
- 20 civil action pending on or filed after the date of the enact-
- 21 ment of this Act.".
- 22 [SEC. 202. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.
- 23 The table of contents in the first section of the Foreign
- 24 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et
- 25 seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

## "TITLE VIII—PROTECTION OF PERSONS ASSISTING THE GOVERNMENT

L		ΊŢ	LE	III–	-COMM
	"Sec. "Sec.	801. 802.	Definitio Procedur	ns. es for covered	civil actions.".]

1	[TITLE III—COMMISSION ON
2	WARRANTLESS ELECTRONIC
3	SURVEILLANCE ACTIVITIES]
4	[SEC. 301. COMMISSION ON WARRANTLESS ELECTRONIC
5	SURVEILLANCE ACTIVITIES.]
6	[(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.—There is es-
7	tablished in the legislative branch a commission to be
8	known as the "Commission on Warrantless Electronic Sur-
9	veillance Activities" (in this section referred to as the "Com-
10	mission").]
11	[(b) DUTIES OF COMMISSION.—]
12	[(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall—]
13	[(A) ascertain, evaluate, and report upon
14	the facts and circumstances relating to electronic
15	surveillance activities conducted without a war-
16	rant between September 11, 2001 and January
17	17, 2007; <b>]</b>
18	$I\!\!\!I(B)$ evaluate the lawfulness of such activi-
19	$ties; m{J}$
20	$I\!\!\!I(C)$ examine all programs and activities
21	relating to intelligence collection inside the
22	United States or regarding United States per-
23	sons that were in effect or operation on Sep-

1	tember 11, 2001, and all such programs and ac-
2	tivities undertaken since that date, including the
3	legal framework or justification for those activi-
4	$ties; and  bracket{1}$
5	<b>I</b> (D) report to the President and Congress
6	the findings and conclusions of the Commission
7	and any recommendations the Commission con-
8	siders appropriate.]
9	[(2) PROTECTION OF NATIONAL SECURITY.—The
10	Commission shall carry out the duties of the Commis-
11	sion under this section in a manner consistent with
12	the need to protect national security.]
13	[(c) Composition of Commission.—]
14	[(1) MEMBERS.—The Commission shall be com-
15	posed of 9 members, of whom—]
16	I(A) 5 members shall be appointed jointly
17	by the majority leader of the Senate and the
18	Speaker of the House of Representatives; and
19	$I\!\!\!I(B)$ 4 members shall be appointed jointly
20	by the minority leader of the Senate and the mi-
21	$nority\ leader\ of\ the\ House\ of\ Representatives.$
22	[(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—It is the sense of Con-
23	gress that individuals appointed to the Commission
24	should be prominent United States citizens with sig-

1	nificant depth of experience in national security,
2	Constitutional law, and civil liberties.
3	(3) Chair; vice chair.—
4	<b>I</b> (A) CHAIR.—The Chair of the Commission
5	shall be jointly appointed by the majority leader
6	of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
7	Representatives from among the members ap-
8	pointed under paragraph (1)(A). $ lap{1}$
9	[(B) VICE CHAIR.—The Vice Chair of the
10	Commission shall be jointly appointed by the
11	minority leader of the Senate and the minority
12	leader of the House of Representatives from
13	among the members appointed under paragraph
14	(1)(B).
15	[(4) DEADLINE FOR APPOINTMENT.—All mem-
16	bers of the Commission shall be appointed not later
17	than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this
18	Act.]
19	[(5) INITIAL MEETING.—The Commission shall
20	hold its first meeting and begin operations not later
21	than 45 days after the date on which a majority of
22	its members have been appointed.
23	<b>I</b> (6) Subsequent meetings.—After its initial
24	meeting, the Commission shall meet upon the call of
25	the Chair.]

1	I(7) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of
2	the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a less-
3	er number may hold hearings.]
4	[(8) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy in the Commis-
5	sion shall not affect its powers and shall be filled in
6	the same manner in which the original appointment
7	was made.]
8	[(d) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—]
9	[(1) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commis-
10	sion or, on the authority of the Chair, any sub-
1	committee or member thereof may, for the purpose of
12	carrying out this section, hold such hearings and sit
13	and act at such times and places, take such testi-
14	mony, receive such evidence, and administer such
15	oaths as the Commission, such designated sub-
16	committee, or designated member may determine ad-
17	visable.
18	[(2) SUBPOENAS.—
19	[(A) ISSUANCE.—
20	[(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission
21	may issue subpoenas requiring the attend-
22	ance and testimony of witnesses and the
23	production of any evidence relating to any
24.	matter that the Commission is empowered
25	to investigate under this section. The at-

25

1	tendance of witnesses and the production of
2	evidence may be required from any place
3	within the United States at any designated
4	place of hearing within the United States.
5	[(ii) SIGNATURE.—Subpoenas issued
6	under this paragraph may be issued under
7	the signature of the Chair of the Commis-
8	sion, the chair of any subcommittee created
9	by a majority of the Commission, or any
.0	member designated by a majority of the
.1	Commission and may be served by any per-
.2	son designated by such Chair, subcommittee
13	chair, or member.]
14	[(B) ENFORCEMENT.—
15	[(i) IN GENERAL.—If a person refuses
16	to obey a subpoena issued under subpara-
17	graph (A), the Commission may apply to a
18	United States district court for an order re-
19	quiring that person to appear before the
20	Commission to give testimony, produce evi-
21	dence, or both, relating to the matter under
22	investigation. The application may be made
23	within the judicial district where the hear-
24	ing is conducted or where that person is

found, resides, or transacts business. Any

1	failure to obey the order of the court may
2	be punished by the court as civil contempt.
3	[(ii) JURISDICTION.—In the case of
4	contumacy or failure to obey a subpoena
5	issued under subparagraph (A), the United
6	States district court for the judicial district
7	in which the subpoenaed person resides, is
8	served, or may be found, or where the sub-
9	poena is returnable, may issue an order re-
10	quiring such person to appear at any des-
11	ignated place to testify or to produce docu-
12	mentary or other evidence. Any failure to
13	obey the order of the court may be punished
14	by the court as a contempt of that court.]
15	[(iii) ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT.—In
16	the case of the failure of a witness to comply
17.	with any subpoena or to testify when sum-
18	moned under authority of this paragraph,
19	the Commission, by majority vote, may cer-
20	tify a statement of fact attesting to such
21	failure to the appropriate United States at-
22	torney, who shall bring the matter before the
23	grand jury for its action, under the same
24	statutory authority and procedures as if the
25	United States attorney had received a cer-

1	tification under sections 102 through 104 of
2	the Revised Statutes of the United States (2
3	U.S.C. 192 through 194).]
4	[(3) CONTRACTING.—The Commission may, to
5	such extent and in such amounts as are provided in
6	appropriations Acts, enter into contracts to enable the
7	Commission to discharge its duties under this sec-
8	tion.
9	[(4) INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—
10	[(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission is au-
11	thorized to secure directly from any executive de-
12	partment, bureau, agency, board, commission, of-
13	fice, independent establishment, or instrumen-
14	tality of the Government documents, informa-
15	tion, suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the
16	purposes of this section. Each department, bu-
17	reau, agency, board, commission, office, inde-
18	pendent establishment, or instrumentality shall
19	furnish such documents, information, sugges-
20	tions, estimates, and statistics directly to the
21	Commission upon request made by the Chair, the
22	chair of any subcommittee created by a majority
23	of the Commission, or any member designated by
24	a majority of the Commission.

1	(B) RECEIPT, HANDLING, STORAGE, AND
2	DISSEMINATION.—Information shall only be re-
3	ceived, handled, stored, and disseminated by
4	members of the Commission and its staff in a
5	manner consistent with all applicable statutes,
6	regulations, and Executive orders.
7	[(5) Assistance from federal agencies.—
8	[(A) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRA-
9	TION.—The Administrator of General Services
10	shall provide to the Commission on a reimburs-
11	able basis administrative support and other serv-
12	ices for the performance of the Commission's
13	functions.]
14	(B) OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGEN-
15	CIES.—In addition to the assistance prescribed
16	in subparagraph (A), departments and agencies
17	of the United States may provide to the Commis-
18	sion such services, funds, facilities, staff, and
19	other support services as they may determine ad-
20	visable and as may be authorized by law.]
21	[(6) GIFTS.—The Commission may accept, use,
22	and dispose of gifts or donations of services or prop-
23	erty.]
24	[(7) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Commission may
25	use the United States mails in the same manner and

1	under the same conditions as departments and agen-
2	cies of the United States.]
3	[(e) STAFF OF COMMISSION.—]
4	[(1) IN GENERAL.—
5	[(A) APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.—
6	The Chair, in consultation with Vice Chair and
7	in accordance with rules agreed upon by the
8	Commission, may appoint and fix the compensa-
9	tion of an executive director and such other per-
10	sonnel as may be necessary to enable the Com-
11	mission to carry out its functions, without re-
12	gard to the provisions of title 5, United States
13	Code, governing appointments in the competitive
14	service, and without regard to the provisions of
15	chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of
16	such title relating to classification and General
17	Schedule pay rates, except that no rate of pay
18	fixed under this paragraph may exceed the
19	equivalent of that payable for a position at level
20	V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316
21	of title 5, United States Code.
22	[(B) PERSONNEL AS FEDERAL EMPLOY-
23	EES.—
24	[(i) IN GENERAL.—The executive di
25	rector and any personnel of the Commission

1	who are employees shall be employees under
2	section 2105 of title 5, United States Code,
3	for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85,
4	87, 89, 89A, 89B, and 90 of that title.
5	[(ii) Members of commission.—
6	Clause (i) shall not be construed to apply to
7	members of the Commission.
8	[(2) Detailes.—A Federal Government em-
9	ployee may be detailed to the Commission without re-
10	imbursement from the Commission, and such detailee
11	shall retain the rights, status, and privileges of his or
12	her regular employment without interruption.
13	[(3) CONSULTANT SERVICES.—The Commission
14	is authorized to procure the services of experts and
15	consultants in accordance with section 3109 of title 5,
16	United States Code, at rates not to exceed the daily
17	rate paid a person occupying a position at level IV
18	of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title
19	5, United States Code.
20	[(f) SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR COMMISSION MEM-
21	BERS AND STAFF.—]
22	[(1) EXPEDITIOUS PROVISION OF CLEAR-
23	ANCES.—The appropriate Federal agencies or depart
24	ments shall cooperate with the Commission in expedi
25	tiously providing to the Commission members and

1	staff appropriate security clearances to the extent pos-
2	sible pursuant to existing procedures and require-
3	ments, except that no person shall be provided with
4	access to classified information under this section
5	without the appropriate security clearances.]
6	<b> 【</b> (2) ACCESS TO CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—All
7	members of the Commission and commission staff, as
8	authorized by the Chair or the designee of the Chair,
9	who have obtained appropriate security clearances,
10	shall have access to classified information related to
11	the surveillance activities within the scope of the ex-
12	amination of the Commission and any other related
13	classified information that the members of the Com-
14	mission determine relevant to carrying out the duties
15	of the Commission under this section.
16	[(3) FACILITIES AND RESOURCES.—The Direc-
17	tor of National Intelligence shall provide the Commis-
18	sion with appropriate space and technical facilities
19	approved by the Commission.]
20	[(g) Compensation and Travel Expenses.—]
21	[(1) COMPENSATION.—Each member of the
22	Commission may be compensated at a rate not to ex-
23	ceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic
24	pay in effect for a position at level IV of the Execu-
25	tive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United

States Code, for each day auring which that member
is engaged in the actual performance of the duties of
the Commission.
[(2) Travel expenses.—While away from
their homes or regular places of business in the per-
formance of services for the Commission, members of
the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, in-
cluding per diem in lieu of subsistence, in the same
manner as persons employed intermittently in the
Government service are allowed expenses under sec-
tion 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code.
[(h) Nonapplicability of Federal Advisory Com-
MITTEE ACT.—]
[(1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Advisory Com-
mittee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the
Commission.]
[(2) Public meetings.—The Commission shall
hold public hearings and meetings to the extent ap-
propriate.
[(3) PUBLIC HEARINGS.—Any public hearings
of the Commission shall be conducted in a manner
consistent with the protection of information provided
to or developed for or by the Commission as required
by any applicable statute, regulation, or Executive
order.]

1	[(i) REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF COMMIS-
2	SION.—]
3	[(1) Interim reports.—The Commission may
4	submit to the President and Congress interim reports
5	containing such findings, conclusions, and rec-
6	ommendations for corrective measures as have been
7	agreed to by a majority of Commission members.
8	[(2) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year
9	after the date of its first meeting, the Commission, in
10	consultation with appropriate representatives of the
11	intelligence community, shall submit to the President
12	and Congress a final report containing such informa-
13	tion, analysis, findings, conclusions, and rec-
14	ommendations as have been agreed to by a majority
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17	graphs (1) and (2) shall be submitted in unclassified
18	form, but may include a classified annex.
19	[(4) RECOMMENDATIONS FOR DECLASSIFICA-
20	TION.—The Commission may make recommendations
21	to the appropriate department or agency of the Fed-
22	eral Government regarding the declassification of doc-
23	uments or portions of documents.]
24	[(j) TERMINATION.—]

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission, and all the
2	authorities of this section, shall terminate 60 days
3	after the date on which the final report is submitted
4	under subsection $(i)(2)$ .
5	[(2) Administrative activities before ter-
6	MINATION.—The Commission may use the 60-day pe-
7	riod referred to in paragraph (1) for the purpose of
8	concluding its activities, including providing testi-
9	mony to committees of Congress concerning its report
10	and disseminating the final report.
11	[(k) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:]
12	[(1) Intelligence community.—The term "in-
13	telligence community" has the meaning given the
14	term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of
15	1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).]
16	[(2) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term
17	"United States person" has the meaning given the
18	term in section 101(i) of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
19	veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(i)).]
20	[(1) FUNDING.—]
21	[(1) In GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
22	appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry
23	out the activities of the Commission under this sec
24	tion.]

1	[(2) DURATION OF AVAILABILITY.—Amounts
2	made available to the Commission under paragraph
3	(1) shall remain available until the termination of the
4	Commission.]
5	TITLE III—OTHER PROVISIONS
6	SEC. 301. SEVERABILITY.
7	If any provision of this Act, any amendment made
8	by this Act, or the application thereof to any person or
9	circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder
0	of the Act, any such amendments, and of the application
1	of such provisions to other persons and circumstances
12	shall not be affected thereby.
13	SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATE .DATE; REPEAL; TRANSITION
14	PROCEDURES.
15	(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 304,
15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 304, subsection (e), the amendments made by this Act shall
16	
16 17	subsection (e), the amendments made by this Act shall
16 17	subsection (e), the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.
16 17 18	subsection (e), the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.  SEC. 302. REPEALS.
16 17 18 19	subsection (e), the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.  SEC. 302. REPEALS.  (a) REPEAL OF PROTECT AMERICA ACT OF 2007 Pro-
16 17 18 19 20	subsection (e), the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.  SEC. 302. REPEALS.  (a) REPEAL OF PROTECT AMERICA ACT OF 2007 Pro- VISIONS.—
16 17 18 19 20 21	subsection (e), the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.  SEC. 302. REPEALS.  (a) REPEAL OF PROTECT AMERICA ACT OF 2007 Pro- VISIONS.—  (b) Repeal.—
16 17 18 19 20 21	subsection (e), the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.  SEC. 302. REPEALS.  (a) REPEAL OF PROTECT AMERICA ACT OF 2007 Pro-  VISIONS.—  (b) Repeal.—  (1) AMENDMENTS TO FISA.—

1	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803a,
2	1805b, and 1805c) are repealed.
3	(B) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-
4	MENTS.—
5	(i) Table of contents.—The
6	table of contents in the first section of the
7	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
8	1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 nt) et seq.) is
9	amended by striking the items relating to
10	sections 105A, 105B, and 105C.
11	(e) Transitions Procedures.—
12	(1) PROTECTION FROM LIABILITY.—Notwith-
13	standing subsection (b)(1), subsection (l) of section
14	105B of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
15	1978 shall remain in effect with respect to any di-
16	rectives issued pursuant to such section 105B for in-
17	formation, facilities, or assistance provided during
18	the period such directive was or is in effect.
19	(2) Orders in effect.
20	(A) ORDERS IN EFFECT ON DATE OF EN-
21	ACTMENT. Notwithstanding any other provi-
22	sion of this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence
23	Surveillance Act of 1978—
24	(i) any order in effect on the date of
25	enactment of this Act issued pursuant to

1	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
2	1978 or section 6(b) of the Protect Amer-
3	iea Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-55; 121
4	Stat. 556) shall remain in effect until the
5	date of expiration of such order; and
6	(ii) at the request of the applicant,
7	the court established under section 103(a)
8	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
9	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(a)) shall reau-
10	thorize such order if the facts and cir-
11	cumstances continue to justify issuance of
12	such order under the provisions of such
13	Act, as in effect on the day before the date
14	of the enactment of the Protect America
15	Act of 2007, except as amended by sec-
16	tions 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108,
17	109, and 110 of this Act.
18	(ii) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Ex-
19	cept as provided in section 304, section
20	103(e) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
21	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(e)) is
22	$amended\overset{\cdot}{}$
23	(I) in paragraph (1), by striking
24	"105B(h) or $501(f)(1)$ " and inserting
25	"501(f)(1) or 702(h)(4)"; and

1	(II) in paragraph (2), by striking
2	" $105B(h)$ or $501(f)(1)$ " and inserting
3	"501(f)(1) or 702(h)(4)".
4	(2) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Except as pro-
5	vided in section 304, section 4 of the Protect America
6	Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-55; 121 Stat. 555) is re-
7	pealed.
8	(3) TRANSITION PROCEDURES.—Except as pro-
9	vided in section 304, subsection (b) of section 6 of the
10	Protect America Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-55; 121
11	Stat. 556) is repealed.
12	(b) FISA AMENDMENTS ACT OF 2008.—
13	(B) Orders in effect on december 31,
14	2013.—Any order issued under title VII of the
15	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978,
16	as amended by section 101 of this Act, in effect
17	on December 31, 2013, shall continue in effect
18	until the date of the expiration of such order.
19	Any such order shall be governed by the appli-
20	cable provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
21	veillance Act of 1978, as so amended.
22	(1) In General.—Except as provided in section
23	304, effective December 31, 2011, title VII of the For-
24	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as amend-
25	ed by section 101(a), is repealed.

1	(2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-
2	MENTS.—Effective December 31, 2011—
3	(A) the table of contents in the first section
4	of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1801 nt) is amended by
5	striking the items related to title VII;
6	(B) except as provided in section 304, sec-
7	tion $601(a)(1)$ of such $Act$ (50 U.S.C.
8	1871(a)(1)) is amended to read as such section
9	read on the day before the date of the enactment
10	of this Act; and
11	(C) except as provided in section 304, sec-
12	tion 2511(2)(a)(ii)(A) of title 18, United States
13	Code, is amended by striking "or a court order
14	pursuant to section 704 of the Foreign Intel-
<b>15</b> .	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978".
16	SEC. 304. TRANSITION PROCEDURES.
17	(a) Transition Procedures for Protect America
18	ACT OF 2007 PROVISIONS.—
19	(1) CONTINUED EFFECT OF ORDERS, AUTHOR-
20	IZATIONS, DIRECTIVES.—Notwithstanding any other
21	provision of law, any order, authorization, or direc-
22	tive issued or made pursuant to section 105B of the
23	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as
24	added by section 2 of the Protect America Act of 2007
25	(Public Law 110-55; 121 Stat. 552), shall continue in

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1 .	effect until the expiration of such order, authoriza-
2	tion, or directive.

3 (3) AUTHORIZATIONS AND DIRECTIVES IN EF-

(A) AUTHORIZATIONS AND DIRECTIVES IN EFFECT ON DATE OF ENACTMENT. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, any authorization or directive in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act issued pursuant to the Protect America Act of 2007, or any amendment made by that Act, shall remain in effect until the date of expiration of such authorization or directive. Any such authorization or directive shall be governed by the applicable provisions of the Protect America Act of 2007 (121 Stat. 552), and the amendment made by that Act, and, except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection, any acquisition pursuant to such authorization or directive shall be deemed not to constitute electronic surveillance (as that term is defined in section 101(f) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(f)), as construed in accordance with section 105A of the Foreign

1	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
2	U.S.C. 1805a)).
3	(B) AUTHORIZATIONS AND DIRECTIVES IN
4	EFFECT ON DECEMBER 31, 2013. Any author-
5	ization or directive issued under title VII of the
6	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978,
7	as amended by section 101 of this Act, in effect
8	on December 31, 2013, shall continue in effect
9	until the date of the expiration of such author-
10	ization or directive. Any such authorization or
11	directive shall be governed by the applicable
12	provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
13	lance Act of 1978, as so amended, and, except
14	as provided in section 707 of the Foreign Intel-
15	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as so amend-
16	ed, any acquisition pursuant to such authoriza-
17	tion or directive shall be deemed not to con-
18	stitute electronic surveillance (as that term is
19	defined in section 101(f) of the Foreign Intel-
20	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978, to the extent
21	that such section 101(f) is limited by section
22	701 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
23	of 1978, as so amended).
24	(4) Use of information acquired under
25	PROTECT AMERICA ACT.

1	(2) APPLICABILITY OF PROTECT AMERICA ACT OF
2	2007 TO CONTINUED ORDERS, AUTHORIZATIONS, DI-
3	RECTIVES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
4	this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
5	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)—
6	(A) subject to paragraph (3), section 105A
7	of such Act, as added by section 2 of the Protect
8	America Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-55; 121
9	Stat. 552), shall continue to apply to any acqui-
10	sition conducted pursuant to an order, author-
11	ization, or directive referred to in paragraph (1);
12	and
13	(B) sections 105B and 105C of such Act (as
14	so added) shall continue to apply with respect to
15	an order, authorization, or directive referred to
16	in paragraph (1) until the expiration of such
17	order, authorization, or directive.
18	(3) USE OF INFORMATION.—Information ac-
19	quired from an acquisition conducted pursuant to an
20	order, authorization, or directive referred to in para-
21	graph (1) [under the Protect America Act of 2007,
22	and the amendments made by that Act,] shall be
23	deemed to be information acquired from an elec-
24	tronic surveillance pursuant to title I of the Foreign
25	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.

1	1801 et seq.) for purposes of section 106 of such
2	that Act (50 U.S.C. 1806), [except for purposes of
3	subsection (j) of such section].
4	(4) PROTECTION FROM LIABILITY.—Subsection
5	(l) of section 105B of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
6	lance Act of 1978, as added by section 2 of the Protect
7	America Act of 2007, shall continue to apply with re-
8	spect to any directives issued pursuant to such section
9	105B.
10	(5) JURISDICTION OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE
11	SURVEILLANCE COURT.—Notwithstanding any other
12	provision of this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence
13	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), sec-
14	tion 103(e), as amended by section 5(a) of the Protect
15	America Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-55; 121 Stat.
16	556), shall continue to apply with respect to a direc-
17	tive issued pursuant to section 105B of the Foreign
18	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as added by sec-
19	tion 2 of the Protect America Act of 2007, until the
20	expiration of all orders, authorizations, and directives
21	issued or made pursuant to such section.
22	(6) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
23	(A) CONTINUED APPLICABILITY.—Notwith-
24	standing any other provision of this Act, the
25	Protect America Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-

1	55), or the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
2	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), section 4 of the
3	Protect America Act of 2007 shall continue to
4	apply until the date that the certification de-
5	scribed in subparagraph (B) is submitted.
6	(B) CERTIFICATION.—The certification de-
7	scribed in this subparagraph is a certification—
8	(i) made by the Attorney General;
9	(ii) submitted as part of a semi-annual
10	report required by section 4 of the Protect
11	America Act of 2007;
12	(iii) that states that there will be no
13	further acquisitions carried out under sec-
14	tion 105B of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
15	veillance Act of 1978, as added by section 2
16	of the Protect America Act of 2007, after the
17	date of such certification; and
18	(iv) that states that the information re-
19	quired to be included under such section 4
20	relating to any acquisition conducted under
21	such section 105B has been included in a
22	semi-annual report required by such section
23	<b>4.</b>
24	(7) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Paragraphs (1) through
25	(6) shall take effect as if enacted on August 5, 2007.

1	(b) Transition Procedures for Fisa Amendments
2	ACT OF 2008 PROVISIONS.—
3	(1) ORDERS IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER 31,
4	2011.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this
5	Act or of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
6	1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), any order, authoriza-
7	tion, or directive issued or made under title VII of the
8	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as
9	amended by section 101(a), shall continue in effect
0	until the date of the expiration of such order, author-
1	ization, or directive.
12	(2) APPLICABILITY OF TITLE VII OF FISA TO
13	CONTINUED ORDERS, AUTHORIZATIONS, DIREC-
14	TIVES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this
15	Act or of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
16	1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), with respect to any
17	order, authorization, or directive referred to in para-
18	graph (1), title VII of such Act, as amended by sec-
19	tion 101(a), shall continue to apply until the expira-
20	tion of such order, authorization, or directive.
21	(3) CHALLENGE OF DIRECTIVES; PROTECTION
22	FROM LIABILITY; USE OF INFORMATION.—Notwith-
23	standing any other provision of this Act or of the
24	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
25	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)—

1	(A) section 103(e) of such Act, as amended
2	by section 113, shall continue to apply with re-
3	spect to any directive issued pursuant to section
4	702(h) of such Act, as added by section 101(a);
5	(B) section $702(h)(3)$ of such Act (as so
6	added) shall continue to apply with respect to
7	any directive issued pursuant to section 702(h)
8	of such Act (as so added);
9	(C) section 703(e) of such Act (as so added)
10	shall continue to apply with respect to an order
11	or request for emergency assistance under that
12	section;
13	(D) section 706 of such Act (as so added)
14	shall continue to apply to an acquisition con-
15	ducted under section 702 or 703 of such Act (as
16	so added); and
17	(E) section $2511(2)(a)(ii)(A)$ of title 18,
18	United States Code, as amended by section
19	101(c)(1), shall continue to apply to an order
20	issued pursuant to section 704 of the Foreign In-
21	telligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as added by
22	section $101(a)$ .
23	(4) Reporting requirements.—

1	(5) New Orders.—Notwithstanding any other
2	provision of this Act or of the Foreign Intelligence
3	Surveillance Act of 1978—
4	(A) the government may file an application
5	for an order under the Foreign Intelligence
6	Surveillance Act of 1978, as in effect on the
7	day before the date of the enactment of the
8	Protect America Act of 2007, except as amend-
9	ed by sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107
10	108, 109, and 110 of this Act; and
11	(B) the court established under section
12	103(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
13	Act of 1978 shall enter an order granting such
14	an application if the application meets the re-
15	quirements of such Act, as in effect on the day
16	before the date of the enactment of the Protect
17	America Act of 2007, except as amended by
18	sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108,
19	109, and 110 of this Act.
20	(6) EXTANT AUTHORIZATIONS.—At the request
21	of the applicant, the court established under section
22	103(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
23	of 1978 shall extinguish any extant authorization to
24	conduct electronic surveillance or physical search en-
25	tered pursuant to such Act.

Ţ	(1) ATTLICABLE PROVISIONS.—Any survemance
2	conducted pursuant to an order entered pursuant to
3	this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of
4	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as
5	in effect on the day before the date of the enactment
6	of the Protect America Act of 2007, except as
7	amended by sections 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107,
8	108, 109, and 110 of this Act.
9	(A) CONTINUED APPLICABILITY.—Notwith-
10	standing any other provision of this Act or of the
11	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
12	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), section 601(a) of such Act
13	(50 U.S.C. 1871(a)), as amended by section
14	101(c)(2), and sections $702(l)$ and $707$ of such
15	Act, as added by section 101(a), shall continue
16	to apply until the date that the certification de-
17	scribed in subparagraph (B) is submitted.
18	(B) CERTIFICATION.—The certification de-
19	scribed in this subparagraph is a certification—
20	(i) made by the Attorney General;
21	(ii) submitted to the Select Committee
22	on Intelligence of the Senate, the Permanent
23	Select Committee on Intelligence of the
24	House of Representatives, and the Commit-

1	tees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
2	$House\ of\ Representatives;$
3	(iii) that states that there will be no
4	further acquisitions carried out under title
5	VII of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
6	Act of 1978, as amended by section 101(a),
7	after the date of such certification; and
8	(iv) that states that the information re-
9	quired to be included in a review, assess-
10	ment, or report under section 601 of such
11	Act, as amended by section 101(c), or sec-
12	tion 702(l) or 707 of such Act, as added by
13	section 101(a), relating to any acquisition
14 ·	conducted under title VII of such Act, as
15	amended by section 101(a), has been in-
16	cluded in a review, assessment, or report
17	under such section 601, 702(l), or 707.
18	(8)(5) Transition procedures concerning
19	THE TARGETING OF UNITED STATES PERSONS OVER-
20	SEAS.—Any authorization in effect on the date of
21	enactment of this Act under section 2.5 of Executive
22	Order 12333 to intentionally target a United States
23	person reasonably believed to be located outside the
24	United States shall remaincontinue in effect, and
25	shall constitute a sufficient basis for conducting

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1	such an acquisition targeting a United States person
2	located outside the United States until the earlier
3	of—
4	(A) the date that authorization expires; or
5	(B) the date that is 90 days after the date
6	of the enactment of this Act.